

WEATHER FORECAST:—E. AND S.E. WINDS, LIGHT TO MODERATE; FAIR, LOCAL FOG OR MIST.

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NEW GERMAN ATTEMPT TO ARRIVE AT UNDERSTANDING WITH POLAND

Drastic Measures May Follow Failure To Consent To Proposals

Formal Renunciation Of Non-Aggression Pact

LONDON, APR. 12 (T/Ocean)—THE WEDNESDAY MORNING PAPERS REPORT A NEW GERMAN ATTEMPT TO ARRIVE AT AN UNDERSTANDING WITH POLAND. While some papers claim to have reliable information that the proposals which the Polish Ambassador in Berlin, M. Lipski, took to Warsaw yesterday, include territorial changes, as well as a settlement of the Danzig question, and the German demand for a motor road through the corridor, the other papers assert that Germany intends to resort to more drastic measures if Poland fails to consent to the German proposals.

While all papers admit that Germany desires conduct of the negotiations with Poland in a spirit of friendship, some of them, nevertheless, assert, that Germany may declare a formal renunciation of the German-Polish non-aggression pact forthwith.

ROOSEVELT'S DIRECT WARNING

LONDON, April 12 (BWS)—The acute international tension continues to be the subject of editorial comment in all the newspapers. "The Times" says the whole situation will become clearer when the Government have declared their policy and have submitted it for the support of Parliament and the country. In the meantime, it notes as significant, that the community of opinion among like-minded nations in Europe is fully shared beyond the Atlantic.

Commenting on President Roosevelt's commendation of a leading article in the "Washington Post," "The Times" says it gave, perhaps, the most direct warning yet heard that the destinies of the United States must be involved from the outset by a deliberate threat to the foundations of western civilisation. "The Times" adds, "Aggressors are reminded that a nation stronger than they supports, with its whole conviction, the new efforts now being made to secure the liberties of Europe."

"There is plenty of evidence that the view of White House and of the State Department is held by the great majority of the American people who have been convinced that successive violations of international law are coming to amount to an attempt to dominate the world by military force. "Deeply rooted in the American mind, as in the British, is the conviction that the proper way to settle differences and to remove grievances is by discussion and agreement and not by use of force, or threat of force. In these times of suspense, all who are working to maintain ordered peace to uphold

the independence of small nations and respect for conventions of civilized international intercourse, can feel themselves strengthened by the knowledge that American opinion is overwhelmingly with them."

BEST GUARANTEE
The "Daily Telegraph" says, "Assurances which Signor Mussolini has given to Greece, to Yugoslavia and, particularly to the country, are welcome so far as they go, but the best guarantee that such assurances are to be kept will be the firm indication of the perils of breaking them."

"If Greece and Turkey are fully prepared, as it seems clear that they are, to resist aggression together, they should not lack such support from the British Government as has been recently and rightly extended to Poland. Their survival is certainly not less vital than Poland's. "If Poland should find unacceptable the demand, backed by overt military threats, Britain and France will most certainly fulfil their military guarantees. That other countries, notably Soviet Russia and Rumania, have not yet been invited by Britain, to make similar guarantees, is understood to be the wish of the Polish Government."

MUTUAL SECURITY
The paper adds that the widening of the pact of mutual security would be approved by an overwhelming mass of British opinion and would certainly not be obstructed by the British Cabinet.

On the subject of Spain, the paper adds, "There has been a willing disposition among many in Britain to believe that General Franco's victory would mean, as promised, the withdrawal of Italian and German troops and that Spain would resume her old friendly neutrality towards the pacific aims of democratic powers. By repatriating his foreign allies he can demonstrate his good faith."

"The same action would go a long way towards restoring the belief that Signor Mussolini does not wish to tear up the Anglo-Italian Pact. Rapid demobilisation of the huge Italian armies now assembled in various parts of Europe and Africa would go further. At present, strategical facts, uncomfortably contradict diplomatic moves."



Declaration Of British Policy: Unequivocal Statement On Status Quo In Mediterranean

LONDON, APR. 12 (BWS)—THE TERMS OF THE DECLARATION OF BRITISH POLICY IN THE LIGHT OF THE INVASION OF ALBANIA, which will be made to-morrow in both Houses of Parliament specially summoned for the purpose, will be finally reviewed by the Sub-Committee of the Cabinet this evening and the completed draft will come before the full meeting of the Cabinet to be held before the reassembly of Parliament to-morrow.

The form which the declaration will take was the subject of day-long consultations in London yesterday culminating in the visit of the Prime Minister to Buckingham Palace where the King received a full report from Mr. Chamberlain of the latest developments and of the Government's plans to prevent further aggression.

It is assumed the declaration will include an exact and unequivocal statement of what Britain means by status quo in the Mediterranean, observance of which was promised by Britain and Italy under the terms of the Anglo-Italian agreement.

ASSURANCE TO GREECE
ATHENS, April 12 (T/Ocean)—Another formal assurance was given Greece by the Italian Government yesterday evening that the integrity of the country would be respected. A communication of this assurance was given to the Greek Premier, Gen. Metaxas, by the Italian Charge d'Affaires.

H.M.S. SCORPION FOR HANKOW

SHANGHAI, April 12 (Reuter)—H.M.S. Scorpion with Rear-Admiral R. Vesey Holt, Rear-Admiral of the Yangtze, on board, and H.M.S. Petrel are leaving for Hankow on April 14 at 9 a.m. The former will return after ten days while the latter is relieving H.M.S. Cricket. The gunboats are due at Hankow on April 20. A number of passengers will be aboard.

The U.S.S. Isabel is leaving on Saturday, also two French gunboats.

THE DOLLAR

T.T. ON LONDON: 1s. 2d.
T.T. ON NEW YORK: 23s.

London Silver Market

From Our Own Correspondent

London silver prices to-day were up 1/8 for Forward and unchanged for Spot as follows:—

April 11: April 12
Spot 20 20
Forward 19-11/16 19-13/16

GUIDE TO THE NEWS

PAGE 2.—Softball notes. Sports notes and views. Tennis tourney. Latest Derby call-over. Golf results.
PAGE 3.—Radio programmes. London Gazette.
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PAGE 7.—Leading article: Chinese take initiative. Hello and goodbye.
PAGE 8.—Food page.
PAGE 9.—Company reports. U. S. commodity barter plan.
PAGE 10.—Finance and commerce.
PAGE 11.—The Services.
PAGE 12.—Shipping news and directory.
PAGE 13.—International hockey series.

SPAIN STARTS BULL-FIGHTS AGAIN

SAN SEBASTIAN, April 12 (T/Ocean)—During the Easter holidays, bull-fighting began again in Spain, contests being held in Burgos, Zamora and Barcelona and were attended by immense crowds and in the presence of representatives of the authorities. Originally it had been assumed that after the ascent of Gen. Franco to power, bull-fighting would no longer be permitted.

CHINESE APPEAL TO U.S.A.

NEUTRALITY BILL PROVISIONS

CHUNGKING, April 12 (Central)—Chinese newspapers yesterday jointly sent a cablegram to the United States Senate, House of Representatives, and the Foreign Affairs Committee, voicing opposition to the "Cash and Carry" provision in Senator Pittman's Neutrality Bill.

The message declared that as conditions in the Far East and Europe were dissimilar, the "cash and carry" provision might be advantageous to the peace-loving countries in Europe but in the Far East it would only aid the aggressor nation.

While appreciating Senator Pittman's efforts in Neutrality legislation, the message urged that equal attention should be paid to Europe and the Far East. Theoretically and factually, it believed there could be measures to help the peace-loving countries in Europe and to checkmate the aggressor nation in the Far East. The message ended with an appeal to the United States people's delegates to make careful deliberation in this matter which would affect the safety of the world.

NO COMMUNICATION FROM IL DUCE

LONDON, April 12 (Reuter)—In reply to an inquiry, the existence of any personal communication from Mussolini to Mr. Chamberlain, as reported in the press, is categorically denied at No. 10, Downing Street and the Foreign Office.

CHINESE COUNTER-ATTACK PROCEEDS: BITTER BATTLE IN SOUTH SHANSI

YUANKU, SHANSI, April 12 (Central)—Rapid progress has been made by the Chinese forces in their large-scale counter-offensive on the Japanese in the Chungtiao Mountain regions in south Shansi, reports received here indicate. The Chinese Air Force, it is stated, also swung into action to assist in the land drive.

Bitter fighting has been raging at Hsiangshien, Changtien, Changtun, Tsungshan, Tuanhsun, Erling, Tuntailing and Houwangtun. The Chinese forces have succeeded in penetrating into Hsiangshien through the north gate after several bloody hand-to-hand combats. The Japanese hiding behind strong defence works are resisting stubbornly. Heavy losses have been suffered by the enemy at Changtien, Houwangtun, Tsungshan, and Tuanhsun.

Tuntailing, it is reported, has been re-occupied by the Chinese. The Japanese are rushing heavy reinforcements there from Chianhsien in the vicinity in preparation for a counter-attack. One Chinese column has pushed to the northern outskirts of Anyi, west of Hsiangshien. Japanese reinforcements are rushing there from Yuncheng in the southwest.

HEAVY LOSSES
Chinese counter-offensive on Fowshan and its vicinity, southeast of Linfen, has also been proceeding favourably. As a result of heavy Jap. attacks, the Japanese have called for reinforcements from Linfen.

CHINESE WOMEN'S EQUAL PART TO PLAY IN WAR

Service Corps Organized In All Military Units

From Our Own Correspondent.

Somewhere in Hunan. Of the many war-aid organizations assisting in the continuation of the present warfare in China, the Chinese Women's Service Corps, which can be found practically in every military unit, deserve the highest tribute. Your correspondent had the privilege of spending a few hours with a particular section of the Women's Service Corps working in harmony with a high army corps headquarters in this mountainous part of the country. This corps is sponsored by Gen. Shang Chen, former Governor of Honan, who happened to be in command in that section of the anti-Japanese warfare when the Yellow River dykes were bombarded by the Japanese, thereby throwing thousands and thousands of the Chinese homeless. It was chiefly through the efforts of Gen. Shang and his soldiers that thousands of flood sufferers were saved from drowning.

This Women's Service Corps has been with the army for almost fifteen months, and has covered four provinces—Honan, Hupeli, Kiangsi, and Hunan. Most of their trips have been made on foot and the members feel they are as strong as the men in the army. According to Miss Wang Sen, a graduate of the China University in Peking, who is now Director of the Women's Service Corps, some 23 girls have been enlisted in the corps. Ninety per cent of these are high school graduates and four have completed their college education.

"We girls feel," remarked Miss Wang with eagerness, "that we have an equal part to play in this war as our male comrades. This is China's life-and-death struggle. That's why we are so anxious to render any kind of service that we possibly can, both to the military and the civilian."

OF MUCH INTEREST

The organization of the Women's Service Corps is of considerable interest. It is divided into four departments, each of which is assigned to a certain kind of work, headed always by one who has had practical training. One of the departments is endeavouring to popularize war songs, chiefly among women and uneducated country folk who have never heard what modern singing is like.

(Continued on Back Page)

LOOTING, RAPING IN KONGMOON

MACAO, April 12 (Reuter)—Yesterday afternoon Japanese marines unsuccessfully attempted a landing at Heungchau Bay, 20 miles north of Macao, losing about a dozen men.

Women refugees report wholesale Japanese looting and raping in Kongmoon following the withdrawal of Chinese troops westwards.

The Japanese are endeavouring to establish commercial relations to develop Kongmoon and are inviting the Chinese to return.

QUEEN GERALDINE'S CONDITION

ATHENS, April 12 (Reuter)—Queen Geraldine's condition is stated to be "serious, but as good as can be expected." She is suffering from fever, following a journey from Tirana, two days after the birth of a son.

ANTI-JAPANESE PUBLICATIONS IN SHANGHAI

Consul's Requests To S.M.C.

SHANGHAI, April 12 (Reuter)—Since a number of anti-Japanese newspapers and magazines are being published in the International Settlement, a spokesman announced at the press conference that the publications were alleged to be under the direction of agents of Chungking Government, and the Japanese authorities in Shanghai conferred to-day and examined the whole question.

As a result of their deliberations, the spokesman stated, Mr. Mura, Japanese Consul-General, called on Mr. C. S. Franklin, Chairman of the Shanghai Municipal Council, at 5 p.m. to-day and presented him a memorandum, setting forth a number of requests regarding the control of anti-Japanese publications in the Settlement.

Mr. Franklin, according to the spokesman, said that he appreciated the Japanese viewpoint and agreed to take necessary measures for this control.

Newspapers in Bombay, reports Reuter, are not disposed to believe the denial by Dr. Schacht that his tour in India has political or economic significance. They unanimously warn Indian business chiefs against trade negotiations.

JAPANESE FUNCTION IN SHANGHAI

"Anti-Comintern" Festival!

SHANGHAI, April 12 (Reuter)—"The Festival of the Holy Anti-Comintern on the Eve of the Coming World War" is how the "Shanghai Mainichi," a local Japanese paper, describes the anti-Comintern function, which, according to the Japanese press, is to be held under the auspices of the Anti-Comintern Cultural Society of Shanghai at a hotel in Hongkew next Saturday evening. Prominent German, Italian and Japanese residents will participate in the function. It is stated and some 500 persons, according to the press, are expected to attend the affair, which will include a dance

In the World of Sports

SOFTBALL NOTES

CHINA ENTERS FINAL OF INTERNATIONAL SERIES

Mrs. Norman Dietz Pitches Well For Philippines

(By R.O.Y.)

The Wildcats became the first holders of the Southard Shield, when they trounced the Wahooks by 9 runs to 4, in the play-off for the Ladies' title, on Saturday afternoon. The highlight of Sunday's programme was the excellent defensive ball played by the Philippine ladies when they upset Portugal, by 5 runs to 3, despite being out-hit by 9 bingles to 4. In the Men's International Series, China qualified to meet Portugal in the final, by registering an unconvincing 5-5 win over the Philippines.

The Wildcats, fielding only eight players, fully deserved their win, out-hitting the Green Owls by 12 to 4. Doris Mar, probably the steadiest of our local lady softballers, gave a sound display behind the plate and took batting honours with four bingles which drove in three tallies, although Ella China ran close with three safeties.

May Chung gave a brilliant display in covering both the Windy Alley and the Hot Corner, but the most surprising work was done by Lily Mar who turned in a top-notch pitching performance; her steadiness in the pinches was quite unexpected, and augurs well for China's chances in the Ladies' International.

Apart from Therese Noronha, who garnered three hits including a triple bagger, none of the losing squad did anything with the bat, but defensively they were stronger than the Wildcats; Yvonne Yelle gave a sound performance at the initial sack, Irene Castilho was faultless at shortstop and Doreen To gave good support behind the plate.

The Philippines-Portugal clash was lowest scoring ladies' match of the season and although the losers nicked the pitching of Mrs. Norman Dietz for 12 bingles, the fine support of her team-mates held the Portuguese girls to a measly 3 runs.

NO FREE PASSES

Lydia Dietz, making her debut on the local diamond, gave an impressive hurling display and conceded no free passes while Eliza Taburaz shone with a bright display at the Windy Alley and won the game when she clouted a homer with one aboard to put her team in front, when they were trailing.

Cherito Esmail, at first base, handled nine chances without error, but the winners' best player was undoubtedly Fausta Dumanlig who, besides connecting for two bingles, stopped the losers' last inning rally with a brilliant unassisted double-killing. Therese Noronha pitched effectively to hold the winners to 4 hits, but received little support from her team-mates who committed six bobbles, Irene Castilho and Irene Pereira took batting honours with two apiece, the latter also played a grand game at the initial sack.

The China-Philippines fracas was very loosely played, the losers erring eight times apiece to the winners four; even Paulino committed a couple although he did handle eleven other chances in brilliant style. Only Eramela did anything defensively without bobbling, although Malvar took one nice catch at centrefield. Maxey connected for two of the losers three bingles.

MORE ERRATIC

Tommy Chan started on the mound for China but was even more erratic than usual. Bill Woo took over the mound in the fourth frame and held the Philippine boys scoreless from then on. Earl Wong, at third and P. F. Choy, at shortstop, were the best of the infielders while Bill Hong Sling hit three times and scored twice.

Three Hong matches were also played, Lucas just scraped through against Electric, by the odd run in 27. Soony whipped the Hongkong Bankers by 9 to 4, and Union Insurance took a hard-fought battle from the Kai Tak Airporters by 12 runs to 8; after both squads had started the game with two players short. The Hongkong Bankers chalked up two easy points when the Ewo gang failed to field a team.

CHINA'S TEAM FOR SUNDAY'S INTERNATIONAL

The following players have been chosen to represent China in the International Cup Final against Portugal at Sookunpoo on Sunday:—

Tam Kwan-kon; Lee Tinsang, Hou Yung-san; Lee Kwok-wai, Leung Wing-chiu, Kwok Ying-ki; Hau Ching-to, Lai Shiu-wing, Lee Wai-tong, Fung King-cheung, and Tang Kwong-sum.

Reserves: Lau Chi-chaan, Yeung Che-cheung, Chuk Shek-kum, Chung Fai-lum, Yeung Shui-yik, and Leung Pak-hang.

H.K. GOLF CLUB

Results Of Easter Meeting

The following are the results of the Easter Meeting held at the Hongkong Golf Club in Fanling: OLD COURSE—BOGEY PAR POOL: E. T. McMullen (8) and J. Forbes (13) one up, tied and divide the first two prizes.

C. H. Burton (14) 2 down wins the third prize (on the best last six holes) after a tie with N. P. Fox (17) and Surg. Commr. C. B. Nicholson (10).

There were 103 entries. MEDAL ROUND: W. W. C. Shewan 81-10—71 1st; J. P. Tamworth 80-8—72 2nd. NEW COURSE BOGEY PAR: R. J. K. Walker (21) 2 up. There were 30 entries.

MIXED BOGEY PAR (NEW COURSE): J. M. and Mrs. Pearson 1 down (3 up on last nine holes). There were 20 entries.

HOLE IN ONE: In the Medal Competition on the Old Course, Major W. E. Hawey holed the 16th in one. This feat was accomplished some time ago by J. P. Tamworth.

TRUE BLUE WINS

True Blue won the Sweepstake race sailed by the Royal Hongkong Yacht Club yesterday afternoon. Detailed results were:—

Finished Corr. Pos.
Nereid II 18.37.01 16.26.49 3
(Lt. Fanshawe, R.N.).
True Blue 18.30.44 16.20.32 1
(Mrs. H. Crawhall-Wilson).
Kittiwake 18.42.40 16.31.28 5
(Miss P. M. King).
Jean 18.39.50 16.29.38 4
(Col. G. C. Goulland, R.E.).
La Linda 18.31.38 16.21.24 2
(Mrs. M. T. Johnstone).
Robena (Lt. Stuckey, R.N.) D.N.F.

LAWN BOWLS TO BEGIN APRIL 29

Meeting's Tribute To Mr. C. B. Hosking

The official opening of the Lawn Bowls season this year will be on April 29, it was decided at the council meeting of the Hongkong Lawn Bowl Association, held yesterday. Dr. J. T. Smalley was in the chair.

Prior to the discussion, the chairman, on behalf of the Council, wished Mr. C. B. Hosking, the ex-Hon-Secretary of the Association, who is due to leave Hongkong shortly, bon voyage and successful future.

Members for the sub-committee were elected with Mr. U. M. Omar and Mr. J. Russell as representatives of Hongkong and Mr. V. Chittenden and Mr. E. Kern, representatives of Kowloon.

The Hon. Secretary, Mr. R. P. Phillips, announced that there were three new entries to the League this year. The total entries would be divided into three divisions.

At the close of the meeting, it was unanimously agreed that a letter of thanks from the council be sent to Mr. Hosking, for his zeal and support and hard work during his four years in office as Hon. Secretary.

FIRST WEEK'S PROGRAMME

The following are the teams to play on the opening day, April 29: First Division—

Kowloon Dock v. C.S.C.C., Rectro "A" v. K.B.G.C., C.C.C. v. Rectro "B", Indian R.C. v. K.C.C.

Second Division—Kowloon F.C. v. Talkoo, H.K.F.C. "A" v. H.K.F.C. "B", K.B.G.C. v. H.K.F.C. "B", Kowloon Tong v. Police.

Third Division—K.B.G.C. v. Stanley, Kowloon C.C. v. Rectro, H.K.F.C. v. Kowloon F.C., C.C.C. v. Electric.

FRIENDLY BOWLS

The following have been chosen to represent the H.K.C.B.C. in a friendly game of bowls against the K.C.C. on the K.C.C. ground commencing at 3 p.m. sharp on April 15:—

A. Steven, V. Ebbage, C. Strange, S. Ecclesall (skip).

R. R. Davies, F. Harper, A. Grimmit, J. Hollidge (skip).

F. Austin, D. Crawley, E. W. Simmonds, M. N. Rakusen (skip).

M. E. Purvis, J. R. Carr, H. Strange, F. Haynes (skip).

F. W. Hopkins, R. R. Wood, W. J. Burling, A. B. Allan (skip).

T. Seddon, B. B. Weeks, L. Collyer, J. Deakin (skip).

SOCCER PLAY-OFF POSTPONED

The second division play-off for the runners-up position, which was to have taken place at Sookunpoo yesterday between the Middlesex and the 5th A.A. Regt. was not played as the latter team did not turn up in full.

HOME SOCCER

LONDON, April 12 (Reuter).—The following were the results of matches played yesterday in the English F.A. League:—

FIRST DIVISION

Aston Villa 2 Wolves 0

Huddersfield 2 Grimsby 0

Leicester 5 Middlesbrough 0

SECOND DIVISION

Bradford 1 West Ham 0

Coventry 2 Norwich 0

SPORTS NOTES AND VIEWS

A Clean Sweep For South China?

H.K. LADIES' FINE SHOW IN NORTH

BY MAU

By the end of this month the 1938-39 Hongkong football season will officially come to an end and interest will then be centred on the Interport to be played in Manila and for which the Colony has already selected a formidable combination to be led by Lee Wai-tong. Regarding the local season, it will go down in history, perhaps not for the first time, as a "truly Chinese year" for the laurels gained by them are achievements that cannot be passed off lightly.

On Saturday on the Causeway Bay ground, the all-important and eagerly-awaited Senior League match between South China "A" and the Royal Navy will undoubtedly attract a record crowd for it is on the result of this match that the custody of the "Hongkong Daily Press" Cup will be decided. The Chinese have 30 points and the Navy 29, and only a draw will be necessary for the Caroline Hill men to annex the trophy while, in the case of the Senior Service, they must gather the two full points. In the event of the Chinese winning, the Navy will have to play-off with Eastern, who finished up their fixtures with 29 points, for the runners-up position. Not since the 1918-19 season have the Navy gained top honours in the Senior League and soccer fans will be more than pleased to see them accomplish this feat on Saturday. But with the South China side playing on top form and most of the Fleet still in southern waters, it is doubtful whether the sailors can secure the verdict. However, a splendid match is promised and a visit to the Navy ground will not be wasted. The term, "a truly Chinese year" used earlier on, is coined from the fact that already the Chinese have won the Lal Wah Cup, Governor's Cup and the Senior Shield. Add to these the "Sunday Herald" International Charity Cup, which China will probably win on Sunday against Portugal at Sookunpoo, and the Kowloon Cup, in which competition South China Athletic Association have very good chances, and the Chinese footballers will have accomplished a clean sweep, and all in one season!

Nothing less than the highest praise is due the Hongkong Ladies' Interport hockey team on their splendid performances in Shanghai and, though the critics may have thought differently at the time, what Miss Iris Woolley, the local captain, told the Northern port's newspapermen—"the visiting squad is stronger than any which has represented the Colony before"—was more than justified. Of the three matches played Hongkong came through with flying colours, winning the Interport by four clear goals, beating the Rest of Shanghai 4-2 (after being 2-0 down at the interval) and trouncing the redoubtable Greens, Shanghai champions, in no uncertain manner to the tune of eight goals to one. In three matches, therefore, the Hongkong women notched 16 goals with only three scored against them, which speaks volumes not only for Mrs. J. Lunson, the goalkeeper, but also for the rest of the splendid defence. Mrs. Maund Read, centre-forward, certainly did what was expected of her and had no less than eight goals to her credit in the three matches. The White Shield will return to the Colony once more, with the triumphant team and, since its inception in 1935, Hongkong has won it no less than three times, the match in 1937 being drawn. No Interport was staged last year owing to the unsettled conditions in the North. It is good to see that the Interport has been continued this year and all will follow with keen interest future matches between the ladies of the Colony and the Northern port. Miss Woolley, and her team-mates are to be heartily congratulated. Well done!

BRITISH RYDER CUP TEAM

Henry Cotton To Captain Side

Henry Cotton has been appointed captain of the British Ryder Cup golf team who will meet America's professionals on the course of the Ponte Vedra Country Club, Jacksonville, Florida, on November 18 and 19.

The selection committee will be F. H. Taylor (Oxford University), R. McKenzie (Stammore), A. R. Wheldon (Moseley), A. H. Haskins (West Kirby), and J. H. Taylor (Royal Mid-Surrey).

Commander R. C. T. Roe, secretary of the Professional Golfers' Association, who announced the appointments to-day, is manager of the team. Cotton played in the Ryder Cup matches of 1929 and 1937.

LATEST DERBY CALL-OVER

LONDON, April 12 (Reuter).—Foxbrough II has fallen from favouritism in the betting on the Derby as the result of its defeat at Kempton when it finished seventh in the Coventry Three-year-old Stakes.

Blue Peter is now the favourite at 10/1.

The latest call-over is as follows:—

10/1 Blue Peter (o)

100/8 Rogerstone Castle (o)

100/8 Fairstone (o)

100/8 Casanova (o)

100/8 Triguer (o)

100/8 Foxbrough II (o)

20/1 Dhotti (t and o)

33/1 Fair Chance (t and o).

BIG GAME ON STAND COURT

Tsui And Rumjahn Clash To-day

BY TAC

The first "battle of the giants" in the current tennis championships will be seen on the Stand Court at the Hongkong Cricket Club to-day when Tsui Wai-pui, singles champion, and H. D. Rumjahn, last year's runner-up, clash for the right to enter the semi-finals, bottom bracket.

Tsui will naturally start favourite, but Rumjahn, who has been displaying consistently good form recently, is expected to give him a very keen fight. Unless either player strikes a bad patch some of the best tennis in the tournament should be seen in this game.

I confidently expect Rumjahn to take the champion to three sets at least.

On another court Liang Sai-wah and Ho Ka-lau meet in the third round and Ho should just about get through.

WAS GIVEN TWO HOURS TO LIVE

But Billy Martin Pulled Through

On Christmas Eve, Billy Martin, clever Bradford inside forward, was given two hours to live. Carried from the field where he had received a kick in the abdomen, he was hurried to hospital, and was operated on. Bradford officials spent that night in official hoping that medical opinion might for once be wrong.

Lying unconscious, Martin talked football for hour after hour. That saved his life.

Though terribly hurt, his spirit was as strong as ever. And now he is back at Park Avenue.

Not for a week or two yet will he begin training, but Manager David Steele and all the Bradford officials and fans are banking on him making a real recovery and "come back".

Right now it's a hundred to one that Billy Martin, the man they gave up for dead, will be sporting in his Bradford's colours next season.

LEE WAI-TONG BEATS RAZACK

ENTERS SINGLES SEMI-FINALS

Colony Tennis Tournament

LEE WAI-TONG, Chinese soccer star and tennis player, reached the semi-final of the Open tennis singles championship yesterday when he beat I. M. A. Razack, of the Indian Recreation Club, by scores of 6-1, 6-4 on the Stand Court at the Hongkong Cricket Club ground.

Except for a brief period towards the end the game was a distinct disappointment, Lee being superior in most departments. This was particularly so in respect of temperament. Razack's nervousness costing him many points.

Razack made the mistake of attempting to play a waiting game and let Lee take the initiative. This proved to be the worst tactics he could have adopted, for once Lee had secured an early lead, he dictated terms, and for the best part of the match won points almost as he wished.

The first set went to Lee as easily as the score of 6-1 would seem to indicate.

In the second stanza the Chinese again ran into an early lead, getting to 3-1. Razack pulled him back to 3-3 but he won the next two games to lead 5-3.

THE BRIGHT SPOT

Then came the brightest part of the match. On his own service the Indian was down 15-40, but saved the two match points. He lost the next for 'vantage' out, but again saved it and took the next two for the game.

Serving forcefully, Lee won the first three points of the tenth game and everything seemed over when a minor sensation occurred. Taking his courage in both hands, and playing more aggressively than at any other period of the game, Razack actually took the next four points to turn the score from 40-love to advantage, thus saving three match points in a row and putting himself within a stroke of 5-5!

When Lee tossed up a simple sitter right on the net it looked as if the Indian had indeed earned a respite for himself. To the amazement of everyone he hit the ball down into his own court. That was the end. Lee, profiting from this let-off, made no further mistakes and went out at once for game, set and match.

Sporting Fixtures

TO-DAY

BADMINTON.—Colony Championships Finals. Senior Singles, P. K. Hui v. C. Au (Talkoo), 8.30 p.m. Doubles, P. K. Hui and K. L. Yong v. P. S. Bun and M. S. Lim.

SHOOTING.—Hongkong "Bisley" Meeting (Kowloon City).

TENNIS.—Open Singles, Tsui Wai-pui (holder) v. H. D. Rumjahn. (Stand Court); S. W. Liang v. Ho Ka-lau (3).

TO-MORROW

BASEBALL.—Entries close at meeting, Brooks Club, 7, Middle Road, Kowloon, at 5.30 p.m.

TENNIS.—Open Singles, S. A. Rumjahn v. Lim Thiam-tet (Stand Court). Open Doubles, Major F. C. Nottingham and Capt. R. B. Lecky v. Lee Yue-wing and Ho Ka-lau (8).

FOOTBALL.—First Division, Navy v. South China "A" (Causeway Bay, 4.30 p.m.).

HOME RUGBY

LONDON, April 12 (Reuter).—The following were the results of Rugby Union matches played yesterday:—

Bath 3 Leicester 28
Bristol 11 Newcastle 11
Cardiff 12 Coventry 8
Newport 6 Barbarians 9
Pontypool 6 London Welsh 12

RUGBY LEAGUE

Rochdale 14 Hull Kingston 25
Wakefield 11 Wigan 5

ADVERTISEMENTS

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

Draft Programmes and Entry Forms for the Third Extra Race Meeting to be held on Saturday, 22nd April 1939 (weather permitting), may be obtained at the Secretary's Office, Exchange Building; the Club House, Happy Valley; the Hong Kong Club; the Sports Club; and the Stables, Shan Kwong Road.

Entries close at 12 o'clock NOON on Thursday, 13th April, 1939.

By Order,
C. B. BROWN,
Secretary.

TUBORG BEER

TUBORG



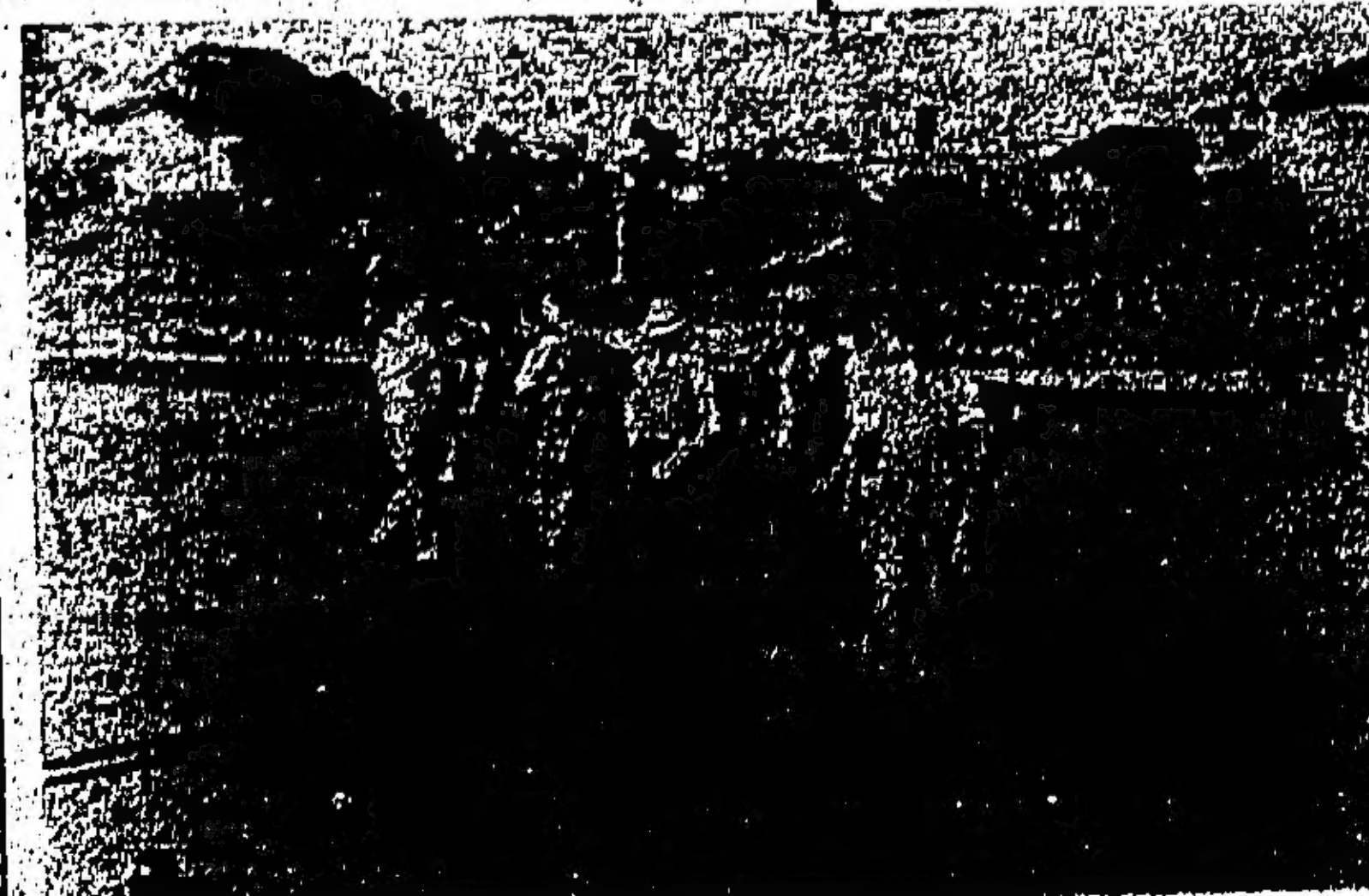
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Picture taken by Leica during the friendly lawn bowls match between the Kowloon C.C. and the Kowloon Football Club during the Easter holidays.

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"SHINTY" SHORT OF THE GAEL
RELAYED FROM LONDON
12.00 to 12.20 p.m. Relay of Service of Intercession from St. John's Cathedral.

12.30 p.m. Music Comedy.
"White Horse Inn"—Selection (Erik Charell). New Mayfair Orchestra.
"Over the Hills"—Selection (Mayer). Billy Mayerl (Piano). C. B. Cochran Medley—C. B. Cochran (Compe) assisted by Janet Joye, Elizabeth Welch, Edward Cooper and Ray Noble and His Orchestra.

12.53 p.m. Quentin M. Maclean at the Organ.
When I Heard the Organ Play (Gilbert). Don't Forget the Old Folks (Noel and Felton)—Vocalists: Les Alton and Quartette.

1.00 p.m. Local Time Signal and Weather Report.

1.43 p.m. Sam Browne (Vocal) with Ambrose and His Orchestra.
Savvy Up My Time To Spend On You—Fox-Trot; Crazy With Love—Fox-Trot (from "This'll make you whistle")—Ambrose and His Orchestra with Vocal Chorus. Gypsy Violin (O'Flynn and Betner); A Little Bit Independent (Leslie and Burke)—Sam Browne (Baritone) with Orch. Lady From Mairair—Slow Fox-Trot; Cuban Pete—Rumba (Norman)—Ambrose and His Orchestra with Vocal Chorus. What's Good For The Goose, Is Good For The Gander (Friend)—Sam Browne (Baritone) and Girl Friend with Two Pianos. Lost My Rhythm, Lost My Music, Lost My Man—Fox-Trot (from "Soft lights and sweet music")—Ambrose and His Orchestra with Vocal Refrain.

1.50 p.m. Reuter and Rugby Press. Weather Forecast and Announcements.

1.46 p.m. Mendelssohn—Octet in E Flat Major, Op. 20.

International String Octet.

2.15 p.m. Close down.

6.00 p.m. Studio—Children's Hour.

7.00 p.m. Closing local Stock Quotations.

7.02 p.m. Sea Shanties.

One More Day: On The Banks Of Sacramento (arr. Harris); A Dollar And A Half A Day: The Hog's Eye Man (arr. Terry). Fire Down Below; Hallelujah Bala (Harris); Haul Way Joe; What Shall We Do With The Drunken Sailor (arr. Terry)—John Goss (Baritone) and the Cathedral Male Voice Quartet with Piano.

7.15 p.m. Variety with Kitty Masters. The Mills Brothers, and Harry Roy and His Orchestra.

"Little Spanish Shawl"—Quickstep—Harry Roy and His Orchestra. Star Dust Covered Bandle (Hodges); She's The Weakest Woman On Earth (Godfrey)—Kitty Masters (Vocal) with Orchestra. London Rhythm (Williams, Addison); Solitude (Ellington, De Lange, Mills)—The Mills Brothers (Four Boys and a Guitar). It May Be—Slow Fox-Trot; I've Got A Pocketful Of Dreams—Quickstep (film "Sing You Sinners")—Harry Roy and His Orchestra with Vocal Refrain. Cryin' My Heart Out For You (Johnson and Hopkins); Lullaby (film "Let's Sing Again")—Kitty Masters

(Vocal) with Orchestra. Shine (Brown and Dabney)—Bing Crosby and The Mills Brothers with Orchestra. Harry Roy's New Stage Show—Harry Roy & His Orchestra.

8.00 p.m. Local Time Signal, Weather Report and Announcements.

8.45 p.m. Bobby Howes in "He Wanted Adventure."

With Judy Gunn, Marie Burke, Raymond Newell, Mylle Watson and Theatre Chorus with Theatre Orchestra conducted by Joseph Tunbridge.

8.55 p.m. Ivor Morison and Daye Kaye on Two Pianos.

Tin Pan Alley Medley—No. 2. Intro: Goodnight my Love; So do I; I Need You; Boo-Hoo; Love Marches On; What will I tell my Heart.

9.45 p.m. Half an hour of Dance Music with Maurice Winnick and His Orchestra.

The State Of My Heart—Fox-Trot; A Rendezvous With A Dream—Fox-Trot (film "Poppy"); Moonburn—Fox-Trot (film "Anything Goes"); A Couple Of April Fools—Slow Fox-Trot; In My Eyes—Waltz (film "The King's Troop"). On Treasure Island—Fox-Trot; Some Other Time—Fox-Trot; Across The Great Divide—Fox-Trot; My Heart's In Old Killarney—Fox-Trot.

9.55 p.m. London Relay—The News.

9.50 p.m. London Relay—World Affairs.

By Sir Alfred Zimmern, Montague Burton Professor of International Relations in the University of Oxford.

9.45 p.m. London Relay—Sports News and Market Notes.

9.50 p.m. The Ballyhoolligans.

Favourite Favourites No. 2—Fox-Trot Medley. Intro: Stumbling; Sleepy Time Girl; When the leaves come tumbling down. Favourite Favourites, No. 3—Fox-Trot Medley.

Intro: September in the Rain; Carelessly; Broken-hearted from men; They can't take that away from me; Where is the Sun; Slap that Bass.

10.00 p.m. London Relay—Shinty.

Sport of the Gael from earliest times to present day. Written by Hugh Macpherson and R. F. Dunnett.

Among those taking part are: John C. Dallas, Kingussie; Ronald MacColl, Glencos; and William Paterson, Beaufort.

The programme produced by Peter Thomson. Shinty, the national team game of Scotland, still played throughout the Highlands and by Highlanders who live in the Lowlands, has a history and tradition that puts most present-day pastimes to shame.

There are records of the game being played more than 2,000 years ago, and 100 B.C. is a conservative estimate as to the date of its foundation.

10.30 p.m. New Dance Music.

Fox-Trot—The Latin Quarter (film "The Gay Impostors"); Slow Fox-Trot—Shin-Shin—The Six Whiskers (film "The Six Whiskers").

ed by George Scott Wood with Vocal Chorus. Walts—Kisses In The Dark; Fox-Trot—Now It Can Be Told (film "Alexander's Ragtime Band")—Mantovani's Orchestra for Dancing. Fox-Trot—Ten Little Miles From Town; Fox-Trot—They Say Carroll Gibbons and the Savoy Hotel Orchestra with Vocal Chorus. Rumbas

Moon Of Monte Carlo; Rumba Colours—Lecuona Cuban Boys with Vocal Refrain in Spanish. Fox-Trot—There's A New Apple Tree; Waltz—The Umbrella Man (film "These Foolish Things")—The Organ. The Dance Band and Me (Piano).

11.00 p.m. Close down.

(Continued on Page 10)

THE SERVICES

LONDON GAZETTE

TUESDAY, MARCH 23

MARCH 17

R.N.
Lieut.-Comdr. (Retd.) J. H. Thomas to be Comdr. (Retd.) (March 17); Cd. Supply Offr. A. W. Richards to be Paymtr. Lieut. with seny. of March 1; Cd. Writer G. Chapman to be Paymtr. Lieut. with seny. of March 1.
Wt. Supply Offr. to be Cd. Supply Offr. with seny. as stated.—J. W. H. Atkey, W. H. Ely (March 1).
Wt. Writer W. H. Cole to be Cd. Writer with seny. of March 1.

MARCH 18

R.N.
Engr. Comdr. D. P. O'Dwyer placed Retd. List (March 18).
Actg. Sub-Lieut. to be Sub-Lieut. with seny. as stated.—J. R. Carden (March 1, 1938); G. F. N. Wells-Cole (Sept. 1, 1938).

MARCH 20

R.N.
Senr. Cstr. C. Page placed on Retd. List with rank of Hdmsr. Lieut. (March 20).

MARCH 21

R.N.
Surgn. Lt. G. S. Thomas, M.B., Ch.B., to be Surgn. Lt.-Comdr. (March 21); Sub-Lt. (A) G. V. Aylott to be Lt. (A) (March 21); Sub-Lt. (E) E. A. P. Joffe to be Lt. (E) (Dec. 1, 1938); Cd. Gunr. A. E. V. House placed on Retd. List (Feb. 23).

MARCH 22

R.N.
Lts. to be Lt.-Comdr.—G. D. Anderson, S. T. C. Harrison (March 18).
Sub-Lts. to be Lts. with seny. as stated.—J. A. S. Duver (March 11); P. E. Macvie (March 18).

MARCH 24

R.N.
Sub-Lt. (E) G. E. Baker to be Lt. (E) with seny. of June 1, 1938.
Actg. Lts. to be Lts. with seny. as stated.—H. E. J. P. Parker (Oct. 1, 1938); R. H. P. Carver (Nov. 18, 1938).

MARCH 25

R.N.R.
Ch. Skpr. M. Fielding, R.D., placed on Retd. List with rank of Skpr. Lt. (March 25).

MARCH 26

R.N.
Surgn. Comdr. A. H. Joy, M.B., Ch.B., placed on Retd. List with rank of Surgn. Capt. (March 25).

MARCH 27

R.N.R.
In pursuance of his Majesty's pleasure Captain G. G. Thorne, R.D., has been appointed a Royal Naval Reserve Aide-de-Camp to The King from March 28 in succession to Captain D. Davenport, Jones, C.B.E., R.D., who has been placed on the Retd. List.

QUEEN ALEXANDRA'S ROYAL NAVAL NURSING SERVICE
Miss S. W. Jones has been confirmed as a Nursing Sister with seny. of Aug. 31, 1938.

WAR OFFICE, MARCH 23

REGULAR ARMY

Maj.-Gen. G. A. O. Harvey, C.B., C.M.G., late R.A.M.C., retires on ret. pay (March 28); Col. R. Howlett, D.S.O., M.C., retires on ret. pay, and is granted the hon. rank of Brig. (March 25); Col. V. N. Johnson, D.S.O., retires on ret. pay (March 28); Lt.-Col. A. W. B. Compertz, Indian Army, to be Col. (Jan. 20), with seny. March 15, 1937.

COMMANDS AND STAFF

The follg. relinquish their appts.: Col. (Local Brig.) R. Howlett, D.S.O., M.C., as Insp.-Gen. of the West Indian Local Forces and Off. Comdg. the the Troops, Jamaica, and the local rank of Brig. (March 25); Col. V. N. Johnson, D.S.O., as Off. i/c Inf. Recd and Pay Office, Warwick (March 28).

(Continued on Page 12)

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Kowloon

ALHAMBRA:

"Empress Wu Chen Tien"

STAR:

"Wide Open Faces"

MAJESTIC:

"Mademoiselle Docteur"

Coming

KING'S:

"Trade Winds"

QUEEN'S:

"The Shining Hour"

ORIENTAL:

"Say It In French"

"The Adventures of Marco Polo"

ALHAMBRA:

"Son Of Frankenstein"

CATHAY:

"Vivacious Lady"

"Rebecca Of Sunnybrook Farm"

STAR:

"Naughty Marietta"

"Lord Jeff"

MAJESTIC:

"Racket Busters"

3 M.G.M. FILMS GET BOX OFFICE FAME

The Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, Hongkong office, has just received word from their home-office that of the seven box office champions for the month of January in the United States, three of them were Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer pictures.

The three productions were "Sweethearts," "Dramatic School," and "Out West With The Hardys," the latter production starring Mickey Rooney currently playing in "Stablemates"

JOAN CRAWFORD GETS HER DIVORCE

LOS ANGELES, April 12 (Reuter)—Joan Crawford, the film star, who sought a dissolution of her marriage with Franchot Tone, was granted a divorce yesterday.

On the last date of hearing of the suit, Joan was not present in Court and the suit was therefore reheard yesterday.

£3,400 AWARD TO FILM STAR

Elizabeth Allan Wins

Miss Elizabeth Allan, the film actress, in a court room crowded with theatrical and legal celebrities, was awarded £3,400 damages against Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer British Studios, Limited, in her action for alleged breach of contract.

She claimed that she was engaged to play the part of Christine in "The Citadel," was announced as having been engaged, and then, in breach of contract, the producers refused to engage her and those somebody else.

The jury agreed that Miss Allan was entitled to £1,800 for loss of salary and £1,500 for loss of opportunity of enhancing her reputation.

Miss Allan was also given £100 in connection with the announcement that she was to appear as Christine.

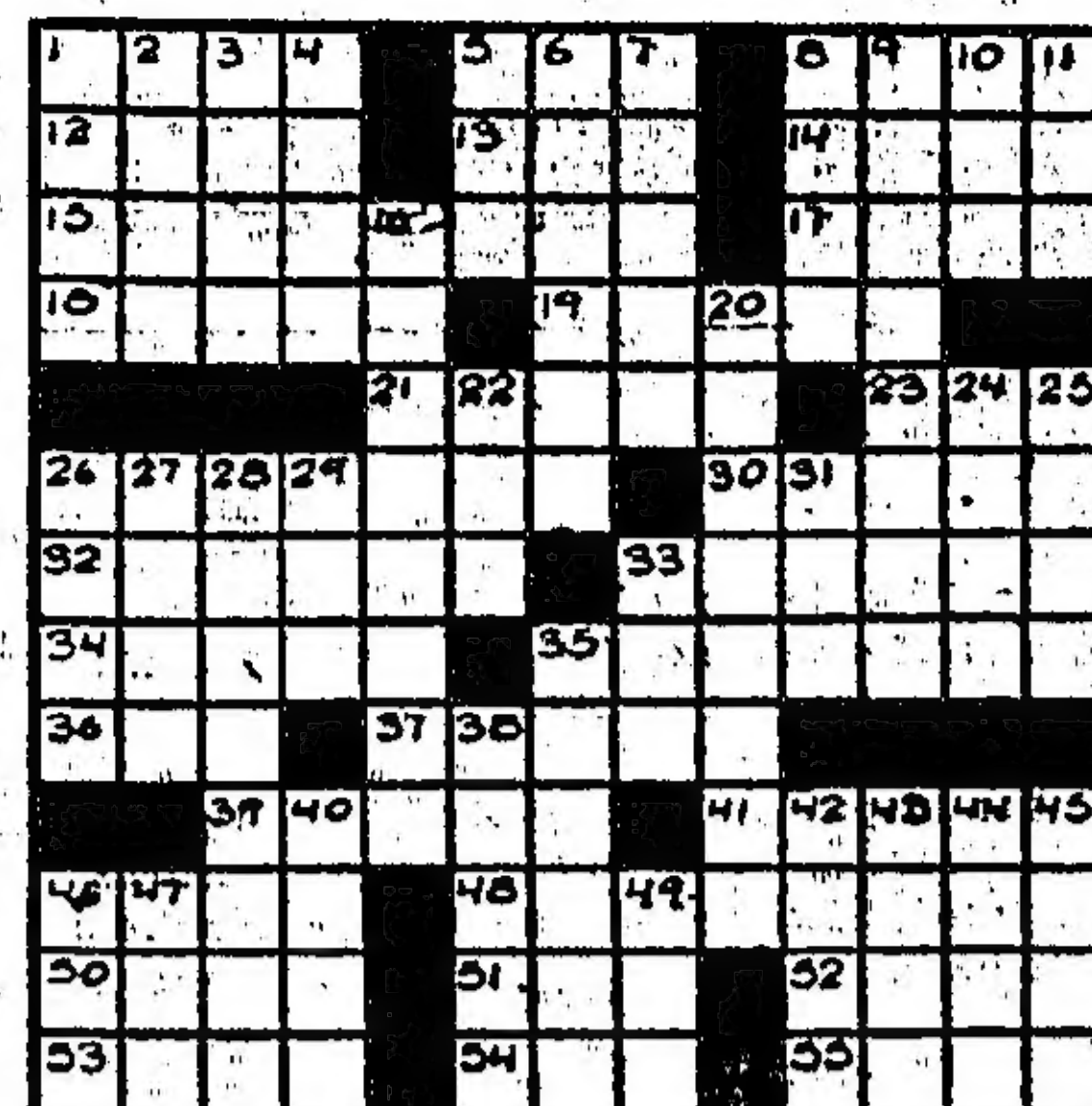
Mr. Justice Singleton, in his summing-up, said that if the jury found there was a contract, it was not disputed by the defendants that it had been broken.

"The real question is not as between a corporation, with or without body or soul, on the one hand, and between Miss Allan, with her charm, on the other," he continued. "It is whether you believe Mr. O'Brien (Miss Allan's husband) or Mr. Goetz (head of the producing company) as to whether a contract was made for Miss Allan to play the part of Christine."

CROSSWORD

NO. 282

- ACROSS
- 1 Carpenter's tools
 - 2 Sooner than
 - 3 Persian poet
 - 4 Medley
 - 5 Obtained
 - 6 Quote
 - 7 Famous American Admiral: David Glasgow—?
 - 8 What town in the Italian Piedmont is noted for its wines?
 - 9 Member of the Caucasian race
 - 10 French city
 - 11 Scottish cap
 - 12 Aquatic mammal
 - 13 Cut off thin slices
 - 14 Poplars
 - 15 Connected series
 - 16 Cause aversion
 - 17 Diggers
 - 18 Man's name
 - 19 Native of one of the States
 - 20 What is the capital of Tibet?
 - 21 What Italian in English employ gave the name of Labrador's Land to what is now Greenland?
 - 22 S-shaped moulding
 - 23 Short wollen fabric or shawl
 - 24 Ox of Celebes
 - 25 New Zealand parrot
 - 26 Seaport of



- DOWN
- 1 Upholstered seat
 - 2 Wings
 - 3 Siney
 - 4 North American rail
 - 5 Urge on
 - 6 Russian coin
 - 7 To intend (dial)
 - 8 South American wood sorrels
 - 9 Quote incorrectly
 - 10 Siamese coin
 - 11 Portuguese coin
 - 12 What is the Greek name for the territory of Asia Minor forming the western part of the Turkish Republic?
 - 13 Act of giving out
 - 14 Thing in law
 - 15 Declare
 - 16 Muddle
 - 17 Crumbly clay deposit
 - 18 On the sheltered side
 - 19 What French emperor was born in Corsica?
 - 20 Japanese rice paste
 - 21 Concealed
 - 22 Mineral spring
 - 23 Pieces of meadow
 - 24 What is the chief commercial centre of Japan?
 - 25 Chief
 - 26 Island group in Ireland
 - 27 Tolerate
 - 28 Units
 - 29 Canvas shelter
 - 30 Idiot
 - 31 African antelope
 - 32 Hiatus

SOLUTION TO-MORROW

DIARY OF LOCAL EVENTS

TO-DAY

ANNIVERSARIES AND HOLIDAYS.

—St. Hermenegild.

CINEMAS.—(See Column 3 of this Page).

ENTERTAINMENTS.—Y.M.C.A.

Amateur Dramatic Club's Production "London Wall," 9.15 p.m.

LECTURES.—"Running Repairs," at Volunteer Hqs., 11 a.m.

A.R.P., at Public Restaurant, Jockey Club, Happy Valley, 8.15 p.m.; First Aid for men (in Chinese), at Ambulance Hqs., 7.30 p.m.; at Queen Mary Hospital (in English), 6 p.m.; Home Nursing at Kowloon Hospital, Out-patients' Dept., 6 p.m.; Theosophical Society, 8 p.m.

MAILS.—(See Page 15)

MEETINGS.—Annual of Union Waterboat Co., Ltd., at Messrs. Dodwell's Offices, H.K. & Shanghai Bank Bldg., 11 a.m.; St. Andrew's Women's Fellowship, 3 p.m.; Women's Bible Study Circle on "The Book of Revelation," H.K. Evangelical Fraternity, 216 Nathan Road, 10.30 a.m.; Victoria Chess Club, Gloucester Hotel, 5 p.m.; Kowloon

Solution No. 281
MESA STRIP PALL
OVER PRICE, ARIA
LENSTABLE WELD
ENDEMIC LUNATE
IN INECTARINE
DEBASE SECRETS
EVILS WHALE TALA
LOTTERIA DE ION
EKEINESTSILUNG
DEROGATE LINTER
I IRESENTING
ALTARS ININGRAFT
COINCELANDIA LOE
RANGIROUGE ISLE
EDGE T OKEN INODS

Chess Club, Peninsula Hotel, 5.30 p.m.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Y.M.C.A.

Women's Section Mahjong for Beginners, 10 a.m.

MOON.—Chinese II Moon, 24th Day

SOCIAL.—St. Andrew's Club Whist Drive, 9 p.m.; Cheero Club Bridge evening; Public Works Recreation Club Tombola.

Causeway Bay, 8 p.m.; R.A.O.B. (G.L.E.) Club Whist Drive and Tombola, Queen's Bldg., Ice House Street, 8.30 p.m.

SPORTS.—(See Page 2).

SUNRISE.—6.07 a.m. SUNSET.—8.42 p.m.

TIDES.—High at 14.27. Low at 22.54.

TAKE ANY TRAM OR HAPPY VALLEY BUS

CATHAY

Daily at 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.
WAN CHAI ROAD, WANCHAI, TEL. 26558

• **TODAY ONLY—LAST 4 SHOWS!** •
A HEARTY FROM THE DEPTH OF A WORLD OF FORGOTTEN SOULS! A SENSATIONAL DRAMA THAT DARES TO REVEAL THE INSIDE SECRETS OF A PRISON FOR WOMEN!

GIRLS IN JAIL BREAK! CONDEMNED WOMEN

TO-MORROW: **"VIVACIOUS LADY"** GINGER ROGERS
SATURDAY: **"REBECCA OF SUNNYBROOK FARM"** JAMES STEWART
SUNDAY: **"REBECCA OF SUNNYBROOK FARM"**

MATINEES: 20c-30c-50c-70c-90c-100c-120c-140c-160c-180c-200c-220c-240c-260c-280c-300c-320c-340c-360c-380c-400c-420c-440c-460c-480c-500c-520c-540c-560c-580c-600c-620c-640c-660c-680c-700c-720c-740c-760c-780c-800c-820c-840c-860c-880c-900c-920c-940c-960c-980c-1000c

KING'S

SHOWING TODAY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

DON'T LET THE WHISKERS FOOL YOU...!

Ritz Brothers
nit-wittier than ever

KENTUCKY MOONSHINE

A 20th Century-Fox laugh-musical
MARJORIE
TONY MARTIN-WEAVER
SLIM SUMMERSVILLE
JOHN CARRADINE WALLY VERNON
BRYTON CHURCHILL EDDIE COLLINS

ALSO ADVENTURE OF CAMERA THRILLS
"MOTOR MANIACS"

NEXT CHANGE: FREDRIC MARCH - JOAN BENNETT in
UNITED ARTISTS: **"TRADE WINDS"**

ALHAMBRA

NATHAN RD. KOWLOON-DAILY AT 2.30-5.20-7.20 & 9.30-TEL. 22222

• **TODAY AND TOMORROW** •
THE DRAMATIC AND THRILLING TALE OF CHINA'S ONLY WOMAN RULER!

EMPERESS WU CHEH TIEN

Thousands in the Cast! With English Subtitles.

SATURDAY: Basil Rathbone - Boris Karloff - Bela Lugosi
New Universal Picture: in **"SON OF FRANKENSTEIN"**

MAJESTIC THEATRE

(MATINEES 20c-30c-50c-70c-90c-100c-120c-140c-160c-180c-200c-220c-240c-260c-280c-300c-320c-340c-360c-380c-400c-420c-440c-460c-480c-500c-520c-540c-560c-580c-600c-620c-640c-660c-680c-700c-720c-740c-760c-780c-800c-820c-840c-860c-880c-900c-920c-940c-960c-980c-1000c)

• **FINAL SHOWINGS TODAY** •
THE THRILLING LIFE-STORY OF THE FAMOUS WOMAN-SPY!

DITA PARLO and **LODER**

MADMOISELLE DOCTEUR
with **CLAIRE LUCE**

• **TOMORROW AND SATURDAY** •
A GRIPPING GANGSTER DRAMA FULL OF THRILLS!
HUMPHREY BOGART in **"RACKET BUSTERS"**
GEORGE BRENT in **"RACKET BUSTERS"**
Warner Bros. Thriller



WOMEN'S PAGE



漆可用耐油漆牌蛇
PAINTS, ENAMELS,
VARNISHES & SPRAY LACQUERS
DURABLE & ECONOMICAL
MANUFACTURED BY
THE NATIONAL LACQUER & PAINT PRODUCTS CO. LTD.
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品出司公限有油漆漆牌蛇

Better, more economical shaving . . .



No. 25 Set

At a bargain price you can buy a Gillette No. 25 Set and enjoy the many advantages of Gillette shaving.

This popular set contains a Gillette razor and one Blue Gillette blade in an attractive molded case.

Gillette razors and Blue Gillette blades are made for each other; add specially designed to form the ideal shaving combination. It is just this co-operation between blade and razor which ensures the maximum number of perfect shaves from every blade.

Always use a Blue Gillette in your Gillette razor.



Once weak and miserable

"NOW full of Energy and Cheer"

"As for Sanatogen, it can never be beaten, it is just like drinking magic, and those who have had a nervous breakdown, like myself, please tell them to try Sanatogen. I can eat, sleep and enjoy life now. It is life, and life is wonderful when there is health, and there is health in every bottle of Sanatogen."

writes an enthusiastic Sanatogen user.

Take a course of Sanatogen and enjoy Youth and Health again. Headache, nervousness, anaemia, and fatigue after a full day's work will soon disappear, for Sanatogen gives your body and nerves the strength they need.

SANATOGEN strengthens and soothes the nerves and revitalises the blood. Buy a bottle at once. You will soon enjoy work and leisure and not only feel young but look young too.



SANATOGEN

The True Tonic Food

Obtainable at all Chemists

NEWSETTES

At 8.15 o'clock this evening, H.E. the Governor will be host at an official dinner party.

Mr. Erik Nelson, of the Kai Tak Aerodrome, returned to Hongkong yesterday in the Carthage.

Sub-Insp. W. Ritchie, of Police Headquarters, and Mrs. Ritchie returned from home leave in the Carthage.

Lieut.-Comdr. E. C. F. Nicholay, R. N., was a passenger arriving here from Europe in the Carthage yesterday.

Captain G. M. K. Keble White, R. N., was among the passengers of the s. s. Carthage which arrived here yesterday from England.

Mr. D. Davies, of the Colonial Secretariat, returned to the Colony yesterday in the Carthage from long leave.

Mr. Bradisford, sub-engineer of the Government Wireless Station, and his family returned to the Colony yesterday in the Carthage.

Dr. Lam Chi-wie, medical officer in charge of the Tung Wah Eastern Hospital, celebrates his 37th birthday to-day.

Lt.-Col. H. B. Holt, O.B.E., M.C., will give a lecture at the European Y.M.C.A. on April 20, at 9 p.m. on "Abyssinia."

Congratulations will be extended to-day to Mr. John Whyatt, Crown Counsel, on the attainment of his 34th birthday.

Sir G. Falsh was a through passenger from London to Japan in the s. s. Carthage which arrived here yesterday.

Mr. W. Taylor, of the China Light Co., and his family returned to Hongkong yesterday in the Carthage.

Mr. C. W. J. Barker will be the speaker at the Y.M.C.A. Discussion Group meeting on April 18 at 9 p.m. His subject will be "Special Relations."

The annual general meeting of the Institution of Engineers and Shipbuilders of Hongkong will be held at six o'clock to-morrow evening.

Mr. F. W. Pilbeam, of the Shanghai Telephone Co., is returning to Shanghai from Singapore in the s. s. Carthage, which arrived here yesterday.

Their Majesties the King and Queen are visiting Aldershot Command to-day when they will see the modern mechanised army in action.

Mr. H. J. Cairns, of the Indo-China S. N. C., and Mrs. Cairns passed through Hongkong yesterday in the Carthage on their way to Shanghai.

The 119th ordinary meeting of shareholders of the Hongkong, Canton and Macao Steamboat Co. Ltd., will be held at the office of the company in Queen's Building, at noon on April 28.

Mr. F. Jackson, of the China Printing and Finishing Co., Shanghai, passed through Hongkong yesterday in the s. s. Carthage en route from England to the northern port.

The Earl of Athlone and Princess Alice left Victoria on April 11 for Tehran, where Earl of Athlone is representing the King at the civil wedding ceremony of the Crown Prince of Iran.

On the occasion of the retirement of Brig.-Gen. E. B. Macnaghten, C. M. G., D. S. O., from the Vice-Chairmanship of the Shanghai Municipal Council of which he was at one time Chairman, he was entertained to dinner at the Cathay Hotel on April 4 by the Members of the Council.

The engagement is announced between Major O. H. Mitchell, Cokes Hill, son of the late Mr. E. W. Mitchell, and Mrs. Mitchell of Hongkong, and Barbara Fraser, youngest daughter of the late Mr. G. F. Handcock, F. W. D., India, and of Mrs. Handcock, of Fleet, Hants.

Mr. and Mrs. John S. Barr, of the London Missionary Society Shanghai, and their children were passengers in the Carthage which passed through Hongkong yesterday on its way to Shanghai.

Mr. J. A. Gow, of the Marine Department, Chinese Maritime Customs, Shanghai, was a passenger from London to Shanghai in the s. s. Carthage which passed through the Colony yesterday.

Mr. C. H. Douglas, of the Public Works Department, will receive the hearty congratulations of his many friends to-day on the occasion of his 55th birthday. Mr. Douglas joined the Government 18 years ago.

The marriage will take place in Hongkong of Capt. C. R. Boxer, the Lincolnshire Regiment, and Miss Ursula Norah Anstice Tulloch, only daughter of the late Lt.-Col. G. S. Tulloch, the Gloucester Regiment, and Mrs. Tulloch.

The Rev. Eric H. Spott, Assistant Priest of St. Peter's, Hammersmith, London has been accepted for work in Malaya and will sail from England early in October. He will go either to the Cathedral or to Province Wellesley.

The subject for to-night's public lecture at the lodge room of the local Theosophical Society (1 B Chater Road) will be "Reincarnation and Karma" by Mr. E. Williams. The meeting commences at 8 p.m. and all interested are welcome.

H.E. the Governor, Sir Geoffrey Northcote, last night dined on board the French cruiser Lamotte-Piquet as guest of Vice-Admiral J.J.G.M. Le Bigot, Commander-in-Chief of the French Naval Forces in the Far East.

Mr. M. H. Wallace, of the Marine Department of the Chinese Maritime Customs, passed through the Colony yesterday on board the Carthage on his way to Shanghai from home leave. He was accompanied by Mrs. Wallace.

London enjoyed another fine warm day on April 11 following the glorious Bank Holiday weather. The afternoon temperature of 69 degrees Fahrenheit was 8 degrees higher than on Mar. 10 and the highest for early April for five years.

The death occurred on April 1, at Badminton House, Gerrards Cross, of Sir William Edward Preston, late Chief Manager of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China. The funeral took place at the Golders Green crematorium on Tuesday, April 4.

Mr. M. M. Moore, a young Shanghai Chinese, a highly qualified Chinese aeronautical engineer, who was on the staff of the Imperial Airways at Croydon Airport arrived recently at Singapore by Imperial Airways Flying-boat. He intends to live in Singapore.

The Bishop of Chester will preside at the annual general meeting of the Singapore Auxiliary Diocesan Association at S.P.G. House, Tufton Street, London on May 16.

The Rev. A. J. Bennett, the new Superintendent of Chinese Missions, will be one of the speakers.

Pursuant to the petitions from stamp-collectors, the Ministry of communications is considering the issuing of special relief stamps of the 2, 5, 25 and 50 cents denominations. About \$10,000,000 worth of such stamps, if this suggestion materialises, will be printed by the Ministry.

A Chinese messenger was held up by two male Chinese on April 4 about 11 a.m. on Shamshing Road, in Shanghai, and robbed of a parcel containing \$5,000. The robbers, who spoke Shanghai dialect, fired no shots and were able to make their escape into a convenient alleyway.

The engagement is announced of Mr. Arthur F. L. Bowley (Imperial Chemicals, Burton), younger son of Mr. F. B. L. Bowley, formerly Crown Solicitor of Hongkong, and Mrs. Bowley, of Chorley, Wood, Berts, and Miss Mary K. Newell, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Newell, of Burton, formerly of Knutsford, Cheshire.

THURSDAY'S MENU

BREAKFAST

Diced Pineapple
Cereal
Creamed Eggs and Bacon
French Toast
Maple Syrup
Coffee

LUNCHEON

Tuna Fish Salad
Sauerkraut and Frankfurters
Carrots and Peas
Orange Nut Muffins
Cocoanut Pie
Tea

DINNER

Grilled Sardines
Asparagus Salad
Swiss Steak
Tomato Sauce
Baked Russet Potatoes
Glazed Onions
Apple Whip and Cookies
Tea

HUSBAND AND EX-CHORUS GIRL

Mr. Justice Henn Collins, in the Divorce Court, recently, granted a decree nisi to Mrs. Ethel Grahame-White, known on the stage as Ethel Levy, on the ground of the adultery of her husband, Mr. Claude Grahame-White, the pioneer aviator.

Mr. and Mrs. Grahame-White were married at Marylebone Registry Office in December 1918. In 1929 they went to Cannes and in 1933 sailed for New York, where Mrs. Grahame-White obtained radio and stage contracts.

Mr. Grahame-White returned to England in April 1934. His wife came back in September 1937.

Mrs. Grahame-White, now alleged that when her husband was at Palm Beach in 1934 he started an association with a Miss Phoebe Lee, a former chorus-girl, with whom he returned to England.

She alleged adultery between Miss Lee and her husband from the spring of 1934 to the date of the petition in 1937.

The husband, now living at Bal-fourmews, admitted adultery with Miss Lee from September 1934.

In his judgment, Mr. Justice Henn Collins said the parties had reached that stage in which, avowedly, the wife's interest in the matter was now purely financial, and the husband, on his side, was quite openly keeping a woman, with whom he did not contemplate matrimony.

WEDDINGS AT REGISTRY

At the Registry, Supreme Court, yesterday, the Deputy Registrar of Marriages, Mr. T. J. Gould, officiated at three marriages. The parties were:—

Mr. Elvin Cyril Chin, teacher, and Miss Wong Hau-yang, teacher. The witnesses were Miss Wong Yiu-oi and Mr. Wong Yiu-chung.

Mr. Tsol Ling-sheung, chief editor of the "Tien Tien Pao," and Miss Ho Lai-va. The witnesses were Messrs. Yeh Hung-min and Hoh Kwok-cheung.

Mr. Lin Tak-wai, rice merchant, and Miss Chan Kwan-yan. The witnesses were Mrs. Ma Fung-ming and Mrs. Fung So-ying.

Round About

A large consignment of flour in bags was being unloaded from a ship at the pier.

Coolies, men and women, were busy emptying the rope nets lowered to the pier by the ship's crane. Then they piled the flour bags on small flat trucks, which conveyed the cargo into the godown.

Now and then a bag broke as it dropped on the pier. A squatting coolie woman was busy with a needle and thread repairing such damages. In the midst of her occupation, a stevedore, unaware of her existence, accidentally fell over her bent form. Two human beings and several bags of flour were in a confused heap.

The woman's temper became uncontrollable and, while jabbering at the man she raised the broken bag in her arms, and with all her strength brought it down on the stevedore's head.

He was indeed a floured specimen from head to foot and gave chase to the furious woman fleeing from the pier.

This amazing new tire stops your car quicker, safer than you ever stopped before. See us for a demonstration.



GOODRICH LIFESAVER TREAD.

has never ending spiral bars that act like windshield wipers, sweep water right and left, force it out through deep grooves and make a dry track which rubber can grip.

The new Goodrich SAFETY Silvertown

Sole Importers for China and Hongkong

CARLOWITZ & CO.

Bank of China Bldg.

Tel. 31225.

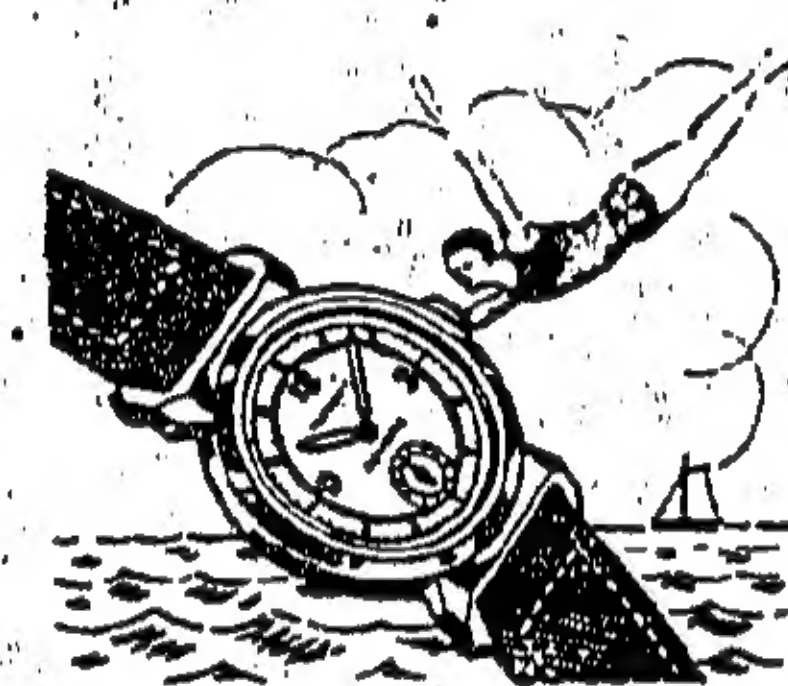
Local Distributors:

KA FOONG TIRE CO.

131, Hennessy Road.

Tel. 24140.

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Leading the World in Watch Value

obtainable from all leading Stores in Victoria & Kowloon.

Sole Agents:—CHINESE TRADING CO.

Bank of East Asia Bldg. 4th Floor.

Newly Arrived Fresh JACOB'S ASSORTED BISCUITS

in 1½ cartons

Obtainable at

HUNG CHEONG

Tel. 57108.

68, Nathan Road, Kowloon.



Make The Most of Your Crowning Glory WITH

HARLENE HAIR-DRILL

Just 2 Minutes a Day Will Banish BALDNESS, FALLING HAIR, DULL, THINNING, LIFELESS HAIR

"HARLENE" the wonder Hair Tonic aided by the scientific, 2-minute-a-day, miracle-working "HARLENE HAIR-DRILL," will change those "wispy," limp, brittle and dull strands of hair into a veritable crown of thick wavy, gleaming locks!—Equally beneficial to both men and women.

HARLENE HAIR GROWER & TONIC

HARLENE is the "champagne-reviver" of the hair roots. Its rich, hair-feeding nourishment literally infuses NEW LIFE into the hair. Dormant hair roots are reawakened and reactivated. Thin, brittle, and falling hair sheds, becomes revived and reinvigorated. Those who practice "HARLENE HAIR-DRILL," possess beautiful heads of hair which are the constant envy and admiration of all. Get a Bottle of HARLENE TO-DAY and test its marvels for yourself!

CREMEX SHAMPOO

Delightfully refreshing and super-cleaning. Treats the hair from every trace of Sebum and Dandruff and is most beneficial to the scalp. Free hair-losing from itching.

UZON BRILLIANTINE

"UZON" gives you that final touch of "brilliance" to the coiffure. The highly refined Brillantine is available in clear and every-day soap. In Solid or milked form.

Special Notice to Ladies with FAIR HAIR

HARLENE CAMOMILE GOLDEN HAIN WASH puts the "sunshine" into fair hair that has become dull and has its own "AI" fair-haired ladies should try it at once.

FROM ALL CHEMISTS AND STORES. EDWARDS HARLENE LTD., 24/25 Lamb's Conduit St., London, England

AIR RAID WARNING

SYRENS TO BE TESTED ON FRIDAY

Air Raid Warning sirens have now been erected at various points on the Island and it is intended to test them at 2.15 p.m. and 2.25 p.m. on Friday, April 14.

It is of importance that all residents should recognise the sound of the sirens and the meaning of the signals, i.e., the first test at 2.15 p.m. on April 14 will be the "Air Raid Warning" signal, and will consist of a fluctuating or warbling sound and the whole signal will extend over a period of three minutes. This signal would indicate that an air raid might occur within a few minutes.

The second test, at 2.25 p.m. on April 14 will be the "Raiders Passed" signal, and will consist of a steady blast extending over a period of three minutes. This signal would indicate that the hostile aircraft have left the area, or that the threat of a raid was no longer imminent.

If these tests are satisfactory, it is intended in the near future and subject to Government approval, to hold a practice blackout exercise at which the above-mentioned signals will be used, and residents will be required to observe stringent lighting restrictions in an endeavour to make the Colony as invisible as possible from the air during the dark hours.

No siren tests will be carried out for the present in Kowloon or in the New Territories.

NEW ITALIAN AIR ROUTE

The Argentine Government has authorized the Italian aviation concern, Ala Littoria, to establish air mail and passenger service between Rome and Buenos Aires with an option to extend the service westward to Santiago, Chile.

Natal, Pernambuco, Bahia, Rio de Janeiro and Porto Alegre, all in Brazil, will be stops on the Rome-Buenos Aires run. Ala Littoria, which already has carried out preliminary surveys, will compete with France and Germany in service across the South Atlantic.

The Argentine decree provides that the Italian line must make at least one round trip a week. The concession was granted for five years and is renewable. The service is expected to be inaugurated before the end of May.

BRUTAL ATTACK ON WOMAN

A brutal attack on a Chinese farm woman at Tsun Wan was reported yesterday.

The woman, who has since been admitted to the Kowloon Hospital, was stopped at about 10 a.m. by a ruffian who attempted to rob her. She resisted and struck the man with a bamboo pole which she was carrying. The man then beat her about the head with a hammer, causing serious injuries. She was found unconscious by passers-by, and brought to Kowloon.

Mr. J. Prip-Moller, the well known Missions architect, arrived in Shanghai recently, after an absence of about six years in Denmark: where he has recently completed his monumental work on "China's Buddhist Monasteries, their Plan and Function as a Setting for Buddhist Monastic Life." Mr. Prip-Moller left later for Tientsin, having been invited by the American Lutheran Mission in Shantung to advise them on building problems. After a month's stay in Shantung he will proceed to Hongkong on similar work, and then rejoin Mrs. Prip-Moller in Denmark.

H.K. CRIMINAL SESSIONS

Seventeen Cases On Calendar

Two charges of murder figure among the seventeen cases to be tried at the next Criminal Sessions, which will commence at the Supreme Court on Tuesday, April 18.

The following are those indicted and the nature of their offences:—

Lau Fuk, Leung Sze-cheung and Lau San; unlawful possession of arms and ammunition.

Lau Lai, Tsang Hing and Leung Po; unlawful possession of arms and ammunition.

Suen Ying and Chan On; attempted robbery by two or more and housebreaking with intent.

Ho Kai, Lam Kuen, Ho Tak and Ho So; robbery by two or more.

Ho Kong, alias Ho Kwan, Chan Li Mah, alias Chan Sing-tin, Ng Kam-lan, alias Ng Hei-po, and Cheung Lam; possession of forged banknotes.

Li Ping-chun; murder. (Wong Cheuk and Chan Hing; attempted highway robbery.

Chan Kwok-yun, alias Chan Chap-shun; possession of arms and ammunition.

Wai Wing-hung; uttering counterfeit notes and possession of forged banknotes.

Li Yiu-kwong; breach of deportation order.

Hui Cheung, Wong Sai and Hung Kwok-cheung; robbery.

Tsot Hing, Chan Yiu-nam, Chan Kan and Leung Chun; armed robbery.

Leung Chi and Tsot On-chai; murder.

Li Yuen; possession of dangerous drugs.

Li Ki; armed robbery in dwelling and wounding.

Shum Ching, Chan Tak and Wong Hing; unarmed robbery with violence.

Chan Hing and Lam Chung-yau, alias Chung Yau, alias Lam Ping; armed highway robbery.

ANNUAL CINEMA GALA

Boys' And Girls' Club Association

His Excellency the Governor, who is Patron of the Boys' and Girls' Club Association, has signified his intention of being present at the Annual Cinema Gala to be held under the auspices of the Association at the King's Theatre on Friday, April 21, at 9.30 p.m.

The film version of R. L. Stevenson's "Kidnapped," which has been judged as a fine rendering of the original story, will be screened and there will also be additional stage attractions.

Priests of admission will be \$2 for Dress Circle, and \$1.50 for stalls, while service men in uniform will be admitted to the stalls at 50 cents.

The Boys' and Girls' Club Association give assistance to girls and boys of the poorest classes, and have already established ten clubs for this purpose. As the only support the Association receives is from this Annual Cinema Gala, the patronage of the public is earnestly requested.

It is worth mentioning here that the Association's Wardens attend the juvenile courts in Hongkong and Kowloon regularly and render assistance to those juveniles who are arrested for selling papers or for hawking without a licence.

CANTON-KOWLOON STATIONS BOMBED

Several stations along the Chinese section of the Canton-Kowloon Railway, including Ping-wu and Tongtauh, were bombed by Japanese planes yesterday morning.

BIG SCHEME TO RECLAIM LAND ON THE PRAYA

Preliminary work in connection with the scheme to reclaim land between the vehicular ferry pier and Pottinger Street have been put in hand by the Public Works Department.

Over \$500,000 is to be spent on this scheme, which is expected to be completed by the end of 1940. The reclaimed land will afford greater space for parking and will relieve much of the congestion at the spot.

It is expected that, at a later date, to extend the reclamation eastwards until the whole of the Praya from the vehicular ferry pier to the Royal Naval Dockyard will have been widened.

At North Point, another reclamation project is proceeding, and a total of \$400,000 is being spent on this work.

INDIANS AT LOGGERSHEADS

Constable Jaffar Khan, of the Royal Naval Dockyard, appeared before Mr. R. A. D. Forrest at the Central Court yesterday on a charge of assault on "Abdul Gruffoor, on Mar. 10.

Mr. M. A. da Silva appeared for the defence and pleaded not guilty. Mr. D. McCallum was for the prosecution.

Jaffar Khan was the complainant in another case when, in connection with the incident, he counter-summoned, Insp. Abdul Rahim, and four constables, Karim Bux, Abdul Rahman, Abdul Guggoor and Mohammed Din, all of the Royal Naval Dockyard, for assault.

Mr. da Silva appeared for the prosecution, in this case. Four of the defendants were represented by Mr. D. McCallum.

The hearing was adjourned until April 28.

PARTNERSHIP SALE CLAIM

The case in which a balance of \$246.70, due from the sale of a partnership of the Hongkong Motor Car Service, was successfully claimed, by Li Kam-poy from his former partners, Chin Wai-kwan, Chin Ping-chuen and Chin Pin-kwan, against which the latter had entered a counter-claim for the same amount, on the ground that the money had been retained by the plaintiff whilst acting as the treasurer of the concern, came up for hearing again in the Summary Court yesterday before Mr. Justice R. E. Lindell.

Mr. F. H. Loseby represented plaintiff, while defendants were represented by Mr. H. L. Kwan.

After Chin Wai-kwan had given testimony, Mr. Loseby said that he would like to call the accountant of the firm, and the case was therefore adjourned to April 17.

LANDLORD GETS JUDGMENT

Ho Sam-ku, tenant of No. 285, Shanghai Street, second floor, was ordered to surrender the premises within 48 hours when judgment was given for the landlord, Ku Fuk, in the Supreme Court yesterday by Mr. Justice R. E. Lindell. Plaintiff claimed possession and mesne profits following Ho's failure to comply with a Magistrate's order determining the tenancy, which was made after a conviction for keeping a sly brothel on the premises had been registered.

Defendant denied having kept a sly brothel, or that she had been convicted of any such offence. She told His Lordship that the person arrested gave her name, but she could not say who it was as she herself was sick and was living elsewhere at the time. Mr. G. S. Ford appeared for plaintiff.

FACTORY HEAD FINED

False Description To Goods

Moo Yue-sank, manager of the Sang Fat Knitting Factory, No. 22, Fuk Wing Street, Kowloon, was fined \$250 by Mr. T. J. Houston at the Central Court yesterday for having applied a false description to a case of cotton singlets, and vests which was intended for export to Singapore on December 24 last.

Mr. John Whyatt, Crown Counsel, prosecuted, while Mr. M. W. Lo appeared for the defence.

The case, which was the first one of its kind, bore close relation to the Empire Preference scheme. Moo, whose factory had been costed by a chartered accountant, as required, and having been registered as one entitled to Empire Preference, was said to have intended to ship a case of cotton wears to Singapore.

When Mr. W. H. E. Colledge, Factory Inspector, examined the goods, they were found to be different from the items stated in the declaration form submitted to the Superintendent of the Import and Export Department.

COLONY HEALTH RETURNS

Forty cases of tuberculosis were notified to the Health Department on April 11, in addition to six cases of measles, five cases of dysentery, four cases of diphtheria, and one case each of small-pox, enteric fever, chicken-pox and cerebro-spinal fever.

WEEKLY FIGURES

There were 76 deaths from tuberculosis out of a total of 138 cases notified to the authorities for the week ending April 8. Other returns include 13 deaths from measles out of a total of 33 cases (two imported), 7 deaths from dysentery out of a total of 16 cases, 8 deaths from small-pox out of a total of 9 cases, 5 deaths from enteric fever out of a total of 15 cases, 3 deaths from diphtheria out of a total of 9 cases, 3 deaths from cerebro-spinal fever out of a total of 13 cases and one death from chicken-pox out of a total of 2 cases.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY

A meeting of Theosophical Society was held in the Lodge Room of Manuk Lodge on Friday, April 7, to commemorate the passing of Brother Malcolm Manuk.

Brother John Russell presided and the following members took part in the proceedings: Brothers D. Silver, George May, M. P. Talati, the President of the Lodge, Dr. Arthur Fund, and other members of the Lodge.

Expressions of regard and esteem were expressed during the meeting by those who had been associated with Mr. Manuk since the inception of the Lodge in Hongkong eighteen years ago.

AIRPORT NEWS

Imperial Airways.

SOUTHBOUND
Friday:—Hanoi, Bangkok, Delphinus, Dorado—7 and 7.30 a.m.

Air France

NORTHBOUND

Thursday:—France, Hanoi, Hongkong.

Service—12.30 p.m.

Pan American Airways:

EASTBOUND

Friday:—U.S.A., Manila, Hongkong.

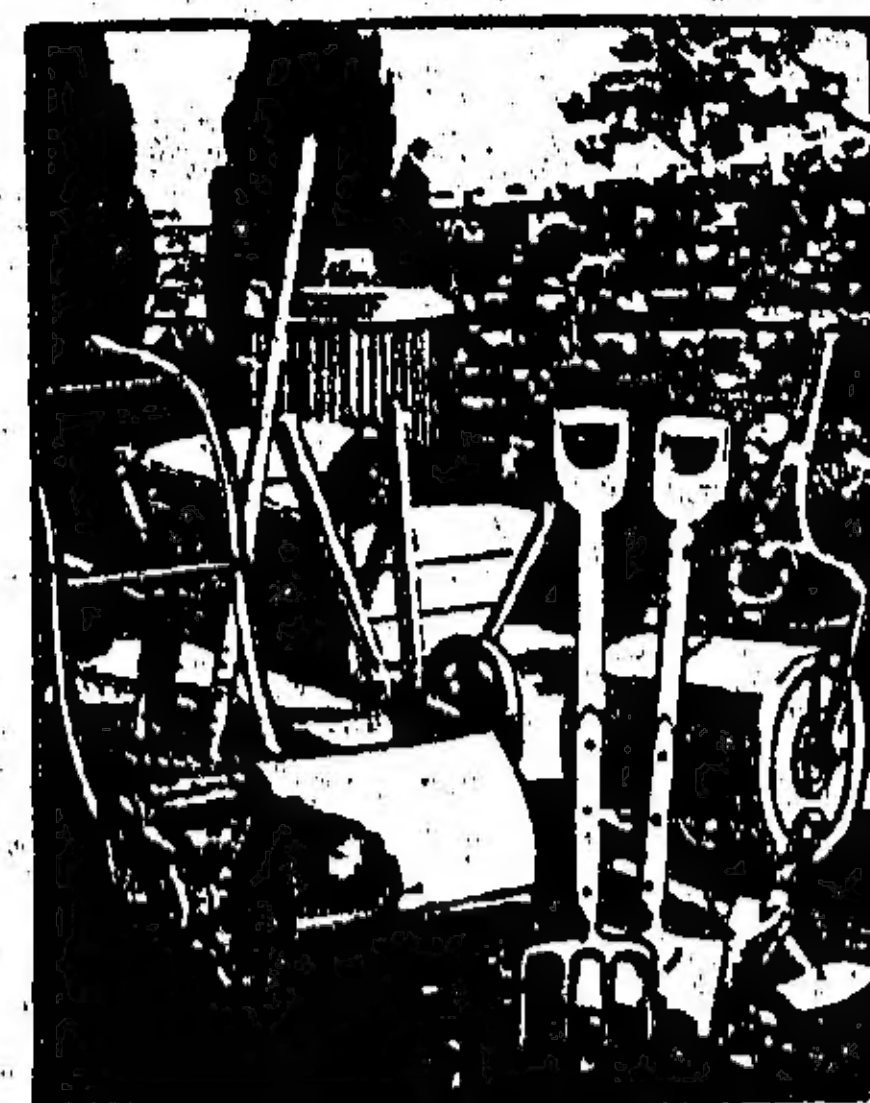
Philippine Clipper—12.30 p.m.

WESTBOUND

Saturday:—Manila, U.S.A.

Philippine Clipper—8.30 a.m.

GARDEN TOOLS.....



"It has been said that it is the bad workman who complains about his tools; but there is no doubt at all that with better tools a finer job can be done."

First grade SHEFFIELD STEEL

— Forks and Spades, Trowels, Shears, Scythes, Reap Hooks, Hoes, and Watering cans, Revolving Lawn Sprinklers.

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The Choice of The Multitude

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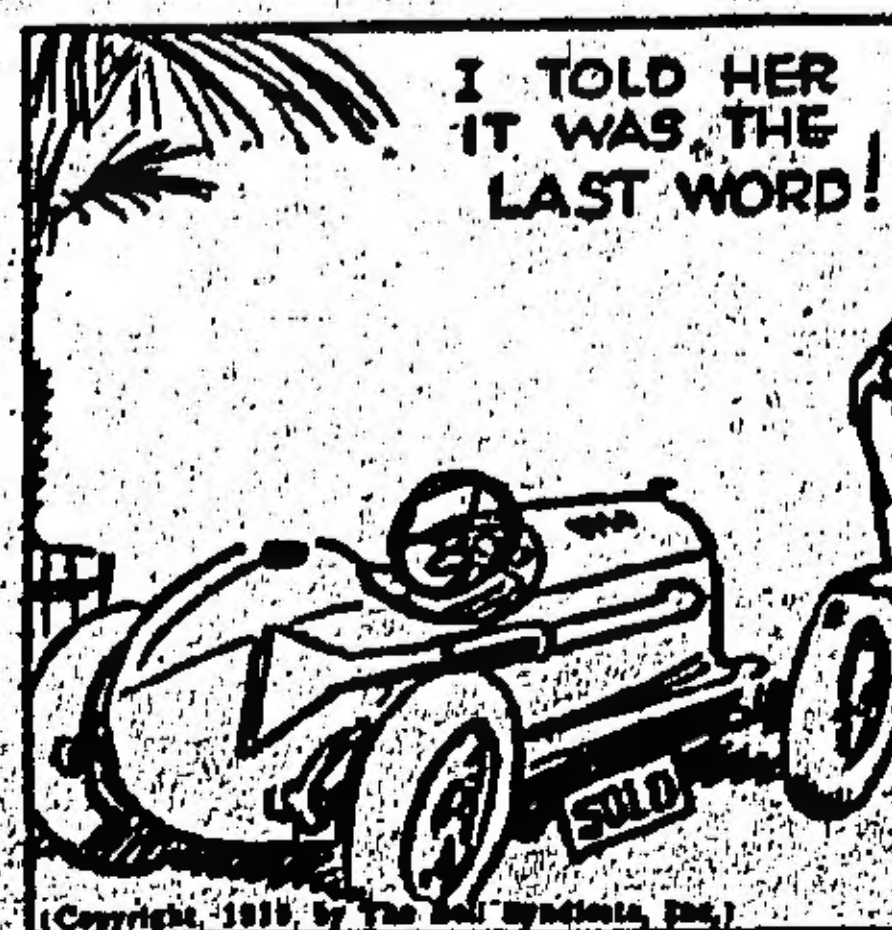
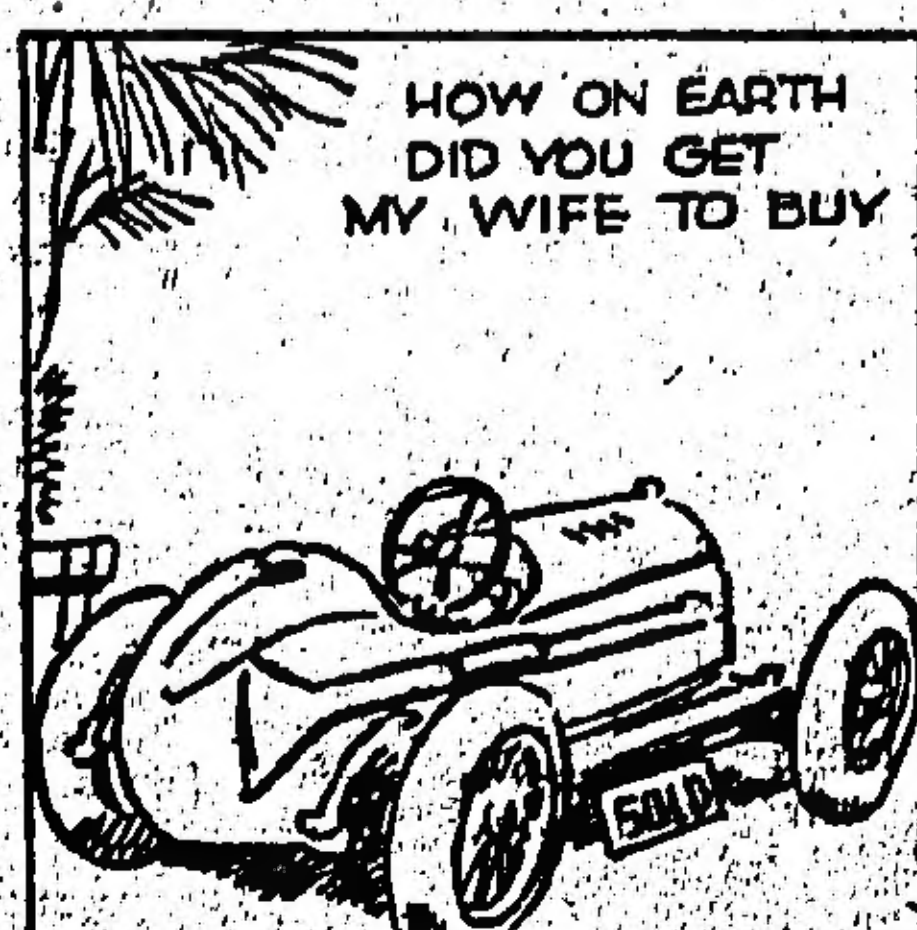
HONGKONG DAILY PRESS

15-23, Queen's Road, Central.

Telephone 30251.

POP. A WOMAN MUST HAVE IT

By J. MILLAR WATT



NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NEW CENTRAL MARKET.

Tenders for certain stalls in the New Central Market will be received at the Market at 2.30 p.m. on the following days:—

Poultry Stalls
Tuesday, April 18th.
Fish Stalls
Thursday, April 20th.
Beef and Mutton Stalls
Saturday, April 22nd.
Pork Stalls
Wednesday, April 26th.
Fruit Stalls
Friday, April 28th.
Vegetable Stalls
Tuesday, May 2nd.

Tendering on the above days is open to all members of the public. Those who wish to tender must appear in person at the Market.

Successful tenderers will be required to pay two months' rent (for May and June) in advance, at the time of tendering.

The Council is not bound to accept the highest or any tender (Markets By-law 6(1)).

Stalls will be let for retail business only. Wholesale business will not be permitted in the New Market.

C. J. ROE,
Secretary,
Urban Council

12th April, 1939.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

PROPOSAL TO CHANGE A SHIP'S NAME.

I, WILKIE CHOW of 36, Connaught Road, Hong Kong, hereby give notice that in consequence of change of ownership I have applied to the Board of Trade, under Section 47 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, in respect of the ship "TAIKOO KOM" of HONG KONG Official number 433,234 of gross tonnage 84.46 tons, register tonnage 30.62 tons, heretofore owned by THE TAIKOO SUGAR REFINING COMPANY LIMITED OF 8 BILLITER SQUARE, LONDON, E.C.3, ENGLAND for the permission to change her name to "YAULEY" and to have her registered in the new name at the Port of HONG KONG as owned by Peters & Company Limited of No. 36 Connaught Road, Central, Hong Kong.

Any objections to the proposed change of name must be sent to the Registrar of Shipping at HONG KONG within seven days from the appearance of this advertisement.

Dated at Hong Kong, this 6th day of April 1939.

For PETERS & CO., LTD.

(Signed) WILKIE CHOW,
Director.HONG KONG & YAUMATI
FERRY COMPANY,
LIMITED.NOTICE TO
SHAREHOLDERS

The fifteenth Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Company's offices at the Jordan Road Ferry Pier, Kowloon, on Wednesday, the 26th April, 1939, at 12 Noon, for the purpose of receiving the report of the Board of Directors together with a statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1938.

The transfer books of the Company will be closed from the 15th April to 26th April 1939, both days inclusive.

LAU TAK PO,
Managing Director.

ADVERTISEMENTS

INSTITUTION OF
ENGINEERS AND
SHIPBUILDERS
OF HONG KONG.

Members are requested to attend the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING in the rooms of the Institution on Friday April 14th, at 6 o. P.M.

W. F. SIMPSON,
Hon. Secretary.

G. R.
PUBLIC AUCTION

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 17th day of April, 1939, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one Lot of Crown Land at Sau Chuk Yuen Road, Kowloon City, in the Colony of Hong Kong for a term of 75 years, commencing from 1st July, 1898, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 24 years less the last three days thereof.

Intending bidders are advised that immediately after the disposal of the lot the Purchaser (if not the applicant) will be required to deposit with an authorised officer who will be present at the sale, the sum of two hundred dollars, (\$200) in cash. This sum will be refunded on payment of the Purchase price.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT

No. of Sale	Boundary Measure	Content in Square feet	Annual Rental	Upset Price
1	Lot 1, New Kowloon	8,910	96	4,170
	East of New Kowloon			
	Lot 1, New Kowloon			
	Lot 2, New Kowloon			
	Lot 3, New Kowloon			
	Lot 4, New Kowloon			
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DESERTED FROM
U.S. ARMY IN
LAST WARAmerican Citizen
Wishes To Return

HAMBURG, April 12 (T. Ocean)—One of the most sensational law suits of post-war years, which for weeks formed the central news in the United States press, seems to be revived now.

During the war, an American Court Martial passed sentence on an American citizen, Mr. Grover Bergdoll, the American-born son of German parents, who deserted from the American Army. Extradition was requested by the United States after the conclusion of the War, and refused by the Reich Government. Mrs. Bergdoll, who arrived in New York recently, declared to the American authorities that her husband would arrive in America a week after Easter and surrender to the American Courts in order to clear up his situation.

The Hamburg Trans-Ocean correspondent learns that Mr. Bergdoll is expected to book his passage on the steamer Hamburg leaving for New York in April 19.

BRITAIN'S ENVOY
TO SPAIN

BURGOS, Apr. 12 (Reuter)—The new British Ambassador, Sir Maurice Petersen, presented his credentials to Gen. Franco yesterday. Gen. Franco drove with the Ambassador through streets lined with troops.

Sir Maurice Petersen said that he was not a stranger to Spain, but he would contribute to the best of his power to the good relations between the two countries.

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HONGKONG, APRIL 13, 1939

CHINESE TAKE
INITIATIVE

CHINA HAS STARTED AN offensive on several fronts and those in charge of the Chinese military operations are confident of the outcome. In spite of the reverses with which the ill-equipped Chinese forces have met in recent months, the morale of the defenders is higher than ever and it is quite apparent that the Chinese are clinging to the motto "Never say die." In spite of the terrific aerial bombings and the severe bombardments by the modern Japanese artillery, the Chinese refuse to withdraw until they have claimed a heavy toll of the Japanese. They have faced, and continue to face, steel and fire with a stoicism that cannot be too highly commended.

IT WAS ONLY a day or two ago that a correspondent wrote from China's war-time capital, Chungking, that "the morale of the people is high and the fall of Nanchang (capital of Kiangsi Province) has done little to discourage them." That is the spirit of the Chinese people—a spirit that will never die. China has the determination and the staying power that will eventually wear her enemy out and will carry her successfully through her present life-and-death struggle. There is an old proverb in Chinese that "United determination becomes a city wall." China's unity and her determination have become a Great Wall through which the alien invader, in spite of his tanks, armoured cars, dreadnaughts, war-planes and modern equipment, has not been able and will never be able to pass. China's struggle is one not for power, but for her life, against force and aggression, but she is confident that she will emerge victorious.

FERCE onslaughts are already being made on various strategic points while in the so-called occupied territories the mobile forces, or the guerrillas, have resumed their activities with renewed vigour.

IN KWANGTUNG, the Chinese have advanced, via the Canton-Hankow Railway, to the outskirts of the City of Rams and the Japanese are reported to be manning their pill-boxes and other defence works in anticipation of a siege. The Chinese are making a desperate attempt to prevent the possible transfer of several thousand Japanese troops to the Kongmoon front, where they are making the invaders pay heavily for every inch of territory they occupy. Kongmoon has fallen into the hands of the Japanese several times but each time they have been driven out again and the Chinese are, at the time of writing, reported again to be in full possession of the delta town.

AIDED by local militiamen, by civilians and even by the womenfolk, all of whom are renowned as brave and fearless fighters and all of whom realize what it will mean if Kongmoon should be occupied by a hostile army, the Chinese troops are putting up a truly remarkable battle in the surrounding country, which the Japanese want to take in order to assume full control of all West River communications and to pave the way for a drive on Kwangsi Province. In this connection it is of

Hello & Goodbye

(BY A. W. HYER)

Summer made its debut yesterday with a vengeance; not only was it hot, but the steamers arriving were laden with passengers including several tours of large proportions.

The town is overflowing with young visitors going places to see people and things. Evidently it is a universal belief that "travel is an education—and broadens one's intellect."

Pursers have dug out their harassed "look." The summer tourists season hit Hongkong with hordes of people since Monday.

Tjisadano

TUESDAY, 10.30 A.M. the small, informal, Dutch transport was under way for Manila and southern ports.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Witkamp, and their two children, were bound for Batavia. Though we could not locate the head of the family connected with Java, China, Japan, Lijn, we found the women in the family quite excited over their forthcoming trip and the change of scenery.

The cabin boy of No. 36 was playing polka for Mr. W. E. Hunt, sailing to Cebu. This gentleman, connected with Asiatic Petroleum Company, had evidently issued orders he was not to be disturbed and not even a sugary smile dented his guardian.

Dr. Harold E. Camp, the American lecturer from St. Louis, was very thrilled with the information and colour pictures he secured in and about Hongkong. He reported that, no doubt, the data would be the most valuable in his collection on the complete trip which will carry him through India, the Belgian Congo, up the Nile and across the Atlantic Ocean home.

Imperial Airways

WHEN THE TUESDAY, 7.30 a.m. Imperial Airways plane went flying out of Hongkong, Mr. R. W. Cole was one of the passengers booked to Hanot.

The tall, slender young man has not been in the local office of this concern for many months, only arriving in the Colony last March. Though we did not rise and shine to bid him adieu, we have suspicions that he is on his way to the new Kunning office of Imperial Airways.

Wednesday Arrival

YESTERDAY, 4.30 p.m. Captain L. J. M. White landed the Dorado at Kai Tak after a bumpy trip from Bangkok.

Three San Franciscans giving part of the world a "once over" arrived on their first visit to the Colony. Mrs. Agnes Davey and her two sons, Mr. Keith Davey and Mr. Ned Davey. Gay and charming travellers are these who are on their first long vacation in seven years. Across the Pacific Ocean to New Zealand, then Sydney and Batavia by steamer. In the Dutch territory they decided on air travel to Singapore and Hongkong. Flying is not new to these Americans embarking on the Pan American Clipper on Saturday, the two boys hold private pilot licences. In Wake, the family will make use of a stop-over and catch one of the new Boeing Clippers for their return home.

In case you did not note in your Wednesday's morning paper, the Imperial Airways will transfer to their summer time-table on April 24. Departure days remain the same. Friday and Tuesday, and arrival days will be Monday and Thursday.

Interest to note that, even after the occupation of Canton, Hongkong has been able to obtain Wuchow mats from Kwangsi for the packing of goods. These have come by way of Kongmoon.

KONGMOON is a progressive and wealthy delta port, which was formerly a competitor to Macao. It was developed only during the past few decades as a thriving port by Chinese who have been doing business in foreign countries but who have returned to their native district to invest their life-long savings. From it branches a number of excellent highways and a fairly deep river enable smaller steamers to make it a port of call.

WITH the arrival of fresh Chinese reinforcements, it is confidently expected by the Chinese that the Japanese attackers will be thrown back with heavy losses. And that is what is likely to happen on other fronts.

President Coolidge

THE AMERICAN President Line's flagship was packed so full on her departure Sunday, 11.05 p.m. that her water-line was invisible.

Mr. J. N. Bates, executive of Asiatic Petroleum Co. was the receiver of a large and joyful send-off. Back to his desk in Shanghai were his plans.

Homeward bound to the United States was Mrs. A. E. Hewlett, accompanied by her son and daughter. On their arrival in Shanghai the head of the family and of General Motors will embark and continue across the Pacific Ocean for a business and holiday trip.

And there were Mr. and Mrs. B. Wythe of the "South China Morning Post," all set for an adventurous vacation trip home to England, via America. We guarantee he will find plenty of "headlines" in his journey across the States.

Mr. V. Desborough, of the National Carbon Co., was certainly enjoying the party surrounding him at the hour of departure for his office in Shanghai.

Quietly Mr. J. Cochet of the Messageries Maritimes, watched the leave-taking scene about him. This French gentleman is travelling to Kobe for business reasons.

s.s. Carthage

WE HAD BETTER warn all "helicopters" right now. The Passport Department have gone seriously and thoroughly into the "inspection of passports" on all steamers flying up to the Kowloon pier. Therefore, for public information, no one is allowed on the steamers until after the inspection which usually takes one hour after the ship is tied up and the gangway lowered. Police inspectors board the ships at the pier and carry out their work in the approximate time specified, then the public is admitted.

The P. and O. steamer Carthage arrived at the pier, Wednesday 12.30 p.m. passport inspection took an hour while friends lined the pier greeting visitors at the ship's rail. And right there and then summer heat commenced.

Out of the long line of passengers up at the steamer's rail we spied that amusing Mr. E. B. Nelson, Assistant Superintendent out at Kai Tak. With a glass in hand (bicarbonate soda) he smiled and nodded hellos to friends ashore. A splendid vacation of nine months has vanished for this gentleman, back to planes and their doings is the order this morning.

The Standard Vacuum Oil Co.'s "Big Wigs" were out in force to "hello" Mr. H. Schultz back from a look-see at Singapore and Manila.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Russell and Miss S. Russell were other vacation returners. Quite a large group of friends were down to greet the Chinese Maritime Customs official.

Empress of Canada

WEDNESDAY, 5.15 P.M. the Empress of Canada came into the harbour from Manila bearing proof of a rough voyage with high seas.

Tourists, and more tourists, filled the big ship. The University Student Council Tour from Manila, under the protection of Mr. S. H. Laurel and Mr. T. T. Reyes, disembarked in the Colony. There are thirty-three members in the group which sails this week-end on the Assama Maru for Shanghai and Japan.

Another group of thirty-five members, a "Ladies Tour" chartered by Dr. M. S. Santamaría, embarked on the Jean Laborde for an inspection of the North.

Mr. R. E. Rosburgh, accompanied by Mr. S. D. Begg disembarked from a round business trip to Manila. The number One of Thornycroft and Co., Ltd., just lately returned from a trip to England, via Canada.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Campbell with their daughter and young son were also arrivals. This family, connected with the Asiatic Petroleum Co., have called Cebu their home in the past. However, being nearly squashed by "Philippine college students," an introduction was missed.

The visit to Hongkong for the Hon. A. Carmelo and Mrs. Carmelo, and their three daughters, is strictly a vacation. The voyage up from the south was rough, but they are anticipating a pleasant ten days stay in our city.

Judge P. Jugo of Manila and Palawan is accompanied by Mrs. Jugo, three sons and a daughter.

CHINA'S ENORMOUS
SILVER RESERVESPrecious Metal Provides
Sinews For Her War Of
National Salvation

BY T. PAUL GREGORY

CHINA'S BATTLES ARE BEING FOUGHT WITH SILVER. THE "PALE DRUDGE" OF THE ECONOMIST IS ASSUMING AN EVER-INCREASING ROLE in aiding the nation to resist the most savage invasion in her long history. The enormous reserves of the precious metal at her command are enabling her to maintain intact her credit abroad, and with her buying power unimpaired, she is in a position to carry on her struggle indefinitely.

This accumulation of treasure has been made possible by the simple fact that the Chinese, since their contact with the aggressive nations of the West, which began over three centuries ago, until recent decades, have demanded silver in exchange for their porcelains, teas, silks, and other products. Consequently, Western traders in order to pay for these desiderata from old Cathay were obliged to export silver, and it is probable that no ship from the West arrived in Canton without silver coins or bullion as part of her cargo.

The constant movement of the white metal from Europe and America has enabled China to build up a tremendous reserve of treasure, and, despite the shrewd guesses of statisticians as to the actual amount, it is probable that the sum total of silver hoarded in China is even greater in quantity than that of India—a nation celebrated throughout the East for the careful hoarding of her people.

VARIOUS FACTORS:

Various factors have contributed to the extension of China's hoard, not the least perhaps being that, whilst the nations of the West acknowledged gold as the unit of a monetary standard, China remained in the medieval condition of being without a definite form of currency other than that of a chaotic system of copper coins.

Silver and gold were, of course, largely used, but were paid for by weight. Sycee, or pure silver bullion, in the form of shoe-shaped ingots, was utilised for most commercial transactions, and the standard weight was that of the tael, equivalent to one ounce and a third. These ingots were issued from various K'ing-nan-fong, or "silver refineries," and were stamped with the place of issue and the title of the reigning sovereign.

This elemental coinage enjoyed immense popularity among the common people, so that even when the Chinese Government made a gallant endeavour to emulate foreign custom by starting a mint at Shanghai in the early 'fifties, it had to confess failure; for when it coined silver in the form of silver dollars, the masses when they had received any great quantity of them, would return them to the crucible, and re-cast them into the shoe-shaped ingots which they had so long been accustomed to use.

However, along with these ingots of sycee silver, an incalculable amount of foreign silver dollars circulated, or rather were accepted at the value of their silver content.

"CAROLUS" DOLLARS:

The earliest of these coins from abroad to be exported in quantity to China were the "Caroline" dollars of Spain, which were issued from the mint at Mexico City. Millions of these coins were shipped to the East, and became so popular that even to this day, the "Mexican dollar" although it is seldom seen in circulation is nevertheless a familiar term in commercial usage.

The Mexican dollar with its weight of 416 grains, Troy, and of a fineness of .9000 became the forerunner of a whole series of other dollars, intended not only to provide China with a standardised silver currency, but also to enhance the national prestige of the country of issue.

A short visit here will give them all a new lease on life. From appearances all Manila's important families are sold on Hongkong for a vacation spot this time of year. Mr. and Mrs. E. De La Rama with their daughters having arrived on Tuesday morning in their motor ship the Don Esteban from Iloilo.

Therefore, there was an economic loss on the part of the United States; for finding that the coins would not be accepted at face value, they had to ship them home, where they created great confusion to the American public, as the "trade dollar" brought only 90 cents, whilst the standard dollar was accepted at par.

Consequently, those nations which hoped to extend their influence in China were sadly baffled when it came to providing a medium of exchange which would compete with the favoured Mexican dollar. Even the United States, which sought to provide an outlet for the silver from its western mines, had to acknowledge that its "trade dollar" issued from 1873 to 1894 was a definite failure; for although it weighed more than the Mexican dollar its silver content was less.

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ENGLISH LAW KNOWS NO DISTINCTION BETWEEN RICH & POOR

Interesting Address By Sir Atholl MacGregor

"ENGLISH LAW KNOWS NO DISTINCTION BETWEEN RICH AND POOR, JEW AND GENTILE, OFFICIAL AND UNOFFICIAL. In the eyes of the law each is free and because he is free he is a responsible citizen and as such answerable to the law for any infringement of the rights of any of his fellow citizens. Not even the highest official in the land can set up Act of State as his justification for an illegal act," declared the Chief Justice, Sir Atholl MacGregor, K.C., in an interesting address on "Freedom in English Law" which he delivered before a large audience at St. John's Hall on Tuesday night.

Sir Atholl, in his address, said:—

When a few weeks ago my friend George She asked me if I would give you a talk on some legal subject, I was very proud of the honor he was doing me and I very gladly accepted the invitation. I have come to a stage in life when one feels that youth is incomparably the greatest of gifts. Youth is so essentially vital and receptive and youth has the glorious adventure of having all life before it to shape and to mould into proper form, and so when I began to look for a subject I chose one that I think has a real meaning and message to the rising generation, the subject of Liberty in English Law.

Some among you may, in after years, guide and control the destinies of the great Republic of China; many of you will certainly in the fields of medicine, science and teaching, bring enlightenment, happiness and prosperity to your fellowmen, and so I felt justified in believing, as I very confidently believe, that if I could convince you that there is no greater human blessing, whether for state or for subject, than Liberty, as that word is understood and safeguarded by English Law and the British administration of justice, I should have justified this intrusion on your time and have given you a message of real outstanding importance.

The canvas which I have before me is so vast that it would be impossible for anyone in one brief lecture to fill it or indeed to do more than trace upon it a faint outline, but I hope that even an outline may be enough to whet your appetites for more and to encourage you for yourselves to read and study a subject which perhaps more than any other, distinguishes democracy from despotism.

And so with this brief introduction, I come to my task.

On January 30, 1649, Charles I was executed in Whitehall. A spectator has told how when the

blow fell "there was such a groan by the thousands then present as I never heard before and desire I may never hear again."

In these days when nations need above all authority which is not state worship, and liberty which is not anarchy, the King's last speech has a deep import. Having declared that he desired the people's freedom, he continued "Their liberty and freedom consist in having of government these laws by which their life and their goods shall be most their own." It is not having a share in government, Sirs: that is nothing pertaining to them. A subject and a sovereign are clear different things.

TWO REASONS

I have chosen that tragic day as my starting point for two reasons. It was the practice in those days of public execution for each victim of the scaffold to make a farewell speech for the edification of posterity. King Charles could hardly have conscientiously believed that he had devoted the years of his reign to preserving the liberties of his subjects, for, as I shall show you later, it was in Stuart times that the Royal house made the most determined attempts to encroach on the liberties of their subjects, but King Charles must have realized that liberty was the most precious heritage of each one of his subjects, a heritage to which even the divine right of Kings must yield.

What then is the source from which in England flows this life blood of freedom? If one were considering almost any country but England the answer would be simple: France put liberty in the forefront of her republican constitution and so does the written constitution of Belgium.

On July 4, 1776, came the declaration of American independence. Jefferson's wording is a model of such stately and statesmanlike English that you will forgive me for quoting from it. "We hold these truths to be self-

evident; that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their creator with certain inalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, that to secure these rights governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed." Even the charters of post-war Germany and of Soviet Russia are at pains to declare guaranteed freedom of person, of speech and of the press, though few solemn declarations can have been more cynically disregarded.

A student of comparative legislation will have no difficulty in discovering similar legislative authority for liberty in almost every civilized country, but in England he will search the statutes in vain for any comparable pronouncement.

At first sight that no doubt seems to be a very sweeping statement which can easily be refuted by reference to Magna Carta of 1215; the Petition of Right in 1628 and the Bill of Rights and the Toleration Act of 1689. When, however, one examines those great historical documents, one finds that they, none of them, contain any new principle. Indeed, the circumstances in which they came into being show clearly that they do no more than re-affirm cardinal principles of English policy of the relations that long had subsisted and must continue to subsist between subject and monarch.

NO NOVELTY

Magna Carta, to which most people would at once point as the written guarantee of our social liberties, was no novelty, nor did it claim to establish any new constitutional principles. The charter of Henry I who died eighty years earlier, formed the basis of the whole, and the additions to that old charter are merely formal recognition of the judicial changes introduced by Henry II.

It is in the main a vague document which, by modern canons of draughtsmanship, would manifestly raise problems of interpretation which would be the delight or despair of any judge, but, when it comes to pronounce on the subject of liberty, the rights of Englishmen, their right to justice, to security of person and property and to good government are enunciated in clear tones refreshingly free from vagueness or ambiguity. "No free man," runs the memorable 39th Article which is the basis of our whole judicial system, "shall be seized or imprisoned or disseised or outlawed, or in any way brought to ruin, we will not go against any man nor send against him, save by legal judgment of his peers or by the law of the land." So, more than seven hundred years ago, our liberty was recognised in writing, at least so far as freedom

from arrest or arbitrary imprisonment was concerned. But mark the beginning of the great article—"No free man" and the last words "by the law of the land."

In the thirteenth century all in England were not free: the feudal system was in full force, and the Barons who negotiated the Charter with King John would, in view of their feudal rights, have been the last to demand from their King any restriction of their existing rights over their vassals. All men were not free, but they gained public recognition of their freedom, slow though the process was, not by virtue of any statutory declaration, but by the law of the land, a law that was established and pronounced by the judges and in some cases, by the action of juries of their fellow subjects.

From the moment when first the independence of the judiciary was grudgingly admitted the judges discouraged villenage. So late as 1817 in the reign of James I the defence of villenage was set up, though happily it failed, but in a much earlier case all the Judges of the Court sat and held that the prescription of villenage had failed since the first year of the reign of Henry VII.

UNIQUE REIGNS

Can we then say that with the accession of James I universal freedom in England was gladly and freely recognized? Unfortunately we cannot. The reigns of the Stuart Kings are fortunately unique in our island's troubled history. The Stuarts set up the divine right of Kings, their judges were weak and time-serving and the great proclamations of Magna Carta were deliberately and repeatedly flouted. Discontent at the recurrent invasions of liberty of person and of property grew rapidly till in 1628 Charles I was compelled to assent to the Petition of Right which provided in the main that there should be no taxation without consent of Parliament and no illegal imprisonment.

Charles I however was determined to go down with his flag flying. Next year, 1629, he dissolved Parliament, and with the help of his two ministers Strafford and Laud he embarked on the fatal decade of government by prerogative alone. Things went from bad to worse till they came to a head in the famous case of the King v. Hampden, better known perhaps as the case of Ship Money, in 1637. The judges of the day were so accommodatingly complaisant and Charles having no Parliament to consult, made it his habit to take the opinion of the Judges.

In 1638 all twelve Judges advised him that he might properly issue prerogative writs for the collection of ship money, so he duly issued writs throughout the realm.

Hampden refused to pay and was duly proceeded against in the Court of Exchequer Chamber and by his action vindicated the personal and political liberties of Englishmen. On the trial some of the Judges preferred their duty to the law to their allegiance to the King, who secured judgment by a majority of only seven to five. That was the last straw on the back of a long suffering public. The great Long Parliament assembled and in 1640 passed a statute vacating and cancelling the judgment and declaring all the proceedings contrary to "the laws and statutes of the realm, the rights of property, the liberty of the subject and the Petition of Right."

King Charles thereupon hoisted his standard and there began the Civil War which ended in the battle of Preston in 1648 and the execution of the King next year.

Do you wonder, in view of that history, that I am inclined to doubt the sincerity of the King's dying speech?

NOT IN VAIN

The great rebellion had not been in vain. The Courts of Star Chamber and High Commission were not revived. Feudal tenures were abolished. The restrictions which Henry VIII and Elizabeth had placed on the freedom of the press, restrictions against which Milton had pleaded in vain in the *Arcopagitica*, were allowed to lapse in 1679 and abolished in 1695. In 1879 too the Habeas Corpus Act was passed. In 1688 came the revolution and next year William and Mary ascended the throne of England and the Bill of Rights and the Toleration Act became law.

Let me remind you of what Macaulay wrote:—"The highest eulogy which can be pronounced on the revolution of 1688 is this, that it was our last revolution. For the authority of law, for the security of property, for the peace of our streets, for the happiness of our homes, our gratitude is due, under Him who raises and pulls down nations at his pleasure, to the Long Parliament, to the Convention and to William of Orange" and, again:—"the Declaration of Right, though it made nothing law which had not been law before, contained the germ of the law which gave religious freedom to the dissenter, of the law which secured the independence of the Judges, of the law which placed the liberty of the press under the protection of juries, of the law which prohibited the slave trade, of the law which abolished the sacramental test, of the law which relieved the Roman Catholics from civil disabilities, of every good law which has been passed during more than a century and a half, of every good law which may hereafter in the course of ages be found necessary to promote the public weal and to satisfy the demands of public opinion."

This historical introduction has, I fear, been unduly long, but I feel that without some picture of the background against which our present liberties have grown up no real conception of their nature or of their inestimable value is easy or in fact possible.

I pass now to consider what our freedom consists in and how it is safeguarded.

It is natural that we should begin with the most precious of liberties, the freedom of person

and property. But surely, a critic might say, at least since the abolition of slavery, one's personal liberty is assured in every civilised country? Unfortunately that is not so. Almost daily one reads of persons arbitrarily arrested, without process of law, imprisoned for years without being brought to trial, of mass executions.

TREATMENT OF JEWS

It is commonplace nowadays to read of the sins of the fathers being visited on the children; and the treatment of the Jews in Germany, Austria and Italy, not because they had committed any crime, but merely because they were Jews, is terrible proof that person and property are not safe and that barbarism again walks on the earth.

I have just been reading a dreadful book on the Russia of to-day under Josef Stalin from which I quote:—

Vladimir Khenkin, a popular comic actor, had a sure-fire "gag." It meant nothing to the uninitiated, but it convulsed Russian audiences with laughter. There were those in the audiences who winced and only pretended to laugh.

"One night," he said with a straight face, in the course of his famous monologue, "I heard a vigorous knock at my door. So I took my little suitcase and went to open the door."

He paused for the guffaws and they always came. The reference was to the simple fact (incredible to anyone outside of Russia) that professional men, engineers, technicians and other pre-revolutionary intellectuals usually had a few things packed in readiness for the emergency of a sudden arrest. Any night "the wagon" might arrive, and it was the part of foresight to have an extra change of underwear, a little dried bread, a few other things that might lighten the burden of imprisonment, always on hand. The possession of such a suitcase was certainly not a token of guilty conscience, except the guilt of being alive, prematurely literate, and belonging to the wrong category of human beings.

Most of the educated classes were guilty, indeed, of a deep and incurable crime, namely, scepticism. For the most part, they regarded the Kremlin's efforts as fantastic, its "tempers" of industrialization foolhardy and doomed to failure, the human cost of the whole enterprise barbarous. The vague charge of "sabotage" under which so many thousands of them were rounded up, tortured, exiled, and executed amounted, when sifted down to essentials, to just that ingrained doubt complicated by discontent over physical privations and mental reservations.

One need not be guilty of an overt act to have his house searched, himself stuck away in a foul cell, his family terrorized. An anonymous denunciation by someone who coveted his room or his job might do it, or the fact that he had been seen playing chess with someone else who was denounced.

Perhaps his name was listed in the address book of a suspected person, or a second cousin by marriage, in the course of interrogation, had mentioned the relationship. Worst of all, the machines he had helped buy or install, after being manhandled by peasants accustomed only to managing wooden

plows, had broken down mysteriously.

And again—

In the sum total of anguish incident upon the revolution the valuta episode may not bulk large. Its victims must be counted by the tens of thousands while those of liquidation concentration camps and man-made famine run into millions. But its cruelty was naked and unprovoked without a shadow of "revolutionary" rationalization; its victims drawn from all classes. None of the stock excuses for brutality apply; a dictatorial state merely captured its subjects secretly and bled them white for a paltry few million dollars. There was not even the formality of a decree to sanctify the procedure; the victims had come by their valuta legally and even under the Soviet law had every right to it; the hocus pocus of a "voluntary contribution" through torture somehow added depths of ugliness to the ghastly business.

POSITION CONTRASTED

Let us contrast the position wherever the British flag flies. There no person whether British subject or resident alien may be arrested save on a charge of a breach of the law. Every person who has been arrested must be brought before a court without delay and he cannot be imprisoned unless that court has so ordered.

The propriety of arrest or imprisonment can at any time be tested by proceedings by way of habeas corpus, that high prerogative writ which commands a person who is detaining another forthwith to produce the body of the prisoner to submit to whatever the judge shall consider in that behalf, and, as Lord Ellenborough put it, "the court ever leans towards liberty."

Every trial in a British Court is held publicly in open court and every man against whom a serious charge is brought is entitled to the verdict of a jury of his peers. Furthermore, if arbitrary and unjustified arrests are made the person arrested has a right to damages against those responsible, and juries are not slow to mark by the award of heavy damages, their sense of indignation at the unwarranted invasion of personal liberty.

Some of you may have read the report of a very recent case where well-intentioned police officers in the course of a very busy day at a racecourse arrested two inwardly reputable but outwardly dishevelled gentlemen on suspicion of larceny. Their suspicions though natural proved to be ill founded and a jury awarded each of the arrested men substantial damages. That sort of public vindication of personal liberty could not occur under any other system of justice.

English law knows no distinction between rich and poor, Jew and Gentile, official and unofficial. In the eyes of the law each is free and because he is free he is a responsible citizen and as such answerable to the law for any infringement of the rights of any of his fellow citizens. Not even the highest official in the land can set up Act of State as his justification for an illegal act.

There is nothing in English jurisprudence comparable with the continental system of administrative law under which acts done by officials in the pretended interests of the State cannot be enquired into by the ordinary

courts of the land but can be investigated only by special administrative tribunals in which quite different tests of legality and culpability are applied.

SIMPLE TEST

Under the English system the test is a uniform and a simple one. Every man is answerable to the law but no man is answerable to any other authority and the complete independence of the Judiciary and the use of the Jury system are sufficient for ever to preserve our personal freedom.

In those days of inordinately high taxation which invades and diminishes property even after the owner is dead and buried, it may seem almost absurd to stress the principle of English law that every person has a right of property in his land and his goods, a right that can only be taken away with his consent. It was not always so—nor alas! is it so to-day in some unhappy countries.

I have already reminded you of the case of Ship Money, which like Bate's case (the case of impositions) was an attempt by the Crown to impose taxation without the authority of Parliament. The assertion of any such prerogative right would be unthinkable to-day and a man's property is his own to dispose of as he will, subject only to taxation and necessity.

Taxation can be imposed only by act of Parliament and as every subject is deemed to be present in Parliament and a consent to everything that is done there, collective assent of Parliament is equivalent to the individual assent of every subject.

The comparatively rare case of interference with private right of property on grounds of necessity—for instance where buildings have to be demolished to allow of the widening of a street—must also obtain the approval of Parliament, and, again, the courts have stepped in and declared that such an alteration of the law to the disadvantage of the subject must be effected by express words or by necessary implication, for Parliament is presumed never to intend an interference with vested rights. Even if it is clear that it has so intended then the courts have introduced a further presumption, that compensation be paid in respect of the interference.

CONSCIENCE

Of freedom of conscience I need say little. The Toleration Act of 1689 established the great principle, and its extension by the Acts of 1812 and 1855 means that throughout the British Commonwealth of Nations every person is free to hold the religious belief that his conscience dictates, to practice that belief so long as he does not thereby occasion a breach of the peace, and to express that belief publicly so long as his expression is not blasphemous. No person under the Union Jack is subject to any disabilities, nor can he be made to suffer in person or in property, by reason of his religious belief.

I come now to the most interesting as it is one of the most valuable of our liberties—freedom of speech, discussion, meeting and the press. I am taking them together because they are so

clearly different aspects of the same great liberty. After all, practical purposes is the freedom of individual human beings to express themselves by the spoken or written word or by action within the frame-work of laws freely made and accepted, and so long as that is so enforced silence is nothing but imprisonment of the mind.

The press, the right of public speech and of public meeting which are essentially characteristics of democracy connote freedom because they are agencies for the free expression of thought. Without the right to express dissent there can be no freedom in the political sense.

For a dictatorship restriction of freedom of speech and of public discussion, and censorship of the press are essential. With the spread of fascism and authoritarianism throughout the world the shadow of the censor grows longer every year.

Let me remind you, as thanks to the "Hongkong Telegraph," I am able to do, what Herr Hitler thinks of the freedom of the press:

"The state must not forget that all means have to serve an end. It must not let itself be led astray by humbug about the so-called 'freedom of the press' and be cajoled into dodging its duty and withholding from the nation the fare which it needs and does it good. With implacable decisiveness it must secure for itself this means for educating the people and place it in the service of state and nation. The activity of the so-called liberal press was grave-diggers' work for the German people and Reich."

SOVIET VIEW

The work from which I have already cited puts the Soviet Russian point of view thus:

"The Soviet Press is officially owned and more rigidly controlled than any of the other state properties. It is frankly and proudly a kept press—kept by the government, the Communist party, the trade unions, which are but different names for the same centralised power. The very memory of an 'independent' newspaper in serious disagreement with the government has faded out. Every sentence in every paper has been censored. Not merely what it actually says but the inflections and over-tones of its dreaded voice are political weather-vanes to the initiate. Its very silences are portentous. An editorial is the equivalent of an official pronouncement."

"The faint hint of a new attitude towards some sector of the population in a random article may foreshadow destiny for millions. The kind of news published, the stress placed on an occurrence, the failure to mention certain events at home or abroad—all have an importance they do not possess where the press is free. The whole ethical baggage of journalism in democratic countries has been thrown overboard by the Bolsheviks. No claim is made for unbiased or objective reporting. No pretence is made of newspaper independence and no reference is ever made to the freedom or dignity of the Fourth Estate. All this baggage, in fact, the Communists regard as a piece of bourgeois hypocrisy."

The press is not primarily a conveyor of news at all. It is first

of all an agency of the Soviet regime in accomplishing its political and economic objectives. Its full force is always focussed upon the achievement of specific practical results. In the editorial offices on the top floor of the state-grey five-storey Izvestia Building, a prominent Russian newspaper man was explaining that to me one evening. "But how about truths and facts?" I prodded him. "Here am I, a stranger in your midst. What you print is my chief source of information. Can I believe it?"

"If it is printed it's truth for us. We don't know and don't care about bourgeois notions of facts. We Soviet journalists are not just reporters. We don't boast of standing above the turmoil like recording angels. On the contrary, we are in the thick of the fight, pioneers in the job of changing our country. If certain information retards this work, we would be crazy to print it. As far as we are concerned it is then neither news nor truth. It becomes plain counter-revolution."

Dictatorship does not seem to require a profound sense of humour as one of its main qualifications, and the following instance of the mis-use of the censorship may amuse you.

PRO-GERMAN POLICY

In Yugoslavia the pro-German policy of the Stoyadinovich Government aroused strong resentment among the people and all but pro-Government articles were banned from the press to avoid the risk of this popular indignation developing into an organised campaign. The Belgrade newspaper Politika had been publishing a comic strip recounting the adventures of that great popular hero Mickey Mouse in a country ruled over by a boy king. When the story reached the point at which the wicked uncle of the king was plotting to depose him the strip abruptly disappeared from the paper.

The authorities took the view that the strip was anti-governmental propaganda directed against the regent Prince Paul, who deputised for his nephew King Peter. Reuter's correspondent in Belgrade reported the story, with the result that he was ordered to leave the country within three days. So Mickey Mouse for the first time fell under the censor's ban, and the incredible gravity of Yugoslav officialdom—became the laughing stock of Europe.

It reminds one of the magnificent effort of the British censor during the war who deleted from Kipling's Recessional the line "The Captains and the Kings depart" on the grounds that it might give information about military movements to the enemy.

Under British rule, we are, save in time of war, rid of such restrictions and absurdities. But it was not always so, for, whenever any large proportion of a nation is disaffected towards its Government, a free press becomes a source of danger. The censorship of the press continued in England till 1895, and then its abolition was rather accidental than deliberate, as Macaulay caustically points out in the 18th chapter of his History of England.

The only vestiges of such censorship which still remain are the Lord Chamberlain's control over stage plays and the censorship of film pictures. So that "free communication of thoughts and opinions" which according to the

Declaration of the Rights of Man "is one of the most valuable of the rights of man" became a reality, and has remained so except when censorship has been imposed in time of war or by the voluntary act of the press in what they consider the true interests of the country. Such instances are naturally rare, but they are none the less commendable and show conclusively how responsible are the great organs of the press.

RECENT INSTANCES

Let me recall three very recent instances. The long silence of newspapers in the British Empire on the position that existed before the abdication of Edward VIII was seized upon abroad as proof that, in spite of its claims to be free, the British press was, in fact, subject to Government control. That argument is on the face of it absurd. Had the possibility of Government pressure existed it would obviously not have been restricted to British newspapers.

Correspondents of the foreign press in London would have been equally hampered in the compiling and despatch of news, whereas in fact the impending crisis filled columns in the newspapers of practically every country outside the British Empire. Within the Empire a voluntary ban was imposed by newspapers in an attempt to avoid precipitating by any undue publicity a situation which it was hoped might never arise. Their action was subsequently criticised by people who felt they had not been properly served by their press, but, all honour to them, it was a step unanimously taken with a view to serving the best interests of the country.

In autumn 1935 the situation in the Mediterranean was tense. The Admiralty in the national interests requested the press not to publish the movements of His Majesty's ships in what in effect was a naval mobilisation. Newspapers daily received news of a great naval concentration in the Eastern Mediterranean; ships were arriving there from Home stations, from the West Indies, from China, from India and from Australasia. There was almost a complete silence in the press.

One newspaper disagreed with the official attitude and published three fleet movements, though without sensational headlines or comment. There was no prosecution for the simple reason that they had committed no offence and punishment would have been illegal. The same thing happened, and this time without exception, in connection with Fleet movements in the very critical days in September, 1938.

In what then does this vaunted and much prized freedom of the spoken and the written word consist? It is, I feel, almost an anticlimax to pronounce the law on the subject so I shall leave it to much greater men than I. "The Liberty of the Press" said Lord Mansfield "consists in printing without any previous licence, subject to the consequences of law."

Lord Ellenborough said "The law of England is a law of liberty and, consistent with this liberty, we have not what is called an imprimatur: there is no such preliminary licence necessary; but if a man publish a paper he is exposed to the penal consequences, as he is in every other act, if it be illegal."

Lord Kenyon puts it more bluntly:

"A man may publish anything which twelve of his countrymen think is not blameworthy;" and to come down to more recent times Lord Shaw in 1914 in Arnold v. The King Emperor wrote, "The freedom of the journalist is an ordinary part of the freedom of the subject, and to whatever lengths the subject in general may go so also may the journalist, but apart from statute law, his privilege is no other and no higher. The responsibilities which attach to his power in the dissemination of printed matter may, and in the case of a conscientious journalist do, make him more careful; but the range of his assertions, his criticisms or his comments is as wide as and no wider than that of any other subject."

Our journalists are honourable; they are, like us, citizens who have at heart the best interests of their country, but they are apt to be insatiable in their search for news and at times almost unscrupulous in the methods by which they obtain it, especially if they scent a scoop.

The great barons of the Fourth Estate wield a power that few if any others can aspire to control and it would be unnatural if in a country like England, where freedom is the breath of every man's nostrils they and their journalists were not subject to criticism and good-natured satire.

Let me lighten this lecture with two quotations from Humbert Wolfe's Uncelestial City:

"You cannot hope to bribe or twist,

Thank God, the British journalist

But, seeing what the man will do

Unbribed, there's no occasion to.

So much for the journalist in his reporter's stage. Now see what he writes of the magnates of many thundering presses—

And then consider, John, if we determine

To take this line at the end of our careers

We might assume hereditary crime

And hide our heads among a crowd of peers

Saying:

The House of Lords is waiting for

The Newspaper Proprietor.

So! Attention! Listen! Dear! Glory to the new made peer.

Hark, The Herald's College sings.

As it takes his quarterings.

TRUE IDEALS

In what other country in Europe would such a biting satire be tolerated, especially from a Jew? The answer is that in England we know that the British Press is incorruptible. We have cause to be proud of our press which consistently preaches and promotes the true ideals of democracy; which is great enough to withstand and ignore those temporary shocks and cataclysms which bring governments from their high estate; and which well deserves the title of the Fourth Estate of the Realm, in a country where liberty will always be supreme.

The motto of the press must be: Fearless service of the public interest.

Kipling in his poem The Press wrote:

The Pope may launch his Interdict
The Union its Decree
But the bubble is blown and the bubble is pricked
By Us and such as We.
Remember the battle and stand aside
While Thrones and Powers confess
That King over all the Children of Pride
Is the Press—the Press—the Press.

Is our liberty then at last secure so long as our present form of democratic government subsists? One's first inclination is to say 'yes' with thankfulness and without reservation, but second thoughts are apt to make one doubtful in view of a very recent but none the less threatening development. I have earlier in this talk pointed out that the government official is in no better position at law than any of the citizens whom he serves and that the Courts by common acclaim have been deputed to hold the scales between official and subject.

DETERMINED ATTEMPT

Of recent years there has been a subtle but still a determined attempt to enable officials to determine matters which by statute come to them for official decision. For two and a half centuries our fathers had every reason to believe that they were free within the law and that if their liberty of legal action appeared to them to be infringed there was a Court presided over by an independent judge whose duty it was to investigate and adjudicate on the rights of the parties.

Lord Justice Farwell, in my own days at the Bar in London, said, as he was justified in saying, that "the Courts are the only defence of the liberty of the subject against departmental aggression." Only a year or two after that date began the insidious process of legislating in skeleton form including in the statute wide rule making powers to a Minister and then adding a wicked provision ousting the control of the Courts. That provision takes many forms as the devil can quote scripture for his own ends.

We read, for instance, that the Minister's approval of action purporting to be taken under certain rules "shall be conclusive evidence that the requirements of this act have been complied with"—or that "the order has been made and is within the powers of this act."

Others, even less politely, do not mince words but provide that a departmental order "shall be final and not subject to appeal to any Court," or "shall be final and conclusive" or "shall have effect as if enacted in this act."

I have spoken already of the continental system of administrative law, but surely here we have in our midst what is sheer administrative lawlessness. Lord Sumner, only a few years later, was impelled

to comment on "the flagrant clauses we have had making department by regulation on top of legislation by Order in Council and 'Departmental Bills' the object of which is to shepherd us and regiment us more and more."

BEYOND REACH

In plain English the meaning and effect of such legislation is to oust the jurisdiction of the Courts and to place what is departmentally done and decided beyond the reach of the law. There are legal remedies designed to correct and prevent the usurpation of jurisdiction or to compel a duty which has been omitted to be duly performed. Nothing can better inspire confidence and safeguard liberty than the knowledge that in case of need recourse can be had to an impartial public tribunal governed by law and itself subject to review.

The knowledge that the machinery exists and can be employed tends to have the effect of rendering its employment unnecessary, save only in the exceptional case.

The function of the British Navy is not conflict; its function is to make conflict undesirable.

I urge you strongly to be on your guard against any such peaceful and pervasive curtailment of your liberty. The price of liberty is eternal vigilance.

What then is the lesson which each of you may learn from this talk? The other day in the course of desultory reading I came across words written by Sydney Smith shortly after the end of the Napoleonic wars—words which are equally true of England to-day and will, I sincerely hope, within a very short time, be true of a united and free China.

"This is what is called country—equal rights to unequal possessions, equal justice to the rich and poor—this is what men come out to fight for and to defend. Such a country has no legal injuries to remember, no legal murders to revenge, no legal robbery to redress. It is strong in its justice. It is then that the use and object of all this assemblage of gentlemen and arrangement of juries and the deserved veneration in which we hold the character of English judges is understood in all its bearings and its fullest effects."

"Men die for such things. They cannot be subdued by foreign force where such just practices prevail. The sword of ambition is shivered to pieces against such a bulwark. Nations fall where judges are unjust because there is nothing which the multitude think worth defending; but nations do not fall which are treated as we are treated but they rise as we have risen and they shine as we have shone and die as we have died too much used to justice and too much used to freedom to care for that life which is not just and free. This country is a country of the law, the judge

is a judge for the peasant as well as for the palace. Every man's happiness is guarded by fixed rules from tyranny and caprice.

"The Christian patience you may witness, the impartiality of the Judgment seat, the dis-respect of persons, the disregard of consequences; these attributes of justice do not end with arranging your conflicting rights and mine. They give strength to the English people, duration to the English name, they turn the animal courage of this people into moral and religious courage and present to the lowest of mankind plain reasons and strong motives why they should resist aggression from without and blind themselves a living rampart round the land of their birth."

TRUE END OF DEMOCRACY

The true end of democracy is to unite the best qualities of every citizen in a national fellowship of all and everywhere to hold aloft the banner of liberty and justice. Democracy cannot tolerate an exclusiveness of its own. For centuries in England the citizens who were outside the Constitution were doing battle to make their way inside. How long and how grim that battle was anyone may usefully remind himself in an hour by reading the Epilogue to John Richard Green's Short History of the English People but having with difficulty made their way inside, the former outsiders must beware of making in their turn a new body of outsiders.

The artisan and the maid-servant have now full share of public responsibility, but it is well to remember that responsibility is shared not more by the maid-servant than by the marchioness, not less by the artist than by the artisan. And where democracy takes the form of representative institutions common fairness and the desire to arrive at a true conclusion make it imperative that every good citizen should be ready and willing to hear both sides of the question fully argued.

Democracy means self-government through debate. There is no virtue in a man's listening with complacency to opinions with which he cordially agrees. Tolerance begins only when he listens with patience to opinions from which he profoundly dissents.

But we must remember also that free-government does not mean government of each individual by himself but government of each individual by all the rest. Above all, remember that the ideal of liberty is not merely that men shall be free but also that they shall be willing and eager for others to be free.

In the words of a great American statesman and lawyer "Not what a nation does for itself but what a nation does for humanity is its title to honour and glory. In God's good world the way to scale the heights of prosperity and happiness is not to pull others down and climb up over them but to help all up together to united success."

A SATISFACTORY YEAR

Macao Electric Lighting Co's Annual Meeting

The twenty-eighth annual general meeting of the Macao Electric Lighting Co. Ltd. was held in the offices of Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews yesterday, when a satisfactory year's working was reported by the Chairman, Mr. F. J. Gellion.

There were present, in addition to the chairman, the following gentlemen:— Messrs. Henrique Nolasco and Wong Yu-chiu (Directors) Mr. M. M. Watson (representing Messrs. Johnson, Stokes and Master, secretaries) and Messrs. A. B. Raworth and A. Kitchie (shareholders).

CHAIRMAN'S SPEECH

The Chairman said: The report and statement of accounts for the year ending December 31st, 1938, has been in your hands for the prescribed period, and, with your permission, I propose that we take them as read.

After providing for depreciation the sum of \$95,415.20, there remains a net profit for the year of \$197,819.24 which, together with the sum of \$106,887.48 brought forward from last year, makes a total of \$303,506.72 for appropriation.

With this, it is proposed to pay a dividend of \$1.25 per share on 90,000 shares, absorbing \$112,500.00; To pay to the Government of Macao 5 per cent, on the amount distributed as dividend as per clause 15 of the Concessionary Contract, absorbing \$5,625.00; To transfer to general reserve the amount of \$50,000.00, and to carry forward for next year's account the sum of \$135,381.72.

VERY SATISFACTORY

I am very pleased to say that the year under review met with our expectations, when the total Kwh. sold increased by 15 per cent, and the number of consumers by 10 per cent, and we were able to reduce our bank overdraft by almost two lakhs, which I am sure you will agree was very satisfactory.

I am glad to state that the Company's plant and equipment has given every satisfaction and has been maintained in a high state of efficiency. I now propose that the accounts be passed. This was carried unanimously.

Mr. Gellion proposed the re-election of Mr. N. G. Beale as Director, which was seconded by Mr. Raworth, and carried unanimously.

Mr. Nolasco proposed the re-election of Messrs. Lowe, Bingham & Matthews, for the ensuing year, which was seconded by Mr. Raworth, and carried unanimously.

CONTINUED DIPLOMATIC ACTIVITY IN CAPITALS

Premier Sees The King

DIPLOMATIC ACTIVITY CONTINUES UNABATED IN LONDON, PARIS AND OTHER CAPITALS OF EUROPEAN COUNTRIES AS A RESULT OF THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION.

In London, the British Prime Minister saw His Majesty the King, while the Foreign Office was the scene of many visits from foreign diplomats.

In Paris similar activity is reported and the French Foreign Minister is stated to have held several conferences with his colleagues and other diplomatic bodies.

LONDON, April 12 (Reuter).—His Majesty the King returned to London unexpectedly from his Easter vacation at Windsor yesterday afternoon and saw Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the Prime Minister, at Buckingham Palace, soon after his arrival.

Mr. Chamberlain's audience at the Palace lasted eighty minutes and when the Prime Minister returned to Downing Street at about 6.20 p.m. he was cheered by a crowd.

The reason of the King's visit to London was to learn, at first hand, of the international developments and at the same time, to save the Premier from travelling to Windsor. It is expected that His Majesty will return to Windsor later.

FOREIGN OFFICE BUSY

After seeing the Soviet Ambassador, M. Malinsky, yesterday morning, Lord Halifax, the British Foreign Secretary, called on Mr. Neville Chamberlain at No. 10, Downing Street, where the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Cabinet continued their deliberations on the European situation in the afternoon.

The House of Lords will meet to-morrow at 3 p.m. when Lord Halifax will make a statement in reply to a question by Lord Snell inviting a statement on the international situation with particular regard to the Mediterranean area. The House of Commons will meet at 2.45 p.m. to-morrow.

Mr. Quo Tai-chi, the Chinese Ambassador in London, called at the Foreign Office yesterday afternoon and stayed for nearly an hour.

FULL CONVERSATIONS.

A British Official Wireless message states that the meeting of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Cabinet was attended by the Premier, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, the Foreign Secretary, the Home Secretary, the Secretary for Dominions Affairs, the President of the Board of Trade and the Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster. Sir Alexander Cadogan, Permanent Head of the Foreign Office, was also present.

Earlier yesterday, the Defence Ministers, the First Lord of the Admiralty, the Secretary for War, the Secretary for Air and the Minister for the Co-ordination of Defence, together with the Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, who is assisting Lord Chatfield in defence co-ordination questions, were in conference at the offices of the Committee of Imperial Defence.

ITALIANS STILL MEET RESISTANCE

Albanian Tribesmen Led By Princes

PARIS, APRIL 12 (REUTER).—According to AUTHORIZED SOURCES, states the Albanian Legation in Paris, fierce fighting occurred yesterday morning at Matidibra, Argyrocastro and El Bassan, where mountain tribesmen, supported by officers of the Regular Army, are fighting under the leadership of Prince Sali and Prince Hussein, both former pupils of Saint Cyr.

The Italians claim to have occupied both Argyrocastro and El Bassan.

FRONTIER TOWN

TIRANA, April 12 (Reuter).—Italian troops, according to the "Stefani" agency, yesterday occupied Bilshte, where they were enthusiastically welcomed by the inhabitants. Bilshte is the last locality along the Greek frontier not occupied.

A Battalion of "Black Shirts," who last week landed at Valona, are now reported to have completed the occupation of the whole of the surrounding zone.

CHINA ORDERS EQUIPMENT FOR YUNNAN-BURMA RLY. FROM BRITISH FIRMS

New Road "A Fine Feat Of Chinese Engineering"

LONDON, April 12 (Reuter).—The Chinese Government's Purchasing Commission recently placed orders with British firms for £180,000 worth of all sorts of construction material for the Yunnan-Burma railway, which is actively being pressed on towards completion. Further orders are now being negotiated.

The railway follows the route recommended by British engineers 40 years ago.

The "Times" correspondent, who recently motored over the Lashio-Kunming motor road, minutely describes his impressions, and observes: "This is a fine feat of Chinese engineering."

The total length from Lashio to the frontier is 124 miles, and from the frontier to Kunming 648 miles. Of the Chinese sector, 387 miles from Hsiao-kwan to the frontier were only begun in October, 1937, and despite the altitudes ranging from 2,000 to 8,000 feet, the road was completed for light traffic in 14 months.

WORST STRETCH
The worst stretch is from Lung-ling to Salween Valley, crossing an 8,000 feet mountain barrier of very steep gradients, and almost impossible curves, with sheer drops of 2,000 feet on the outer side.

Almost unlimited labour is now engaged on this part, but owing to the geological nature of the ground, landslides are frequent.

CHINESE ENGINEERS
A suspension bridge, 280 feet wide which crosses Salween was only recently finished, and it is now being reconstructed for heavier vehicles.

The "Times" correspondent expresses the opinion that if the road is to stand heavy traffic during the monsoon season, it must have adequate drains cut on the inside and which lead under the road.

Nevertheless, he says, the greatest credit is due to the Chinese engineers. "One leaves Yunnan with the utmost admiration for the determination and courage of the Chinese."

WANG CHING-WEI'S "PEACE" MOVES

Scathing Criticism By Kuomintang Member

CHUNGKING, APRIL 11 (CENTRAL).—THE "PEACE" MOVE OF MR. WANG CHING-WEI EXPELLED MEMBER OF THE KUOMINTANG, IS BITTERLY CRITICIZED BY MR. WU CHIH-HUI, Kuomintang member of the Central Supervisory Committee, in a lengthy statement issued yesterday.

Mr. Wu accuses Mr. Wang of opportunism of campaigning for China's surrender and undermining the Chinese morale at the present juncture and regrets that the attack on Mr. Lin Po-sheng and the assassination of Mr. Tseng Chung-ming both arose from Mr. Wang's imprudence in word and action.

The Kuomintang leader charges Mr. Wang with divulging diplomatic and military secrets in publishing the minutes of the 54th Conference of the Supreme National Defence Council in his statement issued on April 1. Mr. Wang, according to Mr. Wu, has even added several passages to the minutes, which are not contained in the original text. For this offence he should be severely punished. Whatever suggestions he had regarding the emergency situation, he should have presented them privately to the National Government for consideration. Instead of publishing them abroad.

is diametrically against this policy. Mr. Wu asks whether, in voicing such a preposterous opinion, he is not making himself Japan's mouth-piece and bargaining on Japan's behalf.

Signs of exhaustion

Negotiation for "peace," as advocated by Mr. Wang, at this juncture, would only give a much-desired rest to Japan, who is beginning to show signs of exhaustion in the bitter struggle with China and then, after half a year's respite, she would start a new drive to attack China's South-west with fresh vigour. Mr. Wu points out.

Recognition of Prince Konoye's declaration for a "New Order in East Asia" and the "linked relations between China and Japan" as basis of "peace" talks is tantamount to surrender to Japan. This can in no way be considered as a move for peace in the real sense of the word, but must be denounced as traitorous action against the State, Mr. Wu further states.

Mr. Wu claims that he possesses more detailed and reliable evidence than even the Chungking "Ta Kung Pao" report regarding Mr. Wang's alleged traitorous activities. He is ready to produce such evidence in case a suit is brought up in court.

"PUPPET'S" ADMISSIONS

No Connections With Wang Ching-wei

PEKING, April 12 (Reuter).—Wang Keh-min, head of the Provisional Government here, interviewed on his return from the Nanking meeting of the United Council, denied that there was any connection between the Provisional Government and Wang Ching-wei.

Wang Keh-min added that the possibility of forming a new Central Government was not even discussed in Nanking. He admitted that invitations from the Government to Wang Ching-wei had not even elicited a reply.

Reuter reports from Capetown that £1,500,000 worth of gold has left South Africa, there being no large shipment of metal since August last, as most of the gold since that date has been earmarked for the needs of South Africa.

Thirty-two people are dead and 300 injured as the result of fires in two neighbouring villages near Mahallahkebir, in lower Egypt, reports Reuter from Cairo.

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CHINA'S ENORMOUS SILVER RESERVES

(Continued from Page 8)

simplicity and effectiveness of the methods employed. The equipment of one of these refineries is crude, but in the hands of skilled workmen results are accomplished which even the most advanced Western laboratory might well envy.

In the first place, the total cost of the apparatus in the average plant might not exceed H. K. \$100 (£26). The furnace is the main item, but it may consist of only the usual fire-brick furnace or "chatty," burning charcoal as fuel, and urged by a tung-kwai, or pair of native bellows of primitive construction. The crucibles are made of a good quality of fire-clay, and being cheap can be freely used in large quantities, and after three or four firings are generally broken up, and tested for any silver adhering to their inner surfaces.

The melting process is very interesting, and is as follows:

The crucible containing the silver to be remelted is placed on the furnace, over a blazing fire of charcoal, and the whole vessel is covered over with pieces of the fuel, kept in place by several pieces of curved tiles which are used to keep in the heat. These portions of tile, it may be added, so concentrate the blaze that when the bellows are operated, the heat is rapidly developed, and the silver is soon melted.

As soon as this happens, the tile covering the crucible is removed for an instant, and some pieces of lead and a small quantity of saltpetre are thrown in. A violent ebullition takes place, which is then, checked by the addition of a handful or so of fine white sand.

READY FOR CASTING

The addition of these foreign substances to the melted silver refines it; for these collect the alloy in the metal and form a kind of vitreous scum, which is easily removed by means of a pair of tongs. These when stirred around in the silver gather the foreign substances on their points, and which, on removal, may be knocked off with a hammer. The operative next holds his tongs over the silver to see if the reflection in the molten metal is clear and distinct; if not, more saltpetre and sand are added, and the refining process repeated.

Generally, however, one application of saltpetre and sand is sufficient to remove the copper and lead used as alloy, and the silver may be said to be ready for casting into ingots.

However, before this is done, the silver is "improved" by adding a tiny pinch of arsenious trioxide to enhance its lustre. After being cast into iron moulds, the metal is stamped as it cools with details as to its fineness and the name of the refinery. It is then ready to be sent to augment the nation's silver reserves, providing the news for the war of national salvation which will enable China to assume her rightful place in the comity of free and united commonwealths.



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ANOTHER LEAGUE WITHDRAWAL

BUDAPEST, April 12 (T/Ocean).—Hungary has withdrawn from the League of Nations, the Foreign Minister, Count Csaky, having informed the Secretary General of the League, M. Avenol, of this decision by the Hungarian Government in the following telegram dispatched on Tuesday:

"I have the honour of informing you, on behalf of the Hungarian Government, that conformably with Article 1, Paragraph 3, of the League Covenant, Hungary hereby announces her resignation from the League."

"I should also like to state on this occasion that the Hungarian Government intends to continue its co-operation with the League in the technical fields and to participate further in the work of the Permanent International Tribunal as well as in the International Labour Organisation."

RITZ BROTHERS IN GREAT FORM

Seldom has a film given such rare pleasure than "Kentucky Moonshine," which kept audiences roiling with glee and gladness when it opened at the King's Theatre yesterday.

The Ritz Brothers, who since the "Goldwyn Follies" have gained a wide following, confirm in no uncertain manner an already strong impression that they, as a comedy team, are second to none.

Francing and dancing across the screen in their own mad, rollicking fashion, they carry the highest honours in an entertainment which is filled with many fine moments.

The programme in every way is one of the best which has been presented by a local theatre for a long, long time, and may confidently be recommended to all.

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STAPLES SURPRISES!

NEW TRICKS WITH VEGETABLES

With spring meals are sure to grow lighter and to stress vegetables more and more. That's your cue to gather in recipes that will enable you to serve them frequently in many different ways.

SAVORY STUFFED TOMATOES

2 tbsp. melted butter
1 small onion (grated)
1 tsp. finely chopped parsley
1 tsp. salt
Few grains pepper
6 tomatoes
2 cups mashed potatoes
Grated cheese.

Add butter, onion, parsley, salt and pepper to mashed potatoes and beat until smooth. Scoop out tomatoes without breaking the outside shell. Fill with potato mixture; top with cheese. Place in a baking dish. Bake in a moderate oven 30 minutes.

CARROT FRITTERS

1 cup flour
1 tsp. salt
Few grains pepper
2 eggs
1 cup cooked mashed carrots
1/3 cup milk
1 tsp. melted fat.

Sift together flour, salt and pepper. Add mashed carrots, milk, beaten eggs and fat. Drop by spoonfuls into deep fat and fry about 3 minutes. Drain on absorbent paper.

SPINACH DE LUXE

Make cream sauce with 3 tablespoons butter, 3 tablespoons flour and 1 cup milk. Remove from fire and add 1 pound grated American cheese. Stir until the cheese melts. Add 1 cup chopped cooked spinach, 1/4 cups bread crumbs, 3 beaten eggs, and seasonings. Pour into buttered ring mold. Bake in a moderate oven 40 to 50 minutes. Unmold, fill centre with mashed potatoes, garnish with beets.

EGGPLANT PARMESAN

Dry crabs
1 egg, beaten, diluted with water
2 tbsp. water
1 lb. chopped beef
1 chopped onion
1 No. 2 can or 2 1/2 cups tomatoes
1 tsp. sugar
1 cup grated Parmesan cheese.

Slice eggplant in 1/2-inch slices and peel. Dip in crumbs, then in egg and in crumbs again. Fry on both sides in a little fat until brown. Season chopped beef with salt and pepper. Form in very small balls; fry. Cook onion in a little fat until brown; add well-drained tomatoes and sugar; season to taste with salt and pepper. Put a layer of eggplant in bottom of a greased casserole; then the meat balls. Sprinkle with one-half the cheese and add one-half the tomato mixture. Cover with remaining eggplant, cheese and tomatoes. Bake in a moderate oven 1 hour.

SPANISH GREEN BEANS

Mince 1 onion; brown in 2 tablespoons fat; add 2 cups bread crumbs. Combine 1 No. 2 can tomatoes, 1 teaspoon each sugar and salt. Add liquid from 1 No. 2 can green beans. Cook until most of the liquid has evaporated. Add green beans. Place alternate layers of tomatoes and crumbs in casserole, ending with crumbs. Bake in a hot oven 20 minutes.

MIXED VEGETABLE GRILL

Peel potatoes and cut in 1/2-inch slices. Scrape carrots and if large cut in half lengthwise. Boil carrots and potatoes about 15 minutes. Drain. Peel squash and slice about 1/2-inch thick. Boil 5 minutes, drain. Wash fresh mushrooms or if canned, drain. Sprinkle halved tomatoes with salt

STARRED RECIPES

Currant Tart—Line a fairly large aluminium plate with a layer of pastry. Cover the pastry entirely with currants, previously picked and has been mixed an egg-spoonful each of powdered cinnamon and mixed spice. Sprinkle with a little freshly-ground cardamoms on top, and then cover with another layer of pastry. Crimp the edges all round and snip all over with a pair of scissors. Bake in a quick oven, and serve just warm.

Cheese Toast—Grate cheese, and mix to a stiff paste with butter. Chop olives into small pieces, and add to cheese mixture. Prepare the slices of toast, butter while hot, and trim edges nicely. Spread with a thick layer of cheese mixture, and place under a red-hot grill until the top is nicely browned. The cheese and the olives are generally salty enough to require nothing more in the way of seasoning, unless a dash of cayenne is liked.

Fruit Shortcake—Make a nan, with the following mixture:—2 ozs. sugar, 4 ozs. butter, rubbed to a cream. Stir in the yolk of one egg, beat well, and then add 4 ozs. of flour sieved with a saltspoonful of baking powder. Bake until golden brown, and turn out carefully to prevent cracking. When cold, fill with any kind of fruit.

TOMATOES STUFFED WITH KIDNEY BEANS

Put 1 can kidney beans into a strainer. Pour boiling water over them. Cool. Mix with 1 cup celery, cut in pieces, 2 tablespoons India relish and 1 teaspoon salt. Moisten with mayonnaise. Fill 8 hollowed-out tomatoes with the beans. Arrange on crisp lettuce and serve with mayonnaise.

BAKED CORN AND CARROTS

Mix 1/4 cups each shredded carrots, canned corn, 1 green pepper, minced, and 2 eggs slightly beaten. Add sauce made with 1 cup milk, 2 tablespoons each flour, butter. Season. Bake 1 hour in moderate oven.

soning, unless a dash of cayenne is liked.

Ice Pudding—Make a good vanilla ice cream, using one-third cream to two-thirds custard. To every pint allow 1 lb. mixed crystallised fruit. Wash the fruit to remove all sugar, dry well, and chop very fine. Stir into the ice cream, and freeze until hard, then press well into a fancy mould, cover, and stand in ice mixed with salt for an hour, or place in the ice-chamber of the refrigerator with the door closed. Turn on to a cold dish.

Scrubbed Eggs—Allow one egg and one medium potato for each person. Par-boil the potatoes, and cut into dice. Fry, until just turning a pale golden brown, in butter. Meanwhile beat up the eggs, with seasoning of salt and pepper. Put a little more butter into the pan, turn in the eggs, and cook all together until the eggs are set and slightly crisp or browned. If liked, crisp-fried onions may be used as a garnish.

Crab Canapés—Cut 1/2 inch thick rounds of bread, fry until crisp in butter. Flake the crab meat, mix with mayonnaise, and spread lightly, piling it up in the centre. Decorate the edge of the toast with strips of green chilli, and press a stuffed olive in the centre. As a substantial course, the rounds of bread may be 2 1/2 inches in diameter; but if served as an appetiser they should be only one inch rounds. In both cases the crab should be spread generously at least the same thickness as the toast, rising to twice the height in the centre.

RADIO PROGRAMMES

Continued from Page 3

SHORT WAVE

Calls	Wavelength
G.S.G.	17.75mc. (16.85m.)
G.S.H.	21.1mc. (31.55m.)
G.S.H.	21.47mc. (31.97m.)
G.S.O.	15.18mc. (19.79m.)
Trans. I (G.S.O., G.S.G., G.S.H.)	
Trans. II (G.S.H., G.S.G., G.S.B.)	
Trans. III (G.S.H., G.S.G., G.S.B.)	

AUSTRALIA

Call Sign: VHR
Wave Length, 31.24 metres
Power, 1 Kilowatt

HOLLAND-INDIA

Call letters: PILL. Wavelengths 16.85m. & 25.57m.; Frequencies 17.75kc. & 17.70kc.

H.K. Time	Programme
10.00—Broadcast to Schools—"History of the Making" by Stanley Love (A).	
10.20—Wheat and Grain Report (A).	
10.40—"At Home and Abroad" (A).	
11.10—Luncheon Music (A).	
11.30—Afternoon Musical Programme (A).	
3.05—The B.B.C. Empire Orchestra	
3.20—Tiny Tots' Session (A).	
4.00—News (D).	
4.15—"World Affairs" Talk by Sir Alfred Zimmern (D); Dinner Music (A).	
4.30—Dual Improvisations on Two Pianofortes (D).	
4.45—Sports News and Market Notes (D).	
5.25—Commentary on News (A).	
5.45—The Hanwell Silver Band (D).	
7.00—The Masteringers Vocal Quartet (A).	
7.10—Victrola Recital by Gritha Uthoff (A).	
7.15—"Turner" Biographical sketch by J. M. W. Turner (D).	
8.00—The B.B.C. Midland Orchestra (D); Musical Feature (A).	
8.45—Erwin Sander and his Ensemble (D).	
8.50—Jas. Davidson's A.B.C. Debate Band (A).	
9.30—Dual Improvisations on Two Pianofortes (D); News commentary (D).	
9.15—News (D).	
9.30—Summary of the day's news (A).	
9.35—"World Affairs" Talk by Sir Alfred Zimmern (D); Report on the Amsterdam Stock Exchange (D).	
9.45—Sports News and Market Notes (D).	

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS

The following unclaimed telegrams are lying at the offices of the Great Northern Telegraph Co. (Ltd.):—

Ross, Jardines: Gunboat Tahure Vandervynck; Kan c/o Great Eastern Hotel 436; 7889; 0915; 3544; Late Hsu Pui Jun's family c/o Government Hospital; P. K. Wei, 4 Hankow Road, 3rd floor, Kowloon; and 4796 all from Shanghai.
Rinsho c/o Kofukukoshi Kwara-kuro, from Canton.
Debo, from Hidakamison.
Moyer c/o Chiao, 3 Garden Terrace Garden Road, from Peking.
769, Nathan Road, Kowloon, from Peking.
Thomson Signal Company, from Tientsin.

CHUNGKING NEWS BROADCAST

A regular series of short-wave broadcasts in the English and other foreign languages have been inaugurated by the Central Broadcasting Administration, Chungking.
Of special interest to Far East listeners are the news broadcasts at 10 a.m. (H.K. time) each day on 25.21 metres (11.9 megacycles).
There are daily broadcasts from 4.15 a.m. to 6.30 a.m. to European countries, including Great Britain, France, Italy and Germany on 25.51 metres and 31.58 metres; to America between 8.30 a.m. and 11.30 a.m. on 25.51 metres and 31.58 metres; to China and English on 16.85 metres and 17.75 metres; to East and North China and Siberia between 8.30 p.m. and 7.30 p.m. on 25.51 metres and 31.58 metres; to Japan between 7.15 p.m. and 7.45 p.m. on 25.51 metres and 31.58 metres; to South China and the South Seas between 8.10 p.m. and 10.30 p.m. on 25.21 metres and 31.58 metres, including a news bulletin in English at 9 p.m. (10 p.m. local time); and to Soviet Russia between 11 p.m. and 11.30 p.m. on 25.21 metres and 31.58 metres in Russian.

REFUGEES IN THE COLONY

There has been a slight decrease in the number of refugees and destitutes accommodated in Government Camps, etc., in Urban and Rural areas in the Colony for the week ending April 8, the total being 11,805 against 11,994 on April 1.

URBAN AREAS (CIVILIANS)

King's Park: 1,571 compared with 1,529 on April 1.
Ma Tau Chung: 931 compared with 1,049 on April 1.
North Point: 1,667 compared with 1,654 on April 1.

URBAN AREAS (SOLDIERS)

Lai Chi Kok Hospital (Upper Ward): 16 compared with 21 on April 1.
Ma Tau Chung: 771 compared with 772 on April 1.

RURAL AREAS

Kam Tin: 3,532 compared with 3,459 on April 1.
Fanling, North: 747 compared with 814 on April 1.
Fanling, South: 923 compared with 963 on April 1.
Gill's Cutting: 678 compared with 667 on April 1.
Man Kam To: 921 compared with 1,021 on April 1.
Total: 11,805 compared with 11,994 on April 1.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE LECTURES

Home Nursing lectures in English by Dr. P. Rutonjee, M.B.B.S., will be held on Thursdays at 5.30 p.m. instead of Tuesdays at Headquarters.

Home Nursing (in Chinese) by Dr. Tsung Fat in M.B.B.S. on Fridays at 7.30 p.m. at Headquarters (Practical course—Hospital Sisters).

First Aid Lectures (in Chinese): Kowloon Chinese Y.M.C.A., Wednesdays, 7.30 p.m.; Headquarters, Wednesdays, 7.30 p.m. (Women).

A.R.P. Voluntary Aid Course: Headquarters, English, Fridays, 5.30 p.m. (Mr. A. el Arculli, and Mrs. Langley).

A.R.P. Chinese, Fridays at 7.30 p.m., Headquarters; Ying Wah College, Kowloon, Mondays and Fridays, 7.30 p.m.

These classes are open to all and A.R.P. Volunteers are requested to note the dates.

WEATHER REPORT

HONGKONG ROYAL OBSERVATORY

10 a.m. April 12.
Barometer (at sea level), 29.97 ins.
Temperature, 74 F.
Humidity, 84 per cent.
Wind Direction, E/N
Wind Force (Beaufort), 1.
Temperature; maximum yesterday, 75 F.
Temperature; minimum last night, 58 F.

Rainfall for 24 hours ending 10th 10-day, nil.
Total rainfall since January 1st, 5.74 ins.

Against an average of 7.63 ins.
Sunset to-night, 6.42 p.m.
Sunrise to-morrow, 6.08 a.m.

4 p.m., April 12.
Barometer (at sea level), 29.87 ins.

Temperature, 76 F.
Humidity, 80 per cent.
Wind Direction, East.
Wind Force (Beaufort), 2.
Maximum temperature, 81 F.
Minimum temperature, 68 F.
Rainfall, nil.

HONG KONG TIDE TABLE

From 15 to 19 Apr. 1939

Days of Week	Date	HIGH WATER		LOW WATER	
		Hong Kong Standard Time	Height	Hong Kong Standard Time	Height
Thur	13	h.m.	a.m.	h.m.	a.m.
		07 25	4.4	09 34	4.4
		18 10	5.4	23 49	2.8
Fri	14	07 36	4.7	11 39	4.3
		17 25	5.4		
Sat	15	07 54	4.9	10 54	2.9
		18 37	5.5	19 40	3.8
Sun	16	08 03	5.2	01 11	2.3
		19 30	5.7	23 27	2.3
Mon	17	08 15	5.8	01 09	2.1
		19 45	5.8	14 09	3.8
Tue	18	08 30	5.9	02 19	2.1
		20 17	5.7	14 49	2.3
Wed	19	08 51	5.3	02 30	2.2
		21 38	5.6	15 27	1.8

TO FLOUR CHICKEN

A most effective and instant method of flouting chicken for frying is placing a sufficient amount of flour in a paper bag—that has

WRECKED!

Don't Risk WRECKING YOUR HEALTH

When Headaches, Pain, Colds, 'Flu' or numerous other minor ailments attack you, you need quick and speedy relief. Don't take chances. Play safe with medicine. Avoid any risk of dangerous after effects on your system by refusing to countenance medicaments containing powerful drugs, narcotics and potent nostrums. You can obtain quick and speedy relief with 'ASPRO'. It is pure medicine and conforms to the standard of purity laid down by the British Pharmacopoeia (the guiding authority of the Medical Profession). Furthermore, 'ASPRO' neither harms the heart nor stomach. 'ASPRO' has proved its safe and speedy action by positive results for over 18 years.

'ASPRO'

IS SAFE BECAUSE IT IS PURE

Sole Agents:—DODWELL & Co., Ltd., obtainable at all Chemists and Drug Stores. Three Packings: 5's, 11's, 27's.

By every test

the World's best

There is no finer butter than Australian Butter. When you ask for "Australian Butter" you are assured of the highest food-value and purity. Butter is a Protective Food, because it contains the vitamins so often lacking in our modern diet, which fortify you, and your children, against malnutrition and disease. This is the butter par excellence. Free from injurious preservatives and fresh from the green pastures of a land of sunshine.

ASF FOR "AUSTRALIAN BUTTER"
OBTAINABLE AT ALL COMRADE STORES

AUSTRALIAN BUTTER

been saved from the groceries purchased—and then dropping all of the pieces of chicken at once into the bag. Hold the bag firmly together at the top, leaving room for the pieces to move freely about, and simply turn and shake, about a quarter of a minute. Each piece will be thoroughly floured. Any remaining flour may be used for gravy.

Savoury Omelet

Chop finely two tablespoonfuls of lean cooked ham, add a tablespoonful of finely grated onion (this should be a pulp), a small teaspoonful of chopped parsley, and a tiny pinch of herbs. Beat four eggs with a dessertspoonful of water, add pepper and salt to taste, and mix well with the other ingredients. Put two tablespoonfuls of butter into an omelet-pan, and when hot pour in the egg mixture. Loosen bottom and sides with a palette knife while it is setting, and while the centre is still soft, turn under the grill for a minute or two to finish over; it should be turned on to a hot dish and served at once.

Finance and Commerce

COMPANY REPORTS

UNION INSURANCE, CHINA FIRE INSURANCE & BRITISH TRADERS' INSURANCE CO. LTD.

The following is the report of the directors of the Union Insurance Society of Canton, Ltd., to be presented to shareholders at the ordinary yearly meeting to be held at the Society's head office at 11 a.m. on Friday, April 21.

Marine

The balance of the 1937 account, amounting to \$39,930.10.8, has been transferred to underwriting suspense account. The net premiums for the year 1938 amounted to \$988,251.15.3 and claims and expenses to \$505,460.1.3. The balance carried forward, including the additional reserve, amounts to \$732,791.14.0.

Fire

The net premiums amounted to \$814,297.12.11 and claims to \$256,272.8.9. After taking into account commission, expenses of management and fire brigade fees, and adjusting the reserve for unexpired risks, there is a credit balance of \$70,077.5.7 which has been transferred to profit and loss account. The fund at the end of the year, including the additional reserve, amounts to \$355,719.1.2.

Accident and General

The net premiums amounted to \$319,136.5.2 and claims to \$178,895.10.8. After taking into account commission and expenses of management, and adjusting the reserve for unexpired risks, there is a credit balance of \$11,273.16.4 which has been transferred to profit and loss account. The fund at the end of the year, including the additional reserve, amounts to \$177,854.10.1.

Dividends

An interim dividend of 15s. per share was paid on October 21, 1938. The directors now recommend a final dividend of 15s. per share, payable on April 21, 1939.

Contributory Bonus

The directors recommend a bonus of 20 per cent. to contributors of contributory premium, payable on April 21, 1939. Provision has been made for this in the relative revenue account.

Profit and Loss Account

The amount at the credit of the profit and loss account, after providing for the dividends for the year 1938, is \$290,562.0.4.

Directors

Since the last general meeting Mr. M. T. Johnson and Mr. G. Miskin have resigned from the board and Mr. H. V. Wilkinson, D.S.O., Mr. J. Owen Hughes and Mr. C. Blaker have joined the board. In accordance with the articles of association the Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell and Mr. H. V. Wilkinson, D.S.O., retire but offer themselves for re-election.

CHINA FIRE INSC. CO. LTD.

The following is the report of the directors of the China Fire Insurance Company, Ltd., to be presented to shareholders at the seventieth ordinary yearly meeting to be held at the company's head office on Friday, April 21, at 11.20 a.m.

Marine

The balance of the 1937 account, amounting to \$65,301.31, has been transferred to reserve for outstanding losses. The net premiums for the year 1938 amounted to \$1,594,490.22 and claims and expenses to \$813,469.31. The balance carried forward, including the additional reserve, amounts to \$1,184,382.25.

Fire

The net premiums amounted to \$991,135.73 and claims to \$413,481.62. After taking into account commission, expenses of management and fire brigade fees, and adjusting the reserve for unexpired risks, there is a credit balance of \$113,065.88 which has been transferred to profit and loss account. The fund at the end of the year, including the additional reserve, amounts to \$557,798.83.

Accident and General

The net premiums amounted to \$514,908.90 and claims to \$288,638.19. After taking into account commission and expenses of management, and adjusting the reserve for unexpired risks, there is a credit balance of \$18,189.56 which has been transferred to profit and loss account. The fund at the end of the year, including the additional reserve, amounts to \$286,635.83.

Dividend

The directors recommend a dividend of \$12 per share and a bonus

dividend of \$6 per share, payable on April 21, 1939.

Contributory Bonus

The directors recommend a bonus of 20 per cent. to contributors of contributory premium, payable on April 21, 1939. Provision has been made for this in the relative revenue account.

Profit and Loss Account

The amount at the credit of the profit and loss account, after providing for the dividend for the year 1938, is \$690,227.36.

Directors

Since the last general meeting Mr. M. T. Johnson and Mr. G. Miskin have resigned from the board and Mr. H. V. Wilkinson, D.S.O., Mr. J. Owen Hughes and Mr. C. Blaker have joined the board. In accordance with the articles of association the Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell and Mr. H. V. Wilkinson, D.S.O., retire but offer themselves for re-election.

BRITISH TRADERS' INSC. CO. LTD.

The following is the report of the directors of the British Traders' Insurance Company, Ltd., to be presented to shareholders at the seventy-third ordinary yearly meeting to be held at the company's head office on Friday, April 21, at 11.25 a.m.

Marine

The balance of the 1937 account, amounting to \$8,094.12.10, has been transferred to reserve for outstanding losses. The net premiums for the year 1938 amounted to \$1,975,650.7.0 and claims and expenses to \$1,000,836.5.4. The balance carried forward, including the additional reserve, amounts to \$216,814.0.8.

Fire

The net premiums amounted to \$1,222,858.10.7 and claims to \$51,254.9.9. After taking into account commission, expenses of management and fire brigade fees, and adjusting the reserve for unexpired risks, there is a credit balance of \$14,015.9.1 which has been transferred to profit and loss account. The fund at the end of the year, including the additional reserve, amounts to \$69,143.16.3.

Accident and General

The net premiums amounted to \$63,827.5.1 and claims to \$35,779.2.1. After taking into account commission and expenses of management, and adjusting the reserve for unexpired risks, there is a credit balance of \$2,254.19.4 which has been transferred to profit and loss account. The fund at the end of the year, including the additional reserve, amounts to \$35,530.18.0.

Dividend

The directors recommend a dividend of seven shillings per share, payable on April 21, 1939.

Contributory Bonus

The directors recommend a bonus of 20 per cent. to contributors of contributory premium, payable on April 21, 1939. Provision has been made for this in the relative revenue account.

Profit and Loss Account

The amount at the credit of the profit and loss account, after providing for the dividend for the year 1938, is \$53,005.12.3.

Directors

Since the last general meeting Mr. M. T. Johnson and Mr. G. Miskin have resigned from the board and Mr. H. V. Wilkinson, D.S.O., Mr. J. Owen Hughes and Mr. C. Blaker have joined the board. In accordance with the articles of association the Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell and Mr. H. V. Wilkinson, D.S.O., retire but offer themselves for re-election.

U.S. COMMODITY BARTER PLAN

Generally Approved By Congress

NEW YORK, April 12 (Reuter)—Commodity circles are awaiting, with great interest, the details of the commodity barter plan proposed by Senator Byrnes yesterday, though at present little comment is heard.

The plan seems to be generally approved by members of Congress, with the cotton senators

SHARP DECLINE IN MARKETS

Prevailing European Nervousness

LONDON, Apr. 12 (Reuter)—The sharp declines in the principal European Bourses came as no surprise on the reopening of the markets after the holidays.

The Paris Bourse was depressed owing to a considerable volume of selling, with Renten declining one to two points, while at Amsterdam the leading stocks weakened up to 15 points, though nervousness was allayed somewhat by the speech of M. Colijn.

SMALLNESS OF SALES

On the other hand, prices on the London Stock Exchange were marked down, not much selling pressure being visible. British holders are mostly refusing to be stampeded, further encouragement being derived from the smallness of Continental sales, which, owing to the prevailing European nervousness, had been expected to be much larger.

The London Foreign Exchange Market is not affected much, rates in the leading currencies remaining comparatively steady. On the other hand keen bidding for dollars is visible in Amsterdam where the guilder rate is maintained only owing to the large sales of dollars by the Dutch Equalisation Fund.

REYNOLDS AND GIBSON

W-H-E-A-T

With little or no demand in the United Kingdom, the market has been dull and easier. Quotations are 1½d. to 1d. lower than those quoted a week ago.

A further sale of a cargo of Australian flour to China has been reported and on Thursday it was rumoured that Italy and Spain were negotiating for important quantities of Danubian wheat. The quantities mentioned were 90,000 tons and 100,000 tons respectively. These reports had little effect on the market and cheaper Australian offers and more pressure to sell Argentine wheat caused a resumption of the sagging tendency.

Weather news this week has been mainly favourable. In the U.S.A. moisture has been ample and beneficial except in parts of Oklahoma and West Central Texas. The latter areas need rain badly. The Secretary of Agriculture suggests that the 1939 crop of winter wheat may total 485 million bushels. Spring wheat on the indicated acreage and subject to normal weather conditions may yield 20 million bushels. A total crop of 685 million bushels would equal average domestic requirements.

As regards India, the weather has been favourable for harvesting which is proceeding rapidly. Broomhall's correspondent estimates this year's crop as 356 million bushels, compared with the final official estimate for last year of 402,400,000 bushels.

A return of cold conditions and low temperatures has been reported in many parts of Europe and field work has in many instances been temporarily suspended.

The Chicago market was at first subjected to some liquidation but steadied when it became known that the U.S. Government had given an assurance that wheat taken over in respect of defaulted loans maturing from April 1 to June 15 will be used solely for relief and export purposes.

The undertone in Winnipeg remains quiet. Norway is reported to have taken 10/11,000 tons of No. 3 Northern Manitoba for shipment at the opening of navigation.

The market is likely to continue to be influenced by day-to-day conditions, particularly politics. An U.K. flour hoarding should, however, not be very far off and therefore there should be some increase in demand, if only temporarily. Stocks of wheat in Liverpool: This week 902 loads, last week 830 loads.

strongly favouring it, as long as cotton is bartered at the current market price.

According to Senator Dow Jones, consummation of the plan is expected by informed officials, to result in the export of about 5,000,000 bales of cotton against which up to 600,000 long tons of rubber might be acquired.

H. K. STOCK EXCHANGE

In spite of the trading hours being limited to the morning, a fair amount of business was reported. The rates at which deals were put through tend to show the market is keeping steady although the political news leaves a good deal to be desired.

BUYERS

Hongkong Bank, \$1340.
Canton Insurance, \$225.
Union Insurance, \$465.
Douglases, \$68.
Canton Ice, \$0.95.

SELLERS

Hongkong Bank, \$1375.
H.K. Electric, \$55.

SALES

Hongkong Bank, \$1350.
Canton Insurance, \$230.
Union Insurance, \$470/85.
H.S. Hotels, \$5.30.
H.K. Lands, \$334.
Yummat Ferries (Old), \$25.
Yummat Ferries (New), \$24.
China Lights (New), \$54.
H.K. Electric, \$55/54.
Dairy Farms Rs., \$151/15.
Philippine Gold Mining Quotations
Antamoks Ps., 34
Atoks Ps., 30
Bagulo Gold Ps., 24
Benguet Consolidated Ps., 11.50.
Coco Grove Ps., 34
I.X. L., 51
Itogons Ps., 24
North Camarines Ps., 51
San Mauricio Ps., 178
Suyoc Ps., 16
United Paracale Ps., 61

HONGKONG SHAREBROKERS' ASSOCIATION

Volume of Business Transacted on Wednesday, April 12, 1939.

Electrics	186	\$54.75
Electrics	50	\$6.00
Hotels	1,000	5.30
Yummat Ferries (O)	100	\$6.00
Paracale Gumaus	5,000	Px.0.14
Antamoks	5,000	Px.0.34
Philippine Gold Mining Quotations		
Antamoks	35	
Atoks	31	
Bagulo Gold	25	
Benguet Consol	11.50	
Coco Grove	35	
Demonstrations	134	
Itogons	25	
I.X.L.	52	
Paracale Gumaus	144	
San Mauricio	1.82	
Suyoc Consol	164	
United Paracales	63	
North Camarines	50	

Market Comment—Steady.

HONGKONG SOCIETY FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN

under the distinguished patronage

of

H.E. SIR GEOFFREY NORTHCOTE, K.C.M.G.

AND

LADY NORTHCOTE

The ANNUAL BALL

will be held at

PENINSULA HOTEL

ON

FRIDAY, APRIL 14

AT 9.30 P.M.

Tickets \$4.00 each including Supper

Tables can be reserved at Hongkong Hotel or Peninsula Hotel.

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Marina House, 3rd Floor,

15-19, Queen's Road Central.

LAMMERTS' AUCTIONS

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions

To Sell BY

PUBLIC AUCTION

ON

THURSDAY, the 13th APRIL, 1939

Commencing at 11.00 a.m.

At their Sales Room, No. 2 Connaught Road, Central, Ground Floor.

A QUANTITY OF HABERDASHERY

also

12 Cases Preserves

4 Cases Torchlight Lenses

1 Bale Agaragar

TERMS:—Cash on Delivery

LAMMERT BROS. AUCTIONEERS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions

To Sell BY

PUBLIC AUCTION

ON

FRIDAY, the 14th APRIL, 1939

Commencing at 2.30 p.m.

At their Sales Room, No. 35 Han-kow Road, Kowloon.

A QUANTITY OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

Comprising:—

Iron, Brass and Teakwood Bedsteads, Divans, Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, Chests of Drawers, Chesterfield Suites, Sideboards, Dining Tables, Chairs, Folding Screens, Typewriter Tables, Glass Cabinets, Suitcases, Carpets, Rugs, Mosquito Nets, Glasses, Crockery, Toilet Sets, Cutlery, E.P. and Brass Ware, Wall and Table Clocks, Elect. Table Lamps, Fans and Heaters, Gramophones and Records, Sewing Machines, Ornaments, Cooking Utensils, etc., etc.

also

A FEW PIECES OF BLACKWOOD FURNITURE

and

2 Radio Sets

1 Upright Piano by "Hamilton"

1 Double Iron Bedstead with Spring and "Simmons" Mattress (practically new)

On VIEW from THURSDAY, the 13th APRIL, 1939.

TERMS:—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS. AUCTIONEERS.

DONT FORGET

THAT WHEN You are at Home you can get the HONG KONG DAILY PRESS at SELFRIDGES.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

APRIL 12, 1939

On London:	Telegraphic Transfer, 1/2 5/8
Bank Bills, on demand 1/2 5/8	
Credits 4 months' sight 1/2 15/16	
On Shanghai:	On demand 178 now
On Singapore:	On demand 52 3/8
On Japan:	On demand 14 1/2
On India:	Telegraphic Transfer, 1/2 3/8
On New York:	Bank Bills, on demand 28 1/2
Credits, 90 days' sight 29	
On Batavia:	On demand 53 9/16
On Paris:	Bank Bills, on demand 1375
Credits 4 months' sight 1117	
On Saigon:	On demand 197 1/4
On Manila:	On demand 57 1/4
On Bangkok:	On demand 151
Sterling Notes:	Bank Buying Rate 4/13/16
Bar Silver per oz.	29

Market Report

FROM ROZA BROS.

Silver prices were unchanged yesterday, the quotations remaining at 20 for Ready and 19 11/16 for Forward. Silver advances reported the market as being quiet and featureless. There were buyers at 1/16 under the quoted rate. American Silver was quoted at 42 3/4 for Spot.

The London/New York cross-rate was quoted at 468.12. New York/London was quoted at 468.1/8.

Market
Opened with indications of easiness but towards the close market appeared a shade steadier.

Sterling
A small business was done early in the morning at 1/2 11/16 for June and May followed by transactions at 1/2 5/8 for November. Towards the close transactions were also arranged at 1/2 11/16 for August-September. The market closed with sellers at 1/2 11/16 April, 1/2 11/16 May/August and 1/2 5/8 September/November, buyers at 1/2 23/32 for cash, 1/2 11/16 June/September and 1/2 23/32 October/November.

U.S. Dollars

The market closed with small sellers at 28 5/8 Cash, 28 9/16 April/first half May, 28 1/2 May/first half June and probably 28 7/16 July, buyers at 28 11/16 Cash, 28 5/8 first half May, 28 9/16 June and 28 1/2 July.

Shanghai Dollars

177 1/2
Sterling, 8 1/4 U.S. Dollars, 16 1/32.

Shanghai Exchange

Shanghai, April 12 (Reuters)	Opening
London	0/8
New York	15-5/8
Japan	56-7/8
Paris	5-4/8
Hongkong	53-3/8

Open Market—Selling Rates

Sterling	Opening	Closing
Spot	0/8-1/4	0/8-1/4
April	0/8-1/4	0/8-1/4
May	0/8-15/64	0/8-15/64
June	0/8-15/64	0/8-7/32

U.S. Dollars

Spot	\$16-1/16	\$16-1/16
April	16-1/16	16-1/16
May	16-1/32	16-1/32
June	15-31/32	15-31/32

Market—Quiet.

Merchant Rates

Sterling, 0/8-7/32.

U.S. Dollars, \$16.

Silver Duty Rate

The Central Bank of China's rate on London at 10 a.m. to-day was 1/2-1/24, unchanged from yesterday.

The Equalisation rate was 5 per cent.

New York Exchange

New York, April 11 (Reuters).

T.T. on London (Opening Rate), 468-1/8.

Calcutta Exchange

Calcutta April 11 (Reuters).

T.T. on Japan, 78-1/2.

India Rupee Paper

Bombay, April 11 (Reuters).

Govt. 3 1/2 Rupee, 94-0-0.

LONDON METALS EXCHANGE

London, April 11 (Reuters).

COPPER

buyers sellers

Standard, Cash 41-15/16 42

Standard, 3 months 42-1/4 42-5/16

Electrolytic 47-3/4 48-3/4

TTN

Standard, Cash 214 214-1/2

Standard, 3 months 211-1/2 211-3/4

LEAD

Foreign, Official Price 14 14-1/16

Foreign Official, 3 months 14-1/4 14-5/16

SPELTHER

Ordinary, Official Price 13-1/4 13-3/8

Ordinary, Official, 3 months 13-1/2 13-5/8

Final Afternoon Transactions

Tin, Standard, Cash, £214-1/4

value.

Tin, Standard, 3 months, £212

paid and value.

LONDON GOLD

London, April 11 (Reuters).

Bar Gold, Fine per oz., 148/8.

Dollar Parity.

BIG GOLD SHIPMENT FROM BOMBAY

BOMBAY, April 12 (Reuters).

About £100,000 worth of gold left

Bombay, half of which is being

optionally sent to New York, Paris

and Amsterdam.

SILVER MARKET

LONDON SILVER

London, April 11 (Reuters).

Silver—Market quiet, steady and

featureless. In the afternoon,

there were buyers at 1/16 under

the fixed rate, but offerings were

scarce.

Spot, 20d.

Forward, 19-11/16d.

NEW YORK SILVER

New York, April 11 (Reuters).

Official Price, 42-3/4.

BOMBAY SILVER

Bombay, April 11 (Reuters).

Market—Steady. Offtake 75 bars

Indian Mint Silver

Ready 52-11

Apr. 17 Settlement 52-08

May 17 Settlement 52-06

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

QUOTATION

APRIL 12, 1939

STOCKS Last Sale

Apr. 11

STOCKS Last Sale

Apr. 11

Adams Express 7 1/2

Allegheny Steel Co. 15 1/2

Allied Stores 8 1/2

Allis Chalmers 31 1/2

Amaraca Corp. 52

Amer. Can 83 1/2

Amer. & Foreign Power 2 1/2

Amer. & Foreign St. Pl. 13 1/2

Americap Gas & Elec. 31 1/2

Amer. Locomotive 16 1/2

Amer. Metals Co. 27 1/2

Amer. Radiator 11 1/2

Amer. Rolling Mill 12 1/2

Amer. Sling and Ring Co. 39 1/2

Amer. Sugar King 16 1/2

Amer. Tel. & Tel. 149 1/2

Amer. Tobacco 7 1/2

Amer. Waterworks 8 1/2

Anaconda Copper 22 1/2

Atchafalpa, T. & S. Fe. 26

Auburn Motors 2 1/2

Baltimore & Ohio 4 1/2

Barber Asphalt Co. 11 1/2

Barnsdall Oil 12 1/2

Bendix Aviation 18 1/2

Bethlehem Steel 55 1/2

Boeing Airplane Co. 21 1/2

Borg-Warner 21 1/2

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HONGKONG SHARE QUOTATIONS

STOCK EXCHANGE SHAREBROKERS' ASSOCIATION

WED., 12, APR.

Buyers Sellers Sales Volume

Banks

H.K. Bank 11390

Do. (Col. Reg.) 284

Do. (Lon. Reg.) 284

Chartered Bank 28

Maritime Bank 28

N. C. & S. Bank 28

N. C. & S. Bank 28

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PAYNE & CO.

COMMODITY BROKERS

STOCK EXCHANGE BUILDING

HONGKONG

COMMODITY MARKET REVIEW

(FROM PAYNE & CO.)

New York, April 11, 1939

SINGAPORE RUBBER

April 6 April 11

buyers sellers buyers sellers change

S P O T 27-1/2 27-3/4 27-5/8 27-5/8 off 1/8

JULY-SEPT. 27-3/4 28 27-5/8 27-7/8

OCT.-DEC. 27-3/4 28 27-5/8 27-7/8

The market opened 1/4 of a cent lower for all deliveries as compared with Thursday's closing rates.

Early in the morning the market displayed a quiet undertone. Although fair enquiries for "spot" Rubber by consuming centres were in evidence, speculators were hesitant to enter into fresh commitments due to the unsettled European political situation.

Later in the session the market turned easier due to speculative liquidation, which, coming on a narrow market, caused prices to decline by 1/4 cent for all deliveries.

The statistical position of Crude-Rubber continues showing steady improvement. March consumption in U.S.A. to be shortly announced, is variously estimated as from 48,000 to 50,000 tons.

Closing tone was easy.

LONDON RUBBER

Previous close To-day's close

buyers sellers buyers sellers change

S P O T 7-15/16 8-1/16 7-15/16 8 unch.

JULY-SEPT. 8-1/16 8-3/16 8 8-1/16 off 1/16

OCT.-DEC. 8-1/8 8-1/4 8-1/8 8-1/8

JAN.-MARCH 8-3/16 8-1/4 8-1/8 8-3/16

Via Canada

TO HONOLULU, CANADA,
UNITED STATES AND
EUROPE

EMPEROR OF CANADA Noon Apr. 14
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA Noon Apr. 28
EMPEROR OF JAPAN Noon May 12
EMPEROR OF ASIA 7 a.m. May 20
EMPEROR OF CANADA Noon June 9

Air-conditioned equipment C.P.R. on
Trans-Continental Trains. Frequent
Canadian Pacific Atlantic sailings to
Europe.

TO MANILA
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA April 20

Canadian Pacific

Union Bldg.
Tel. 20752.



Canadian Pacific

N.Y.K. LINE

SAN FRANCISCO & LOS ANGELES via Honolulu.

ASAMA MARU ... 16th Apr.
TATUTA MARU ... 3rd May

SEATTLE & VANCOUVER. (Starts from Kobe;

Convenient connection from Hong Kong.)
HEIAN MARU (from Kobe) 3rd May

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu,

Hilo, Los Angeles, Mexico, & Balboa to Valparaiso.
BAKUYO MARU ... 16th Apr.

NEW YORK via Panama.

NOZIMA MARU ... 22nd Apr.
LONDON, MARSEILLES, NAPLES via Suez.

HAZOKAZI MARU ... 22nd Apr.
SUWA MARU ... 6th May
TERUKUNI MARU ... 19th May

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila, Davao, Thurs-

day Island, Brisbane.
KITANO MARU ... 29th Apr.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Saigon, Madang,

Salamaus, Rabaul.
M.V. NEPTUNA ... 18th Apr.

BOMBAY via Singapore & Colombo.

TOYAMA MARU ... 19th Apr.
RANGOON & CALCUTTA via Singapore

VITORLOCK ... 13th Apr.
Kobe and Yokohama

BAKUYO MARU (via K'ung & Mori) 16th Apr.
HAKUSAN MARU (via Keelung) 21st Apr.
KAMO MARU (Direct Nagasaki) 21st Apr.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA

King's Building, 8, Colaba Road.
GENERAL PASSENGER AGENTS IN THE ORIENT FOR THE

CONARD WHITE STAR LINE

BURNS PHILP LINE (Joint Passenger Agents)

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.

(Cargo only). (Telephone 30291)

BARBER - WILHELMSEN LINE

MONTHLY SERVICE TO

BOSTON AND NEW YORK

Via LOS ANGELES & PANAMA CANAL PORTS.

Also taking cargo on through Bills of Lading for West Indies
ports, Rio de Janeiro, Santos, Rio-Grande-do-Sul, Buenos Aires,
South America.

NEXT SAILING

M.V. "TAI PING YANG"

on 18th APRIL

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Agents
Hong Kong Bank Building.

Telephone 30291.

SHIPPING

DUE TO-DAY

Corfu, British, 7,685 registered
tons, Capt. J. K. Chaplin, from
Japan and S'hai, 3 p.m. at K'loon
Wharf.—M. M. & Co. (Tel. 21721).

Tilbadak, Dutch, 4,801 registered
tons, Capt. Graaff, from Java, a.m.,
at buoy No. A?—J.C.J. Line. (Tel.
28015).

Kulmerland, German, 4,366 regis-
tered tons, Capt. W. Fehmlider,
from Europe and Manila, p.m., at
Kowloon Wharf.—Jebson & Co.
(Tel. 31205).

Menestheus, British, 4,646 regis-
tered tons, Capt. D. Mansfield,
from Europe, Straits and Manila,
6 a.m., at Holt's Wharf.—B. & S.
(Tel. 30331).

Helikon, British, 1,220 registered
tons, Captain W. Anderson, from
Saigon, a.m., at buoy No. B?—Wo
Fat Sing. (Tel. 20065).

Laos, French, 734 registered
tons, Capt. P. B. Morgan, from
Saigon, a.m., at buoy No. B?—
M. M. & Co. (Tel. 28551).

Pres. Taft, American, 8,171 regis-
tered tons, Capt. O. A. Pierson,
from U.S.A. & Japan, 3 p.m., at
Kowloon Wharf.—A.P.L. (Tel.
28171).

Hong Fong, British, 2,525 regis-
tered tons, Capt. J. B. Crawley,
from Foochow, Amoy and Swatow,
a.m., at buoy No. A?—Ho Hong &
Co. (Tel. 26127).

Victorlock, British, from Japan,
a.m., at buoy No. A15.—N.Y.K. (Tel.
30291).

Yunnan, British, 1,634 regis-
tered tons, Capt. J. D. Whyte, from
Tientsin and Swatow, a.m., at buoy
No. B?—B. & S. (Tel. 30331).

Klungchow, British, 1,545 regis-
tered tons, Capt. R. H. Fairley,
from Haiphong, Pakhoi, and K. C.
Wan, a.m., at buoy No. B?—B. &
S. (Tel. 30331).

Tai Poo Sek, French, 1,219 regis-
tered tons, Capt. J. Bonnamour,
from K. C. Wan, a.m., at buoy No.
C?—Tai Fung & Co. (Tel. 20063).

Haidia, British, 1,144 registered
tons, Capt. A. Hall, from K. C.
Wan, a.m., at buoy No. B?—Wo
Fat Sing. (Tel. 20063).

Ming Sang, British, 2,025 regis-
tered tons, Capt. C. M. Cates, from
Haiphong, a.m., at buoy No. B?—
J. M. & Co. (Tel. 30311).

DUE TO-MORROW

Newchwang, British, 1,486 regis-
tered tons, Capt. E. Michelmore,
from Swatow, a.m., at buoy No.
B?—B. & S. (Tel. 30331).

Pres. Adams, American, 5,984 regis-
tered tons, Capt. Cullen, from
U.S.A. and Japan, a.m., at K'loon
Wharf.—A.P.L. (Tel. 28171).

Soochow, British, 1,594 regis-
tered tons, Captain J. Whyte, from
S'hai and Amoy, a.m., at buoy No.
B?—B. & S. (Tel. 30331).

Rakuyo Maru, Japanese, 5,680 regis-
tered tons, Capt. K. Torii, from
Japan, a.m., at buoy No. A3.—N.Y.
K. (Tel. 30291).

ARRIVED
YESTERDAY

Don Jose, American, 6,791 regis-
tered tons, Capt. C. Arana, from
Manila, at buoy No. A12.—Wallem
& Co. (Tel. 21876).

Jean Laborde, French, 6,593 regis-
tered tons, Capt. Ivan Fichtel,
from Marseilles and Saigon,
at Kowloon Wharf.—M. M. & Co.
(Tel. 26851).

Sui Yang, British, 1,584 regis-
tered tons, Capt. Thomas, from S'hai
and Swatow, at buoy No. B21.—B.
& S. (Tel. 30331).

Canton Maru, Japanese, 1,647
regd. tons, Capt. Suzuki, from
Keelung, at O.S.K. Wharf.—O.S.K.
(Tel. 28061).

Tai Yuan, British, 2,100 regis-
tered tons, Capt. J. D. Fraser, from
S'hai and Swatow, at buoy No. B3.
—B. & S. (Tel. 30331).

Carthage, British, 7,665 regis-
tered tons, Capt. H. Williams,
from London and Singapore, at
K'loon Wharf.—M. M. & Co. (Tel.
27721).

Glenapp, British, 5,802 registered
tons, Capt. L. W. Kersley, from
Europe and Straits, at Holt's
Wharf.—J. M. & Co. (Tel. 30311).

Tilbesar, Dutch, 6,730 registered
tons, Captain Naderlof, from Java,
and Manila, at buoy No. A7.—J.C.J.
Line. (Tel. 28015).

Santhia, British, 4,841 registered
tons, Capt. R. Redwood, from Cal-
cutta and Straits, at Kowloon
Wharf.—M. M. & Co. (Tel. 27721).

Emp. of Canada, British, 12,811
regd. tons, Capt. W. T. Kinley,
from Manila, at Kowloon
Wharf.—C.P.S. (Tel. 20752).

Indira, British, 276 registered
tons, Capt. G. P. O'Farrell, from
Swatow, at buoy No. B11.—Fook
Fong & Co. (Tel. 24965).

Pronto, Norwegian, 1,283 regis-
tered tons, Capt. Waagoe, from
Swatow, at buoy No. B4.—Jebson
& Co. (Tel. 31205).

Forafrie, British, 2,187 regis-
tered tons, Capt. J. Crosthwaite, from
S'hai, at Yaumati.—Wing Ping
Trading & Co. (Tel. 28331).

Cambay Prince, British, 249 regis-
tered tons, Capt. Gaggino, from
Swatow, at Yaumati.—John Man-
ners & Co. (Tel. 33583).

E Sang, British, 2,056 registered
tons, Capt. S. Schofield, from Hal-
phong, at buoy No. B8.—J. M. &
Co. (Tel. 30311).

SHIPPING

MOVEMENTS

The N.D.L. steamer Gneissau is
expected to arrive on April 21 from
Manila for Shanghai and Japan
instead of on April 19.

The P. & O. steamer Corfu left
Shanghai on April 11, p.m. and is
due here on April 13, 3 p.m.

The B.I. steamer Santhia will
leave for Shanghai, Moji, Kobe &
Osaka, on or about Friday, April
14, at 7 a.m.

SAILING TO-DAY

Cambay Prince, British, 249 regis-
tered tons, Capt. G.W. O'Farrell,
from Yaumati, for Swatow, 1 a.m.,
—John Manners & Co. (Tel. 33583).

Kingchow, British, 1,215 regis-
tered tons, Capt. G. P. Cope, from
buoy No. C2, for Wenchow, 2 p.m.,
—B. & S. (Tel. 30331).

Hellos, Norwegian, 1,113 regis-
tered tons, Capt. J. Hansen, from
buoy No. B? for Swatow & Bang-
kok, a.m.—Thoresen & Co. (Tel.
30237).

Jean Laborde, French, 6,593 regis-
tered tons, Capt. Ivan Fichtel,
from Kowloon Wharf, for S'hai &
Kobe, 2 p.m.—M. M. & Co. (Tel.
26851).

Carthage, British, 7,665 regis-
tered tons, Capt. H. Williams, from
Kowloon Wharf, for S'hai and Ja-
pan, noon.—M. M. & Co. (Tel.
26851).

Tak Sang, British, 1,984 regis-
tered tons, Capt. Bidwell, from Hal-
phong, 5 p.m.—J. M. & Co. (Tel.
30311).

Tai Yuan, British, 2,100 regis-
tered tons, Capt. J. D. Fraser, from
buoy No. B3, for Amoy & S'hai,
5 p.m.—B. & S. (Tel. 30331).

Van Heutsa, Dutch, 2,678 regis-
tered tons, Capt. De Vos, from
buoy No. A8, for Spore, Penang,
Belawan, Deli, 8 a.m.—J.C.J. Line.
(Tel. 28015).

Victorlock, British, from buoy
No. A? for Spore, Rangoon and
Calcutta, p.m.—N.Y.K. (Tel. 30291).

Santhia, British, 4,841 registered
tons, Capt. R. Redwood, from
Kowloon Wharf, for S'hai and Ja-
pan, 5 p.m.—M. M. & Co. (Tel.
27721).

Wing Wo, Portuguese, 495 regis-
tered tons, Capt. I. d. de Lemos,
from Salkong Wharf, for K. C.
Wan, 4 p.m.—Tai Fung & Co. (Tel.
20063).

Wyvern, Norwegian, 2,457 regis-
tered tons, Capt. Bjorne Vigulf,
from Yaumati, for Spore, p.m.,
—Fook Nam S.S. & Co. (Tel. 28354).

Glenapp, British, 5,802 regis-
tered tons, Capt. L. W. Kersley, from
Holt's Wharf, for S'hai and Japan,
10 a.m.—J. M. & Co. (Tel. 30311).

Canton Maru, Japanese, 1,647
regd. tons, Capt. Suzuki, from O.S.
K. Wharf, for Canton, 8 a.m.—O.
S.K. (Tel. 28061).

Protons, Norwegian, 1,025 regis-
tered tons, Capt. A. S. Bugge, from
Tsun Wan, for K. C. Wan, daylight
—Jebson & Co. (Tel. 31205).

SAILED
YESTERDAY

Nellore for S'hai
Eastmoor for Saigon
Hollow for Swatow
Tai Sang for Swatow
City of Lincoln for Havre
Anhui for Swatow

BANK LINE (CHINA) LTD.

AGENTS FOR

ELLERMAN AND BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT

S.S. "CITY OF ATHENS" Havre, London, R'dam, & H'burg ... 14th May

S.S. "CITY OF PITTSBURG" Havre, London, R'dam, & H'burg ... 15th June

AGENTS FOR

THE BANK LINE, LTD.

MAURITIUS & SOUTH AFRICA

Loading for Mauritius Reunion, Tamatave, Lourenco Marques, Durban and Cape Town.
East & South Africa ... from Colombo 11th May ... from Calcutta 4th June ... from Calcutta 11th June ... from Calcutta 4th July ... from Colombo 11th July
M.V. "INCHANGA" ...
M.V. "INCOMATI" ...
M.V. "IRIPINGO" ...
Taking PASSENGERS and CARGO for Mombasa, Zanzibar, Beira, Lourenco Marques
Durban, East London, Port Elizabeth, Mossel Bay and Cape Town.

AGENTS FOR

KLAIVENESS LINE

(PACIFIC COAST-ASIATIC SERVICE)

HONGKONG DIRECT TO LOS ANGELES (in 21 Days)

SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, ORE, TACOMA & SEATTLE

M.V. "PLEASANTVILLE" ... 18th Apr.

M.V. "ROSEVILLE" ... 28th May

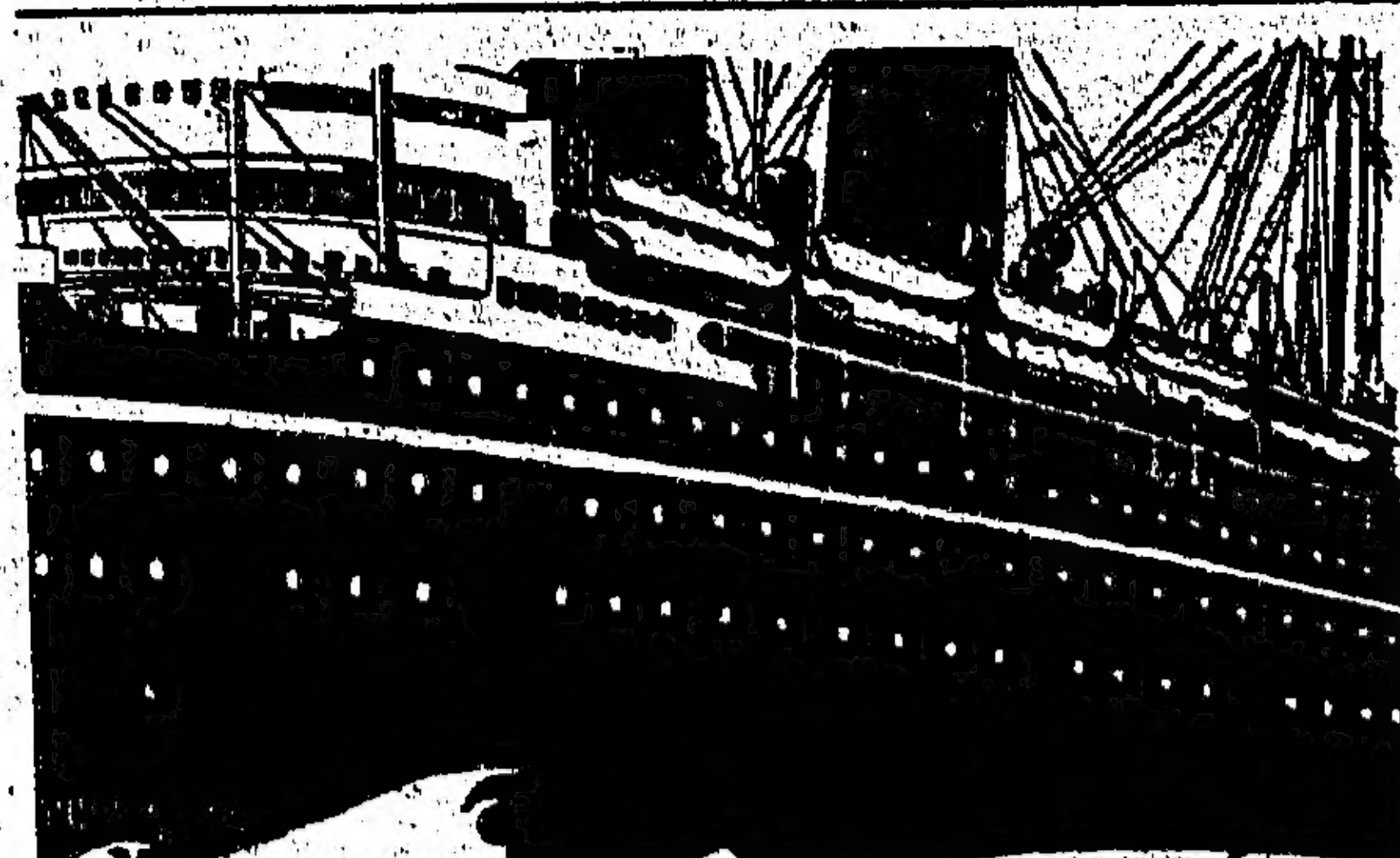
Issuing through Bill of Lading to Gulf & Atlantic Coast with transshipment at Los Angeles by first opportunity.

ALL SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above lines apply—

Telephone 27721.

THE BANK LINE (CHINA) LTD.

P.O. BRITISH INDIA (APCAR) AND
EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN LINES

MAIL AND PASSENGER STEAMERS

TAKING CARGO FOR

Straits, Java, Burma, Ceylon, Australia, Red Sea, Egypt,
India, Iranian Gulf, Mauritius, Europe,
East and South Africa.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY

DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS

under contract with H.M. Government

All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route, and the route and all
sailings are subject to change or deviation with or without notice.

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (About)	Destination
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PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL SAILINGS

CORFU	14,500	15th Apr.	Marseilles & London
ANOMALI	7,000	21st Apr.	B'bay, Marseilles, Havre, L'don, Hull, R'burg, B'dam, & A'werp
CANTON	14,500	29th Apr.	Marseilles & London
SCAETHAGE	14,500	13th May	Bombay, Marseilles & London
BANGALORE	6,000	20th May	B'bay, Marseilles, Havre, L'don, Hull, R'burg, B'dam, & A'werp
BAJPUTANA	17,000	27th May	Bombay, Marseilles & London
RANCHI	17,000	10th June	do.
BHUTAN	8,000	17th June	B'bay, Marseilles, Havre, L'don, Hull, R'burg, B'dam, & A'werp
BRANPURA	17,000	24th June	do.
BEHAR	6,000	1st July	Bombay, Marseilles & London
BRWALPINDI	17,000	8th July	do.
A STEAMER	—	22nd July	do.

* Cargo only. † Calls Casablanca. ‡ Calls Tangier.
All vessels may call at Malta.

BRITISH INDIA - APCAR SAILINGS

TILAWA	10,000	22nd Apr.	Singapore, Port Swettenham
RANTHA	8,000	5th May	Penang, Rangoon & Calcutta.
TALMA	10,000	20th May	
SHIRANA	10,000	3rd June	
SHIRALA	8,000	17th June	



Now is the time to visit
Australia & New Zealand

lands of Sunshine and Romance. "Down Under" you will find a new land and even if you are not looking for a holiday, you will find a new world of opportunity. On the way down your life aboard will be as you wish, quiet or hectic for the E. & A. will honour your every wish. And by the way, there is no additional charge for Deck Cabins and there is of course a Sun Deck swimming pool, an Orchestra and a fine laundry. A Surgeon and Stewardess are at your disposal and last but not least—we had almost forgotten—the cuisine will set you listening eagerly for the Gong. Regular monthly sailings from Hong Kong to Shanghai and Japan and Hong Kong to Australia.

Hong Kong to Sydney—19 days.
Frequent connections from Australia with the following:—
The Canadian Australasian Line Steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand, Vancouver etc.
The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London and
The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers for London via Panama Canal.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS

SELLORE	7,000	5th May	Manila, Rabaul, Brisbane
TANDA	7,000	3rd June	Sydney, Melbourne & Hobart
NANKIN	7,000	30th June	

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

SANTHIA	8,000	13th Apr.	Shanghai & Japan
CANTHAGE	14,500	18th Apr.	do.
CANTON	14,500	20th Apr.	Shanghai only
BAJPUTANA	17,000	27th Apr.	Shanghai & Japan
LMA	10,000	27th Apr.	Japan
TANDA	7,000	5th May	Shanghai & Japan
RANCHI	17,000	10th May	Shanghai & Japan
SIRDHANA	10,000	11th May	Shanghai & Japan
BHUTAN	8,000	11th May	Shanghai & Japan
BEHAR	6,000	21st May	do.
SHIRALA	8,000	30th May	Japan

* Cargo only.

ALL DATES are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.
For further information, Passage, Freight, Handbooks, etc., apply to
the Agents:—

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO

P.O. BUILDING, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG

Phone 27721.

SAILING
TO-MORROW

Pres. Taft, American, 8,171 regis-
tered tons, Capt. O. A. Pierson,
from K'loon Wharf, for Manila, 1
a.m.—A.P.L. (Tel. 28171).

Kulmerland, German, 4,366 regis-
tered tons, Capt. W. Fehmlider,
from Kowloon Wharf, for S'hai,
Taku, T'iao, Yokohama, Kobe and
Osaka, p.m.—Jebson & Co. (Tel.
31205).

Pres. Adams, American, 5,984 regis-
tered tons, Capt. Cullen, from
K'loon Wharf, for Manila, Straits,
New York, Boston via Suez, 4 p.m.
—A.P.L. (Tel. 28171).

Emp. of Canada, British, 12,811
regd. tons, Capt. W. T. Kinley,
from Kowloon Wharf, for S'hai,
Japan and Vancouver, noon.C.P.S.
(Tel. 20752).

Checkiang, British, 1,219 regis-
tered tons, Capt. D. Brothie, from
buoy No. B20, for Haiphong, 10
a.m.—B. & S. (Tel. 30331).

Ting Sang, British, 1,232 regis-
tered tons, Capt. H. Nelson, from
buoy No. B9, for Chefoo and T'ien,
10 a.m.—J. M. & Co. (Tel. 303

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMERS

TRAVEL
THE
SHORT
SAFE
SEA
WAY

by the
British Line

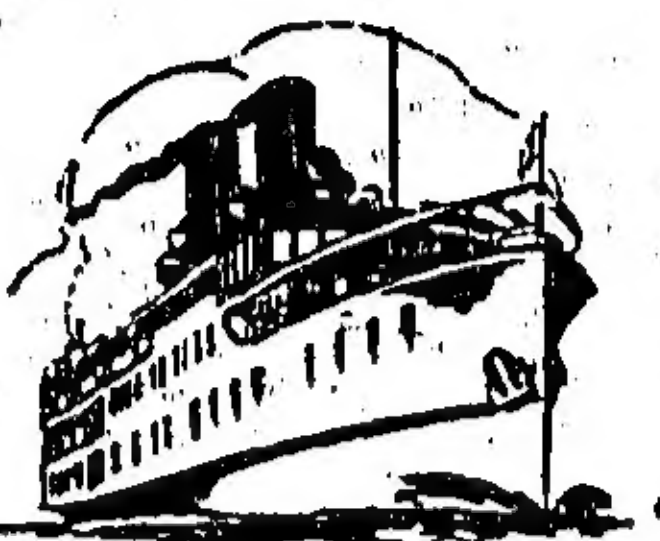
CANTON LINE

THE NEXT SAILING WILL
BE ADVERTISED

MACAO LINE

NIGHT Service

The S.S. "Kinsan" having been docked, there will be no night service until further notice.

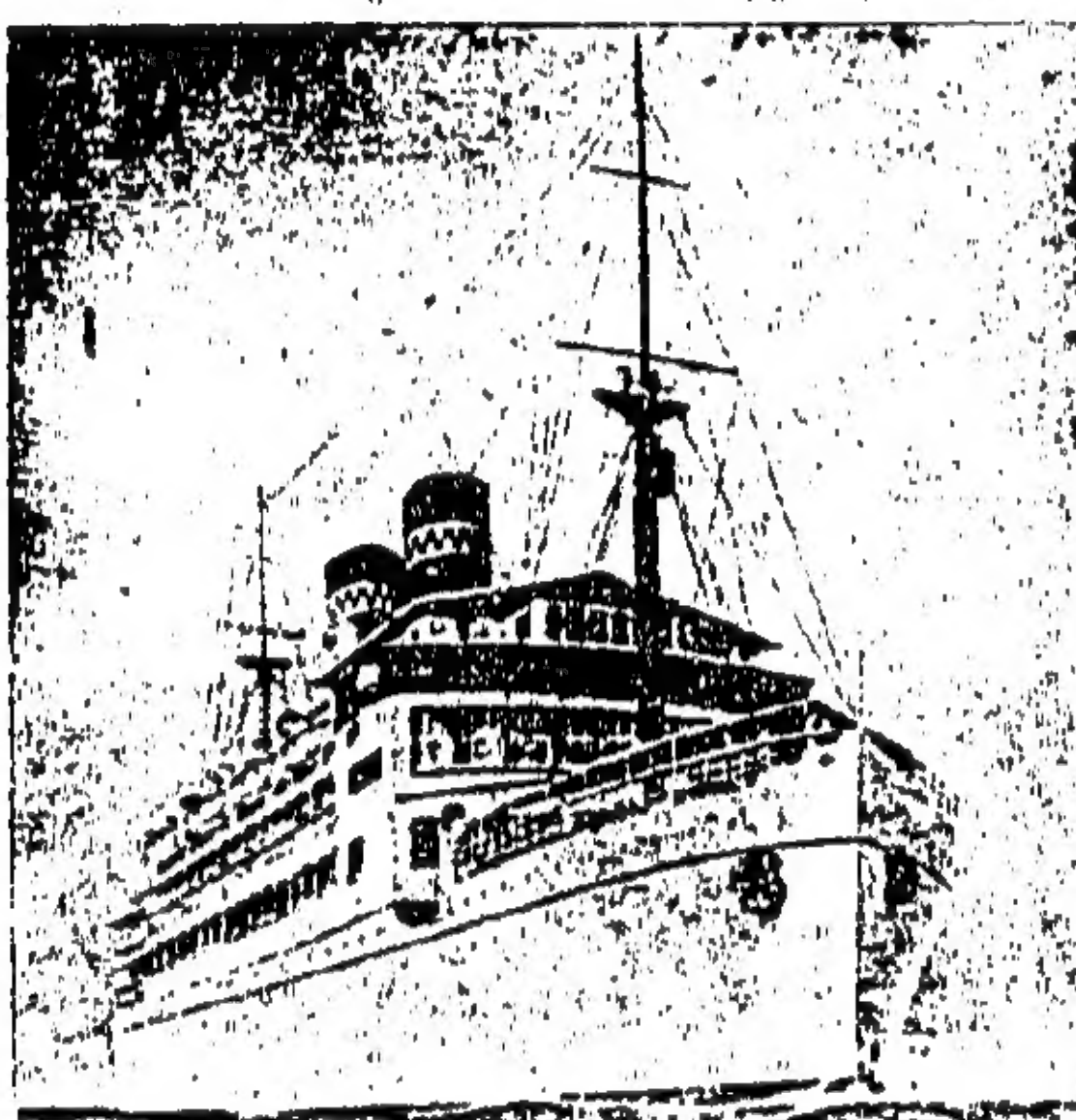


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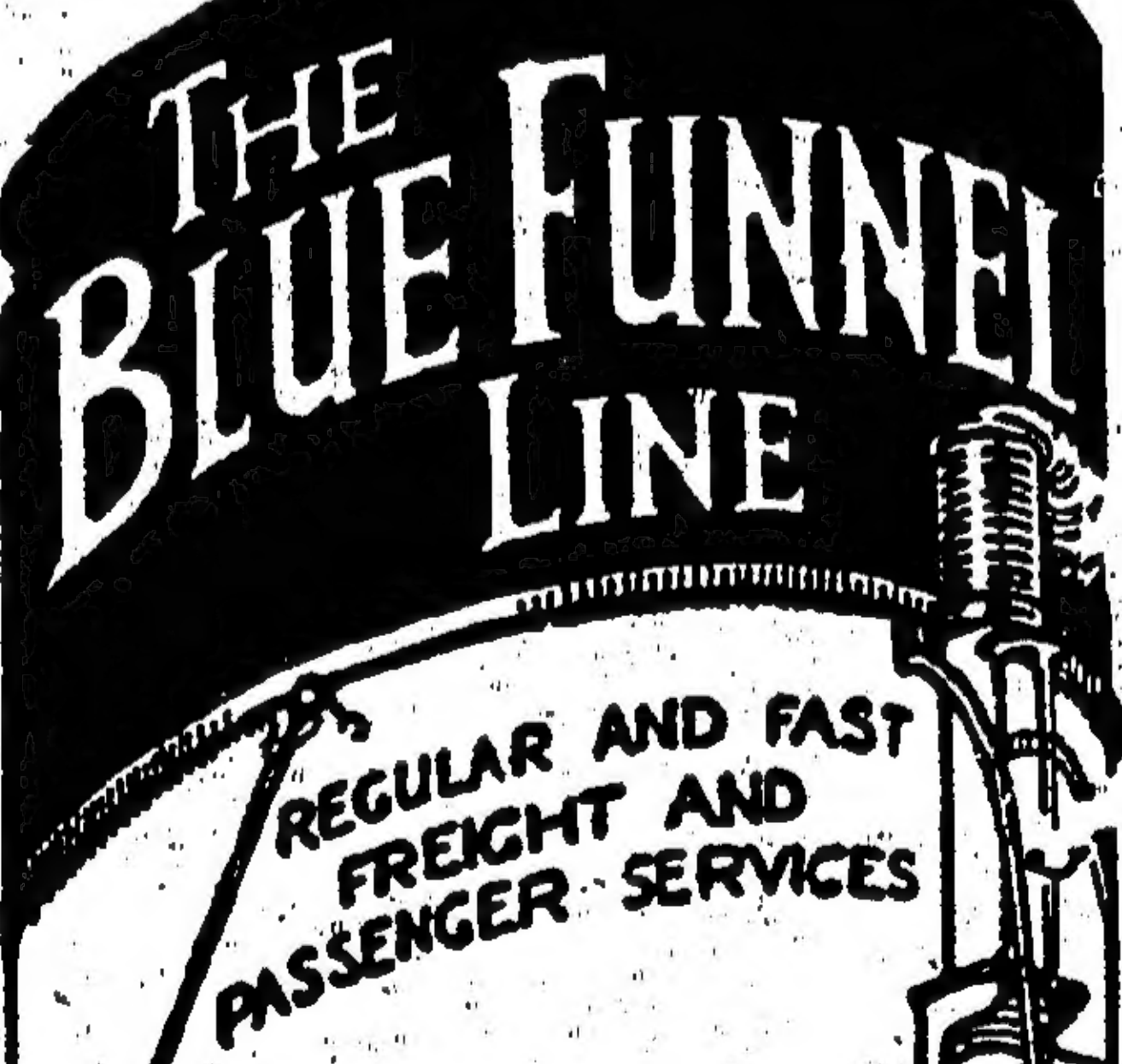


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INTERNATIONAL HOCKEY

Portugal Beat
Ireland

SPLENDID DEFENCE

Portugal beat Ireland, two goals to one, in the semi-final round of the International Hockey Tournament at King's Park yesterday, the Irish putting up a spirited resistance, but proving no match to the Portuguese.

Portugal had been conceded a walk-over by the Continent and Ireland, by Wales, and the two teams met in the semi-final round.

After a scoreless first half, N. A. Beltrao and J. A. Pinto netted in succession for the Portuguese in the early stages of play after the interval. The goal for Ireland was scored by Dawson in the last minute of the game.

For the Portuguese, E. V. Alves, in goal, played a good game that served to take the edge off the Irish attack, the Irish forward line combining well and bringing the ball well up only to be robbed of full success by the strong Portuguese defence.

The score for the Portuguese, also, could have been greater, were it not for the strong Irish half-line of Crowley, Land and Courtney. Dove spared no effort in goal.

The teams: Portugal: E. V. Alves; R. Xavier and Dr. E. L. Gosano; R. A. Marques, J. B. Goncalves, A. M. Alves; J. Foussea, Dr. A. M. Rodrigues, J. M. Pinto, N. A. Beltrao and A. P. Souza.

Ireland: Dove; Painting, Gorman; Crowley, Land, Courtney; Blount, C. Wall, Dawson, Sheehan and Holland.

NARROW WIN FOR ENGLAND

In the first round of the tournament, England beat Scotland, four goals to three at King's Park.

Playing on the C.B.A. ground, England fielded a team that was only slightly superior to the Scottish side, the fine play of S. A. Fowler, who scored two of the four goals and contributed to the other two, winning the day.

Marshall netted for England after 10 minutes of play in the first half; and Gemmel brought the score to two-all 15 minutes later. McLellan scored from a short corner to reduce the margin by one goal just before the interval.

On resumption of play, Douglass sent in the equaliser for Scotland. Fowler brought the score to three-two, and England kept to this goal lead.

A few minutes before the end, Degan netted for Scotland. But Scottish hopes were to be short-lived as Fowler netted the deciding goal within a minute.

The teams: Scotland: Rob; Taylor, Neave; Kempton, McLellan, Whitley; Mackenzie-Kennedy, J. Douglass, Degan, Austen and Melkie.

England: Pte. Osman; V. C. Bond and L. Carter; Bdr. Dillmot, Lieut. Hook and E. Fowler; S. A. Fowler, Lt. Gemmel, G. H. Fowler, Bdr. Marshall and L/Cpl. Dunne.

CHINA LOSE TO INDIA

India had a less easy passage over China than would be anticipated, the Chinese putting up a strong resistance that just failed to result in a scoreless first half when Lt. Pritam Nath, who played a very sound game, netted within three minutes of the interval.

The Chinese side, composed mostly of University players, failed not in their stick work, which was but slightly inferior to that of their opponents, but in speed. The full-time whistle found them down by a five-one score and every man thoroughly winded.

The Chinese put up a very fine display, lacking only the experience of playing a fast-passing team. K. B. Oh found his way through the Indian defence for one fine goal, but it was otherwise a one-sided game after the interval.

The scorers for India in the second half were Datta Ram, Pyara Singh, Lt. Pritam Nath, and Partab Singh. The first mentioned of these appeared to be the outstanding player.

The teams: India: Sen Gupta; Gagan Singh, Datta Ram; Dada Ram.



Members of the Service Corps, under the direction of Gen. Shang Chen.

CHINESE WOMEN'S PART IN WAR

(Continued from Page 1)

They have achieved excellent results, particularly among children who, according to Miss Wang, are the most powerful medium in the homes. Through them, many ignorant mothers have been led in one way or another to become interested in war songs. Instead of singing native tunes, they have now changed their mode of singing into modern music, composed mainly by young modern musicians.

Another department is devoted to patriotic plays. This is the most effective way of arousing a patriotic spirit among the farmers. It seems unbelievable that many of the country people, especially in villages far from the railways and highways, do not know that China is fighting against Japan. "It is chiefly modern patriotic plays," says Miss Wang, "that farmers are taught to fight against their foes when their lands are taken and their belongings are looted. We have had the most surprising results."

NEWS FOR VILLAGES

Pasting news-sheets on the walls along the streets also is another important piece of work. Several members of the Corps spend a few hours each day in making up news items of interest to the villagers and pedestrians. Many small towns in China have no way of obtaining the latest war news so this group of girls is filling the gap by painstakingly writing down from the radio the latest war news or other items of interest from the other parts of the world.

No less important is the making of speeches in the streets. "The people, especially the farmers, are most anxious to hear our

talks," asserted Miss Wang, "because the girls supply them with material which they have never heard before. Frequently, we help to solve their problems by explanations. For instance, in a certain village in Hunan some time ago when one of our members was speaking to an audience composed of country folks, at a street corner, an old lady wept pitifully at the beginning but eventually smiled in merriment when she left."

"She wept because her son had enlisted in the army and was hurt to think of it. She was absolutely ignorant of the fact that her son was fighting for the country. The old lady, however, understood the reason when it was explained to her and remarked in good spirits: 'Oh, that's the reason why my son had to go to war.' She went home quite happily." Your correspondent saw the girl who made the speech and she appears to enjoy her work very much.

Aside from their main responsibilities, these 23 girls, dressed in plain uniform, and hardly distinguishable from ordinary soldiers, are happy to call on families in need, especially on women whose husbands are now in the army. They are always ready to aid them with whatever questions they may have to face. They help to teach the children, to take care of babies, to nurse the sick, and would even go so far as to share their rice with them. "Although nothing concrete has yet been obtained in regard to winning the war," Miss Wang told your correspondent in conclusion, "there is every indication that, as long as we are in war areas, women will strive to assume their part in attaining our ultimate victory."

BITTER BATTLE

(Continued from Page 1)

session of Kuoan, south-west of Nanchang, continues with great severity.

To the west of the town the opposing forces are locked in a grim struggle at Wulpi, while to the south Japanese batteries are keeping up a constant bombardment across the Chin River. Launching a counter-offensive, Chinese units are approaching Wuning, about 70 miles north-west of Nanchang.

SHAKANG REGAINED
CHANGTHER, April 12 (Central)—According to a telephone message from Shao, Chinese forces regained control of Shakang, in central Hupeh, on Monday.

Violent fighting is in progress on the Chuangshang-Kingshan highway. Some 2,000 Japanese reinforcements have been dispatched there to engage the Chinese.

HUPEH TOWN RECOVERED
IOHENG, HUPEH, April 12 (Central)—Chinese guerrillas smashed the Japanese lines at Fangchiat, north-east of Hankow, and recovered the rural town on Monday.

JAPANESE IN SEARCH OF FOOD

It was reliably confirmed yesterday that the Japanese force which landed at Nantau on Tuesday consisted of less than 100 men, whose purpose appeared to be the gathering of food, fuel and water.

The Japanese returned to their ships after about an hour ashore. Some of the Customs staff at Nantau returned to their post yesterday, and the Hongkong-Nantau ferry was functioning yesterday as usual.

A Reuter message from Sofia states that the National Socialist Party in Bulgaria has been dissolved and drastic measures have been taken against the Party's activities.

FOREIGN MAILS

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, 13th APRIL, 1939, 6.30 A.M.

Registered and Ordinary mail & Parcels (not insured) will be accepted for Canton and despatched as circumstances permit.

Letters and Postcards for Europe (except Great Britain and Eire) and South America are forwarded "via Siberia" if so superscribed.

INWARD MAILS

From	Per	Due
Japan	Rakuyo Maru	13th April
Tientsin and Swatow	Yunnan	13th April
Haiphong, Pakhoi and Fort Bayard	Klungchow	13th April
Saigon	La's	13th April
Straits and Manila	Menestheus	13th April
Java	Tjibadak	13th April
U. S. A. Honolulu and Japan—(San Francisco date, 24th Mar.)	Pres. Taft	13th April
Japan and Shanghai	Corfu	13th April
Air Mail by "Pan American Airways Direct Service"—San Francisco date, 6th April	Pan American Airways plane	14th April
Swatow	Newchwang	14th April
Shanghai and Amoy	Soochow	14th April
U. S. A. Honolulu and Japan—(San Francisco date, 18th Mar.)	Pres. Adams	14th April
Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—London date, 8th April	Imperial Airways Plane	15th April
Manila	Roseville	15th April
Manila	Neptuna	15th April
Straits	Diomed	15th April
U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan & Shanghai—(San Francisco date, 17th Mar.)	Asama Maru	15th April
Calcutta and Straits	Kutsang	16th April
Haiphong	Can	17th April
Java and Manila	Tjinegara	17th April
Tientsin and Swatow	Nanchang	17th April
Bangkok and Swatow	Kalgan	17th April
Tientsin and Swatow	Prominent	18th April
Straits	Cremer	18th April
Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—London date, 12th April	Imperial Airways Plane	19th April
Bangkok and Swatow	Mutham	19th April
Straits	Tegelberg	19th April
Japan and Shanghai	Ajax	19th April
Canada, U.S.A., Japan and Shanghai—(Vancouver B. C. date, 1st April)	Emp. of Russia	20th April
Australia and Manila	Kamo Maru	20th April
Japan and Shanghai	Somali	20th April
Amoy	Tilawa	20th April
Shanghai	Tantalus	21st April
Straits	Hakusan Maru	21st April
Formosa, Japan and Shanghai	Hakozaki Maru	21st April
Straits and Manila	Gneissman	21st April

OUTWARD MAILS

REGISTERED AND PARCEL MAILS are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m., registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day.

For	Per	Date and Time
THURSDAY		
Canton	Canton Maru	Thu. 13th 7.15 AM
Shanghai and Japan	Cartage	10.30 AM
Shanghai and Japan	Jean Laborde	12.30 PM
Fort Bayard	Wing Wo	1.00 PM
Haiphong	Takung	3.00 PM
Amoy	Taiyuan	3.30 PM
FRIDAY		
Airmail for "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—due London	Imperial Airways Plane	Reg. 5.00 PM Ord. 5.30 PM
Air Mail for Malaya, Java and Australia by Imperial Airways Direct Service—due Sydney, 22nd April	Imperial Airways Plane	Reg. 5.00 PM Ord. 5.30 PM
Manila	Pres. Taft	Reg. 5.00 PM Ord. 7.00 PM
SATURDAY		
Haiphong	Chekiang	Fri. 14th 8.30 AM
Tientsin	Tingang	8.30 AM
Shanghai, Japan, Honolulu, U.S.A. Central and South America via Vancouver B. C. and (Parcels and Papers only for Canada)—due Vancouver B. C., 3rd May, and Europe (except Great Britain and Eire) via Siberia	Emp. of Canada Pres. Adams	O.P.O. & K.P.O. Par. 12th 5.00 PM Reg. 14th 9.15 AM Ord. 14th 10.00 AM
Air Mail for Indo-China, Iran, and France (Paris and Northern Provinces only) by the "Air France Airways Direct Service"	Air France Plane	Reg. 5.00 PM Ord. 7.00 PM
SUNDAY		
Airmail for Manila, Gagan, Honolulu, and U.S.A. by the "Pan American Airways Direct Service"—due San Francisco, 21st April	Pan American Airways plane	Reg. 14th 5.00 PM Ord. 15th 7.30 AM
Straits, Ceylon, India, E. and S. Africa, Aden, Egypt, Malta and Europe via Marseilles—due Marseilles 12th May	Corfu	Reg. 14th 5.00 PM Ord. 15th 8.45 AM
Air Mail for "K. L. M. Airways Direct Service"—due Amsterdam, 25th April	Corfu	Reg. 5.00 AM Ord. 10.00 AM
Fort Bayard, Pakhoi and Haiphong	Soochow	O.P.O. & K.P.O. Par. 14th 5.00 PM Reg. 15th 7.30 AM Ord. 15th 8.00 PM
Manila, Australia and New Zealand via Thursday Island—due Thursday Island, 25th April	Change	Reg. 4.15 PM Ord. 5.00 PM
Shanghai, Japan, Honolulu, U.S.A. Central and South America via San Francisco and (Papers only for Canada)—due San Francisco, 8th May	Asama Maru	O.P.O. & K.P.O. Par. 14th 5.00 PM Reg. 15th 7.30 AM Ord. 15th 8.00 PM
Swatow	Klungchow	Reg. 15th 8.00 AM
Formosa and Japan	Rakuyo Maru	9.00 AM

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